

CORRIDOR CITIES TRANSITWAY

Presented to:
Montgomery County
RTS Steering Committee

March 25, 2015





Agenda

- Schedule
- Transitway Alignment
- Typical Sections
- Station Architecture
- Operations Planning



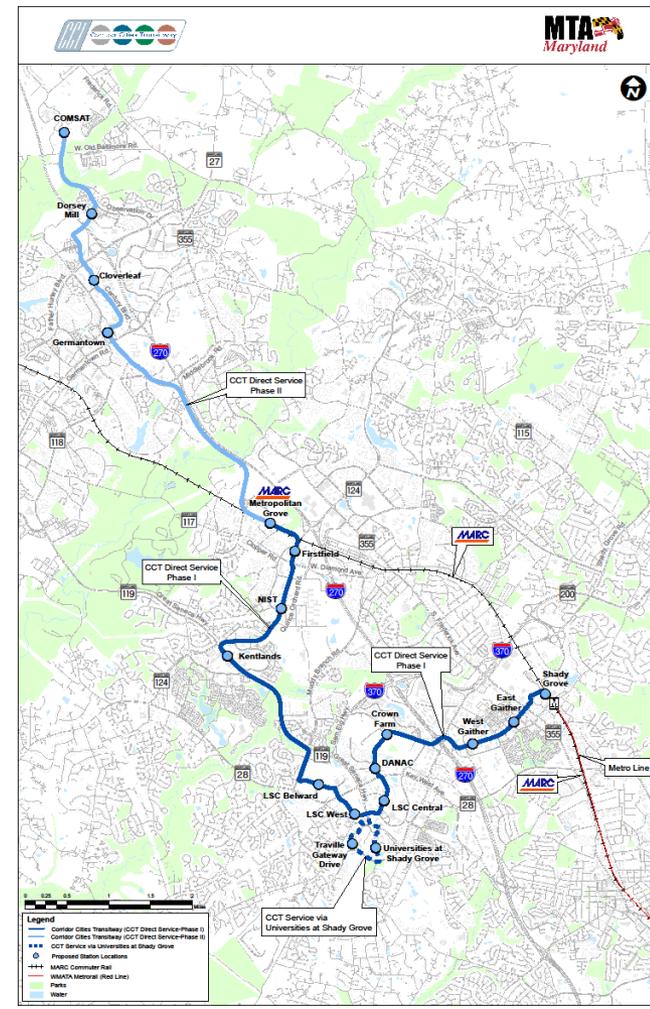
Schedule

- August 2014 – Draft EA and 15% Design Submittal
- June 2015 – EA Release/Public Hearing
- August 2015 – 30% Design Submittal
- Fall 2015 – FONSI
- Winter 2015/2016 – Initiate design activities
- Winter 2016/2017 – Begin Right-of Way Acquisition/
Permitting/ Agreements
- Spring 2018 – Begin Construction
- 2021 – Begin Service



CCT - Phase I and II

- 16 mile alignment
- Phase I: Metropolitan Grove to Shady Grove (9 miles)
- Phase II: COMSAT to Metropolitan Grove (7 miles)



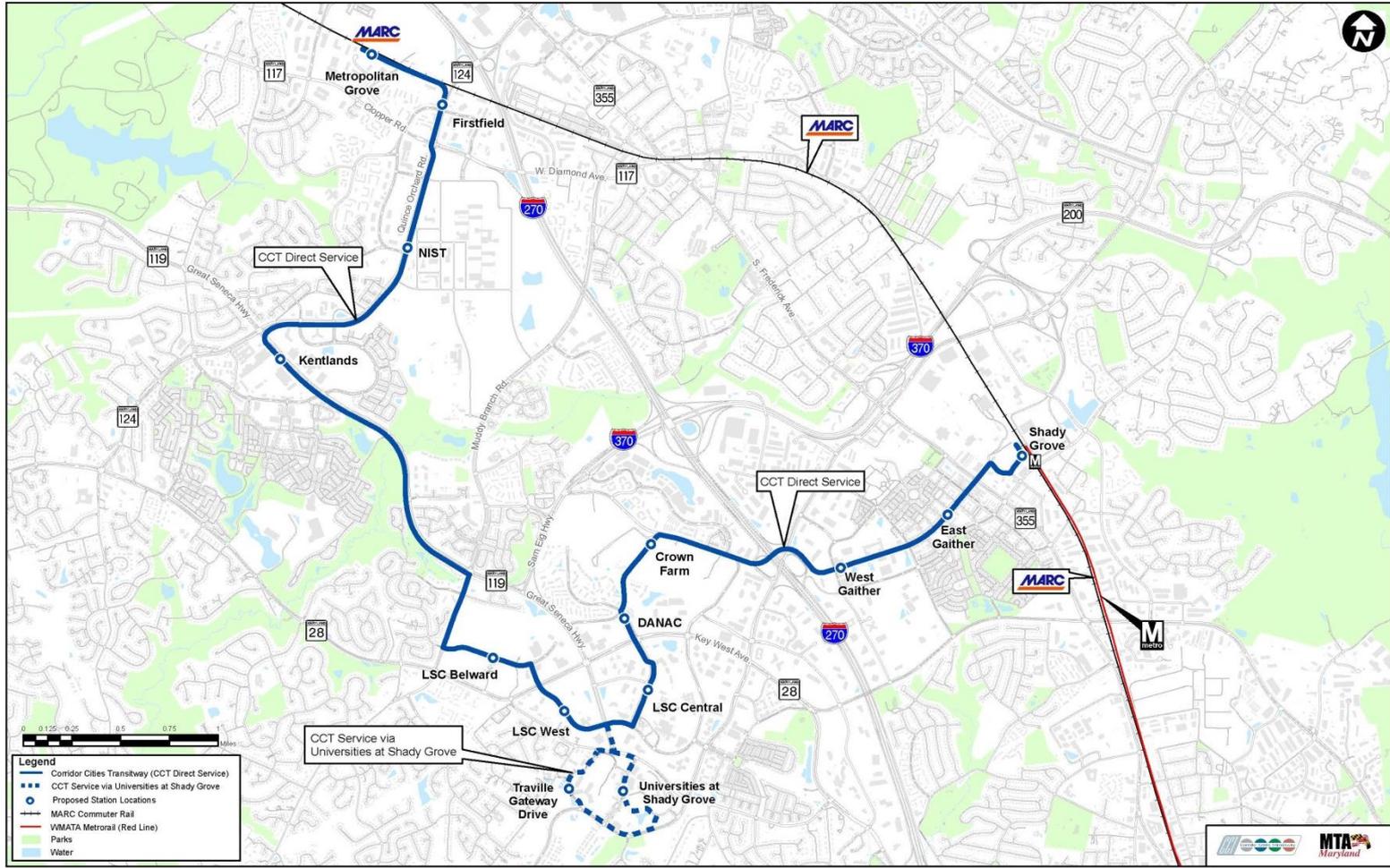


Transitway Alignment

- Nine miles dedicated right-of-way
- Side running along SHA and Montgomery County roadways
- Median running on Montgomery County and City of Rockville roadways
- Mixed traffic along CCT via Universities of Shady Grove (USG) Service

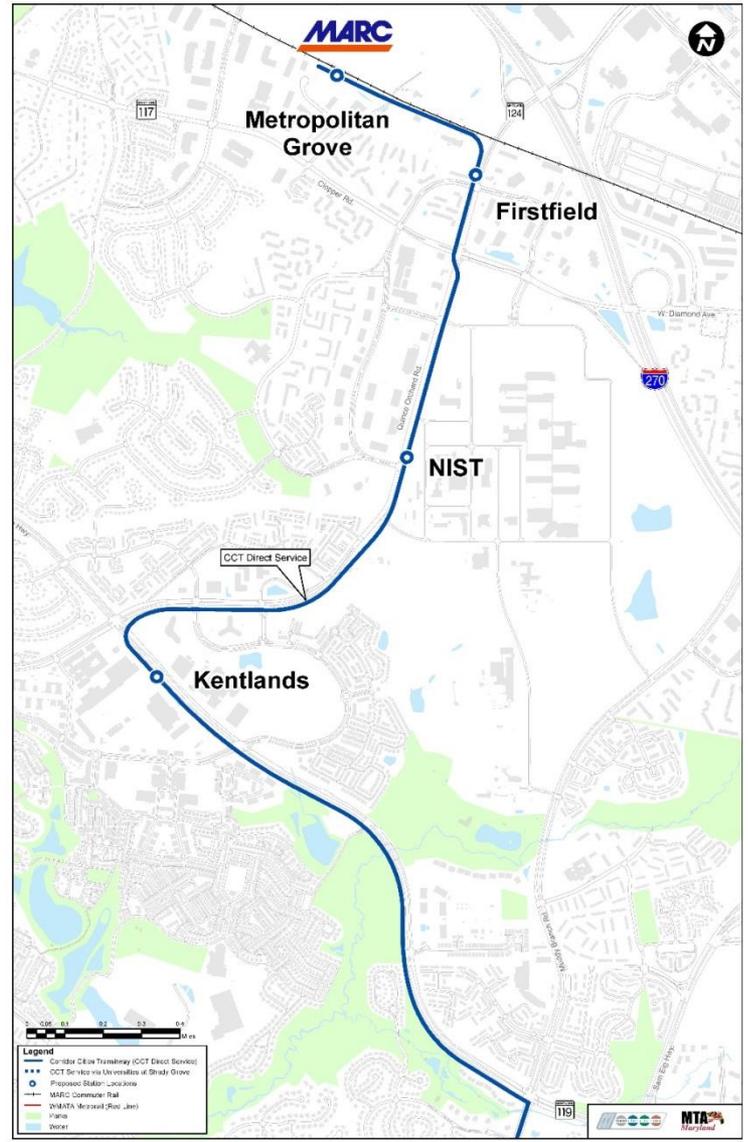


Phase I - Project Map



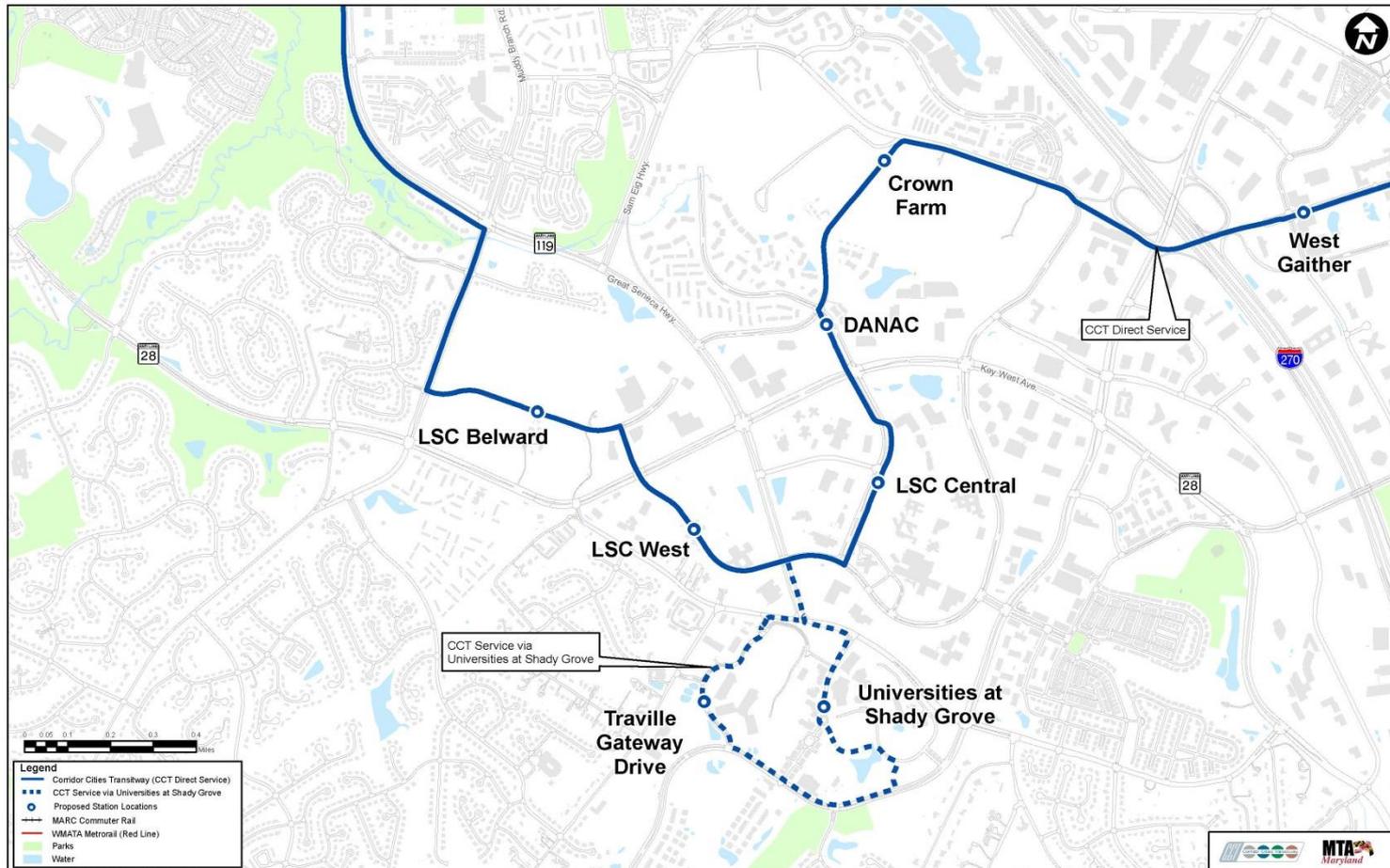


Metropolitan Grove to Muddy Branch



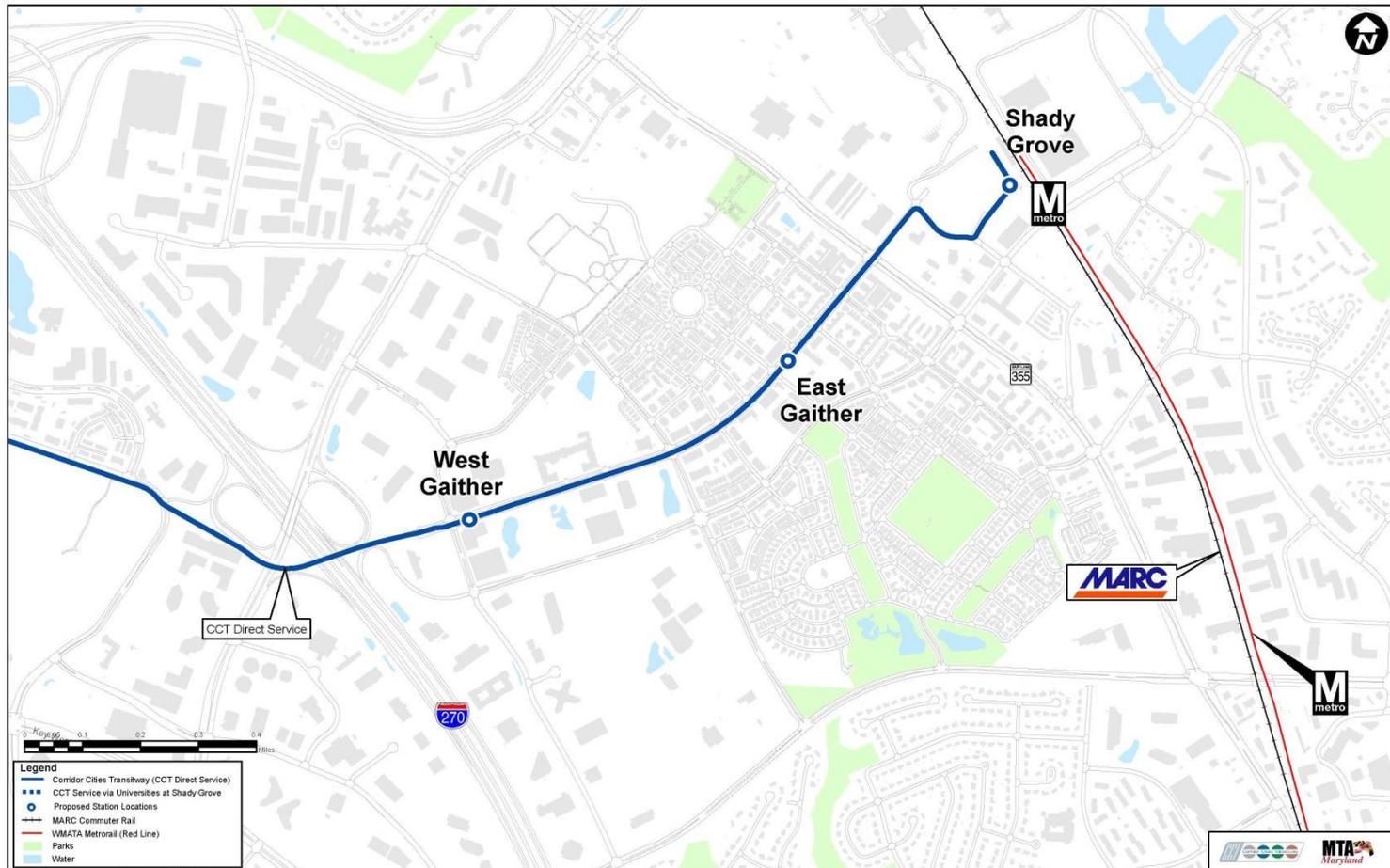


Muddy Branch to I-270



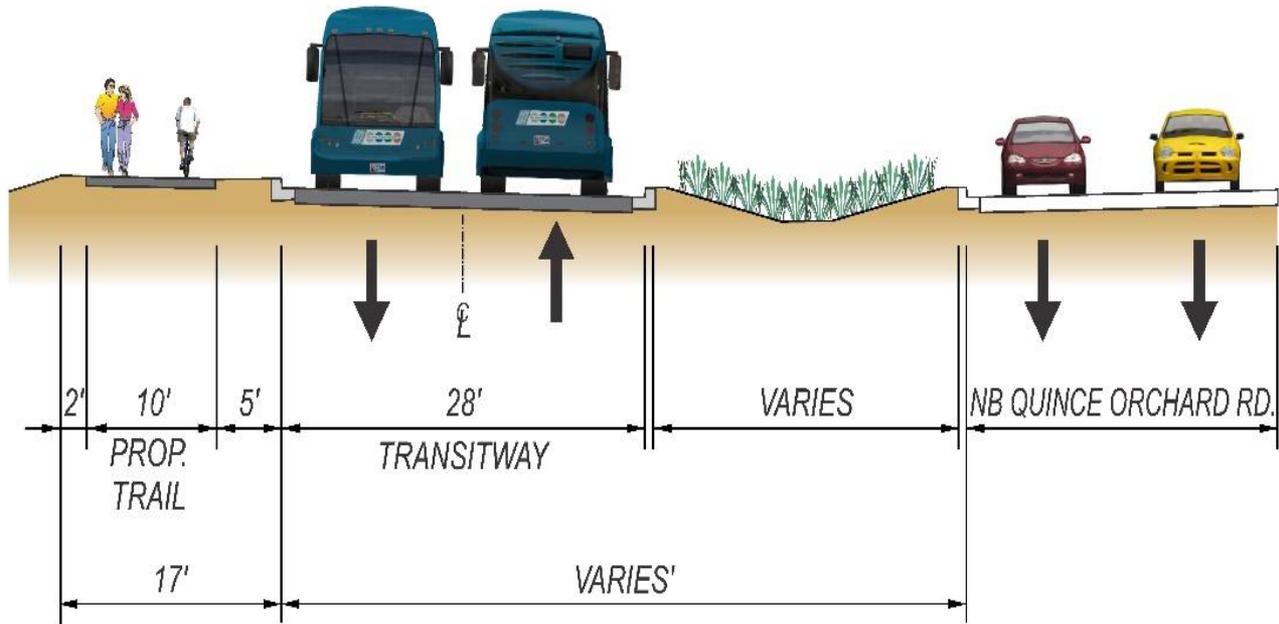


I-270 to Shady Grove





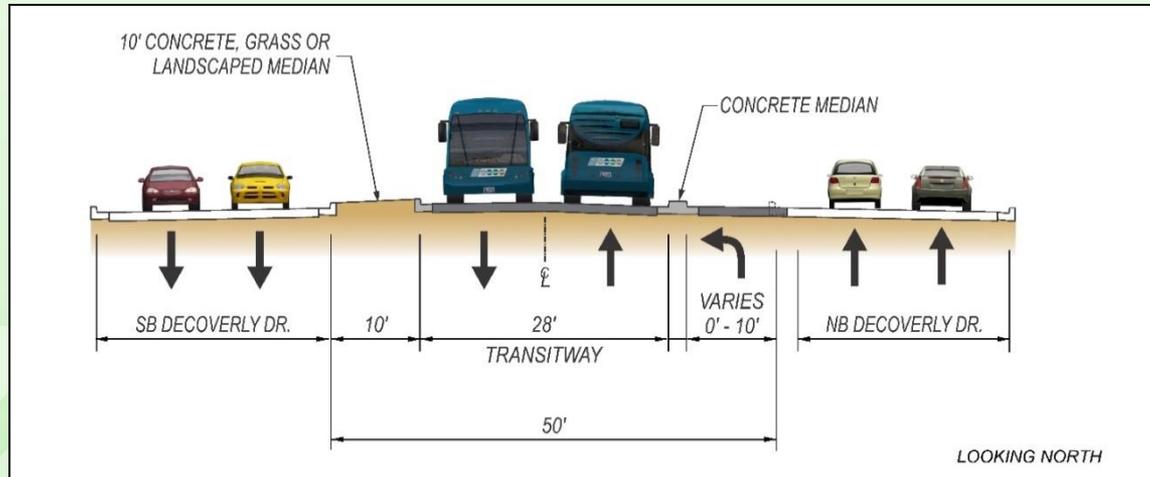
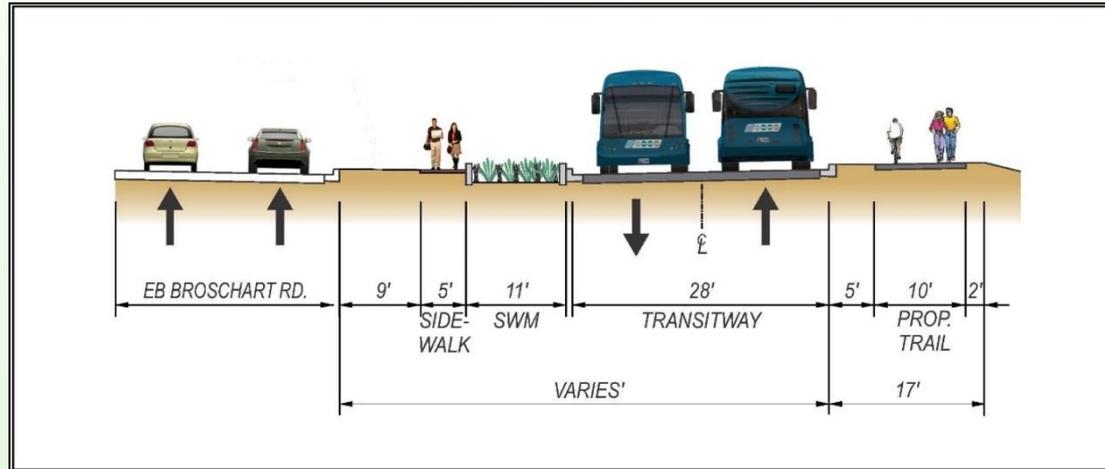
CCT Typical Sections



LOOKING SOUTH



CCT Typical Sections



LOOKING NORTH

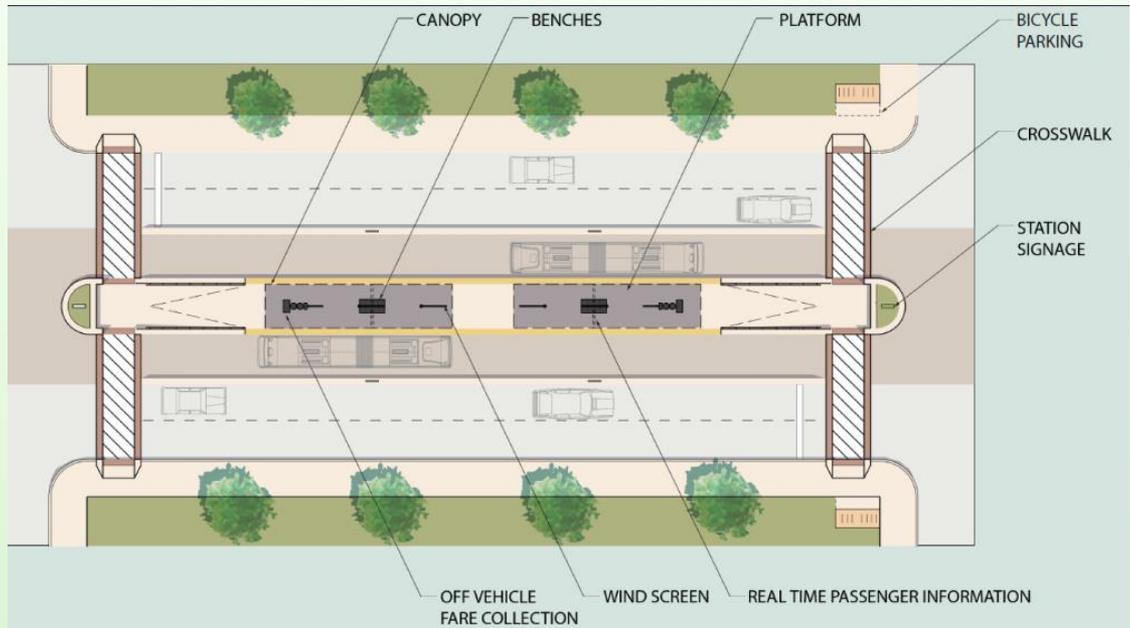
Station Architecture





Process – Prototype

- Platforms: 150' x 18'
- Entrances: Primary and Secondary
- Canopy: 60% Coverage
- Amenities: Ticketing, Benches, etc.





Process – Station Specific

Station Areas



Station Sites





Process – 6 Station Types

Median Center

(5)

Side-Aligned

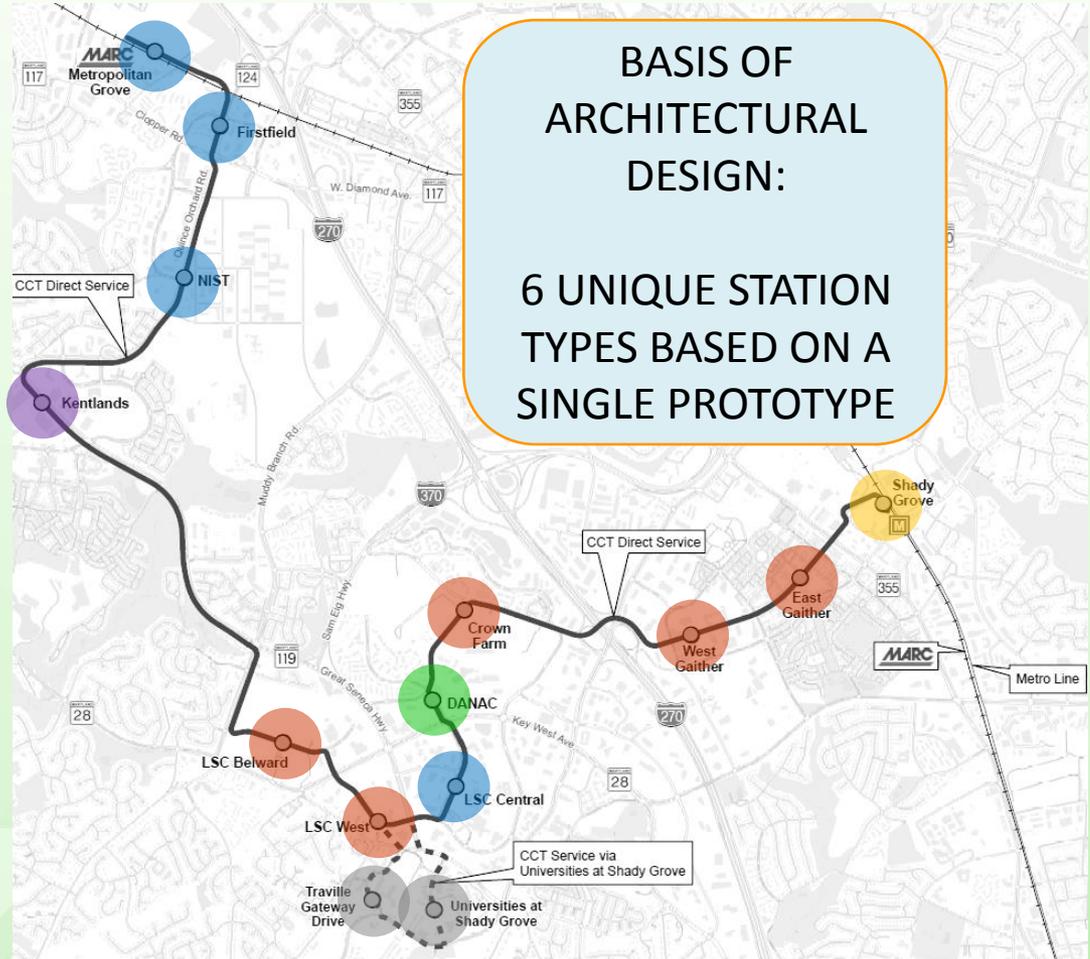
Center (4)

Side (1)

Aerial (1)

Sidewalk (2)

Split-Side (1)





System-wide Architecture

Goal: Create a system-wide architectural scheme for stations that symbolizes the premium BRT project that the CCT is by creating an image for the system while also establishing the stations as amenities for the communities they serve.





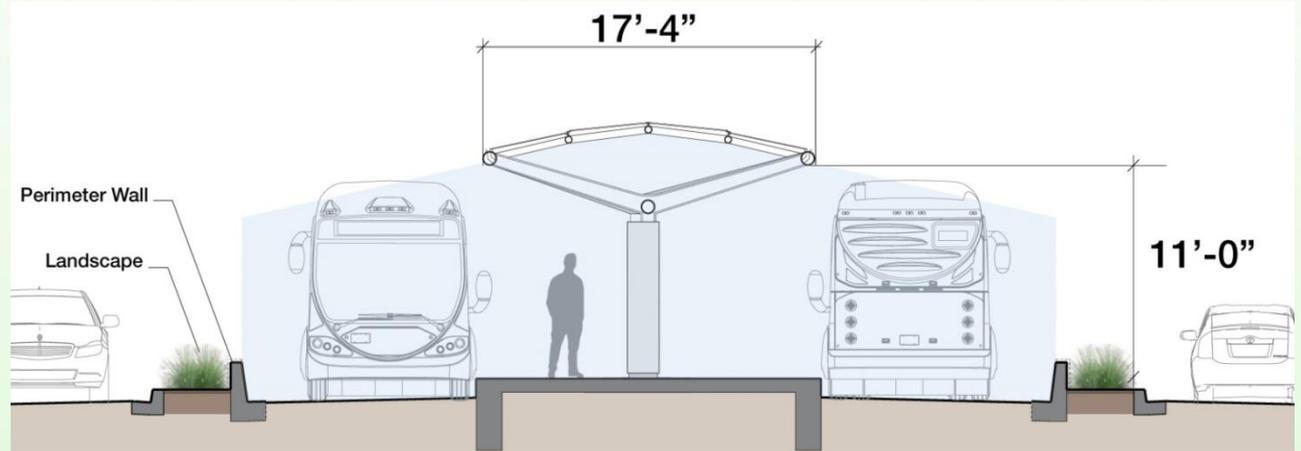
Conceptual Context



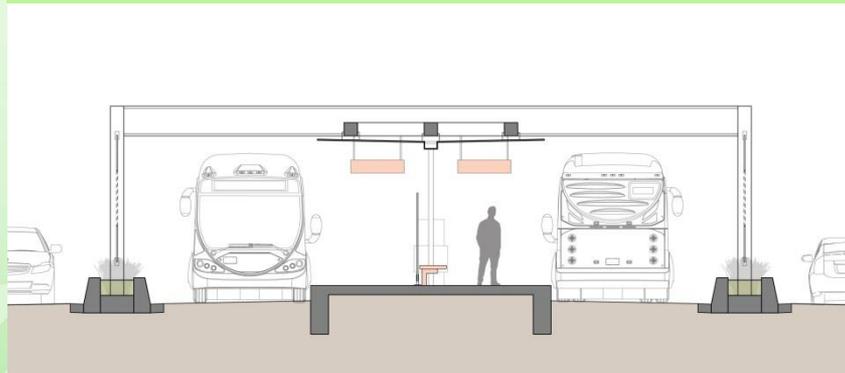
Design Development

Themes

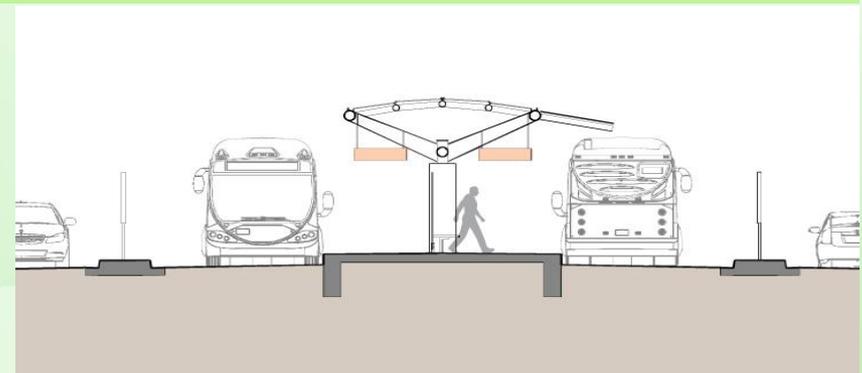
- Weather Protection
- Enclosure
- Safety
- Landscape



MEDIAN STATION
CURRENT HELIX DESIGN OPTION



MEDIAN STATION
PREVIOUS FRAMEWORK DESIGN OPTION



MEDIAN STATION
PREVIOUS HELIX DESIGN OPTION



Median Center

Helix

- Contextual Influence: Bioscience
- Helix as Generative Form
- Translucent Canopy
- Tree Structure
 - Concrete Column
 - Steel Pipe Frame





Side-Aligned Center

Helix

- Contextual Influence: Bioscience
- Helix as Generative Form
- Translucent Canopy
- Tree Structure
 - Concrete Column
 - Steel Pipe Frame



FIRSTFIELD STATION
SIDEWALK VIEW



FIRSTFIELD STATION
PLATFORM VIEW



Side

Helix

- Contextual Influence: Bioscience
- Helix as Generative Form
- Translucent Canopy
- Tree Structure
 - Concrete Column
 - Steel Pipe Frame

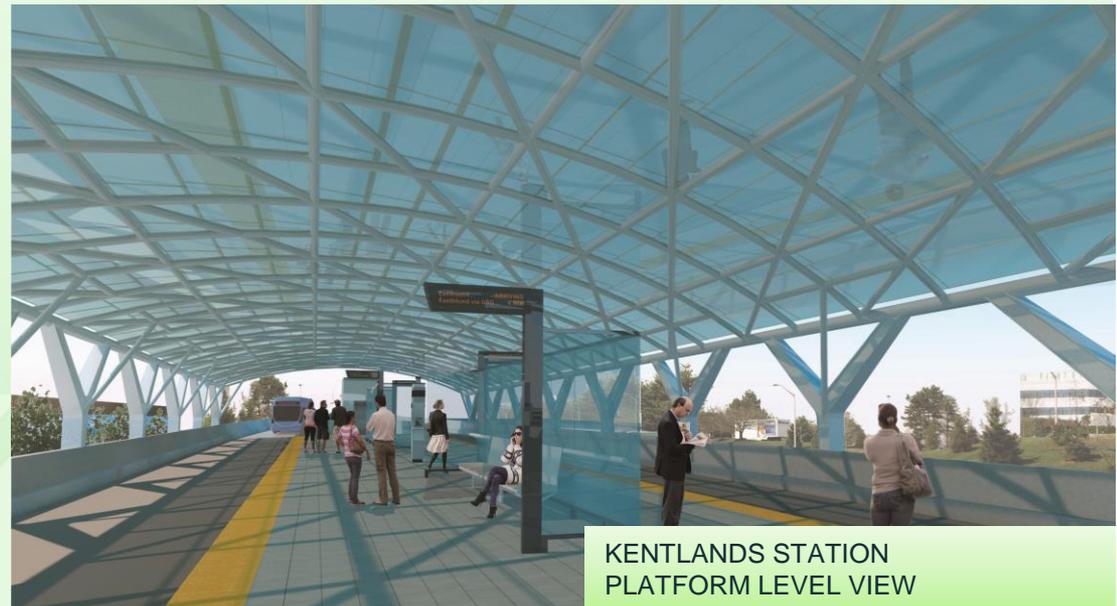




Aerial

Helix

- Contextual Influence: Bioscience
- Helix as Generative Form
- Translucent Canopy
- Tree Structure
 - Concrete Column
 - Steel Pipe Frame
- Community Space
- Vertical Circulation





Sidewalk

Helix

- Contextual Influence: Bioscience
- Helix as Generative Form
- Translucent Canopy
- Tree Structure
 - Concrete Column
 - Steel Pipe Frame



USG STATION
AERIAL VIEW



USG STATION
PLATFORM VIEW

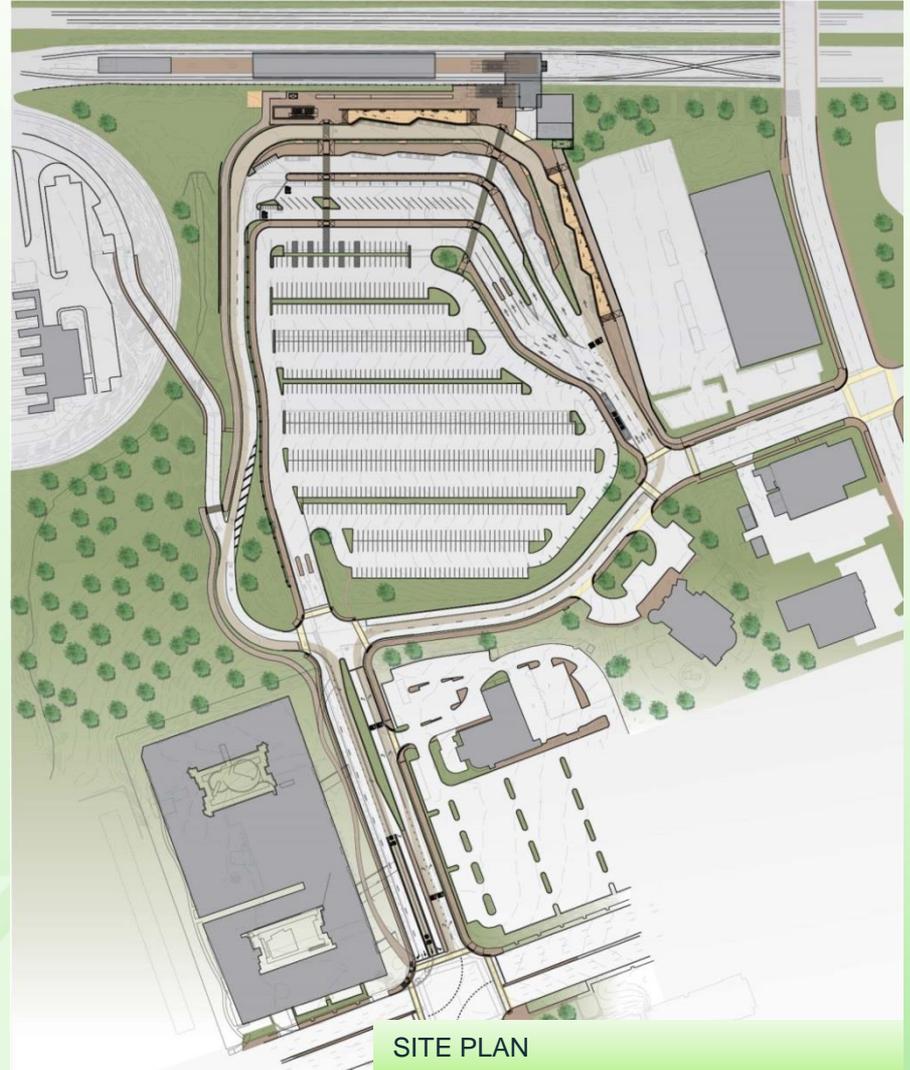
Split-Side

Helix

- Maintain WMATA Focus
- Integrate CCT into existing condition



WMATA STANDARD

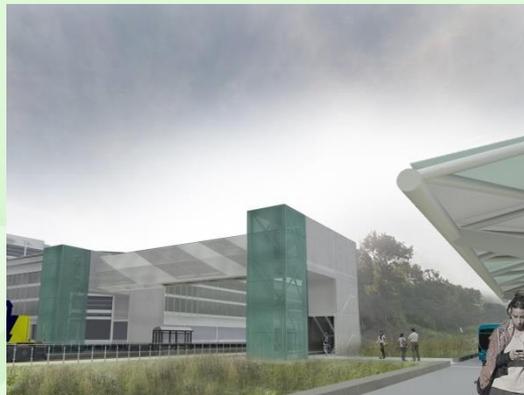


SITE PLAN



System-wide Architecture

Goal: Create a system-wide architectural scheme for stations that symbolizes the premium BRT project that the CCT is by creating an image for the system while also establishing the stations as amenities for the communities they serve.





Operations Planning





Operations Planning

- Operations Planning
 - Required buses per hour
 - Bus fleet size



Operations Planning

- Step 1 – Final Policy Guidelines
 - Vehicle type
 - 60' articulated vehicle with 60 seats
 - Diesel-Electric Hybrid
 - Acceptable maximum passenger load
 - 60 seated/30 standing passengers per vehicle (industry standard)
 - Services utilizing transitway
 - Only CCT branded vehicles
 - Two route patterns – CCT Direct and CCT via USG
 - No proposed changes to RideOn, WMATA, or local shuttle Networks
 - Ongoing coordination with agencies
 - Elements impacting CCT operations
 - Fare collection approach
 - Transit Signal Priority
 - Vehicle configuration



Los Angeles Metro - Orange Line

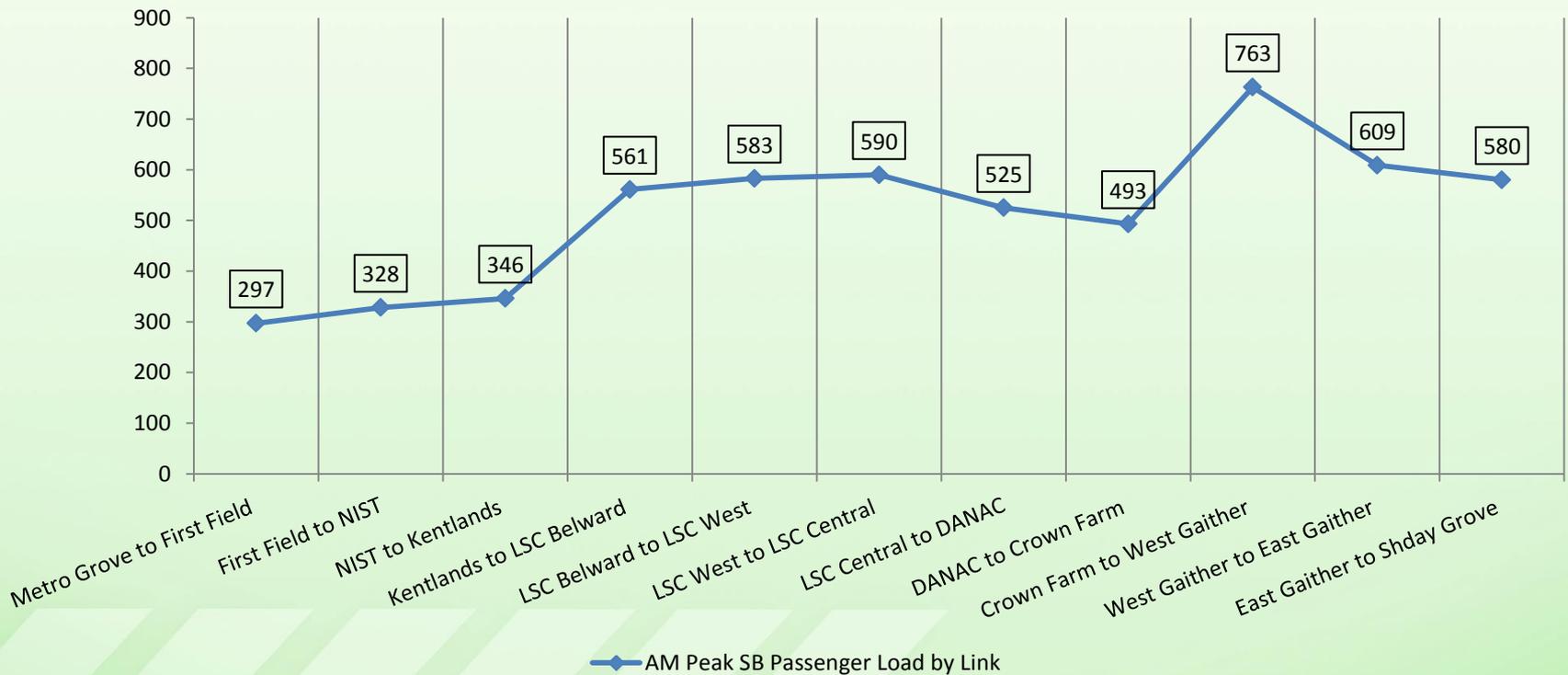


Lane Transit District (Eugene, Oregon) – Emerald Express (EmX) Green Line



Operations Planning (cont.)

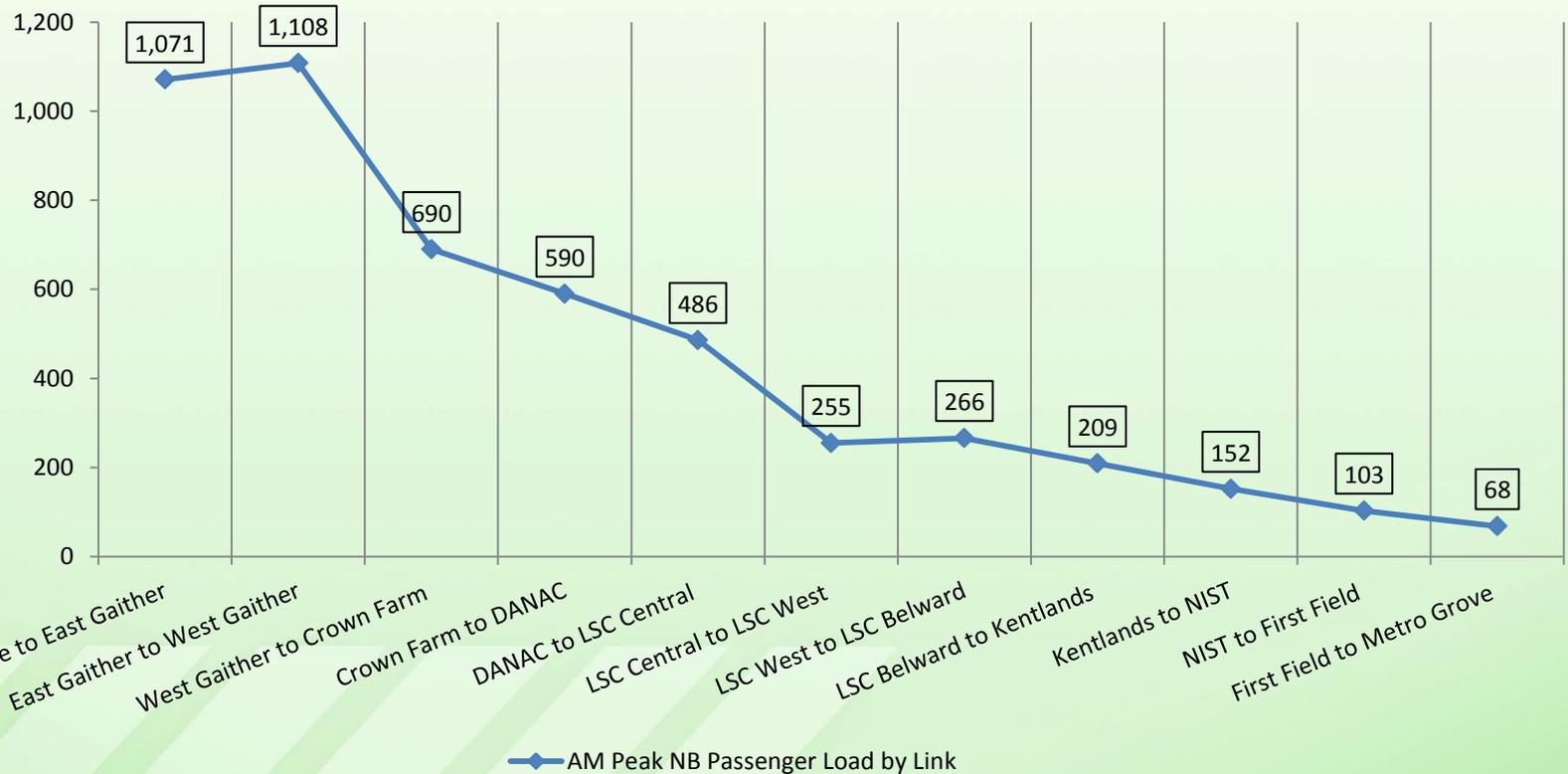
2020 - Station-to-Station Link Passenger Load
AM Peak Hour - Inbound





Operations Planning (cont.)

2020 - Station-to-Station Link Passenger Load
AM Peak Hour - Outbound





Operations Planning (cont.)

- Step 2 – Calculate required # of buses per hour
 - Ridership forecast - determine maximum passenger load location and hour
 - AM Peak
 - Mid-Day
 - Maximum load will dictate the required number of buses per hour



Operations Planning (cont.)

- Step 2 – cont.
 - Maximum Load – 893
 - Northbound between East Gaither and West Gaither
 - Required # of Bus Arrivals
 - $893/90$ passengers (allowable load) = 9.92 = 10 buses on CCT Direct required per hour to meet demand
 - Frequency = $60/10$ = a bus every 6 minutes