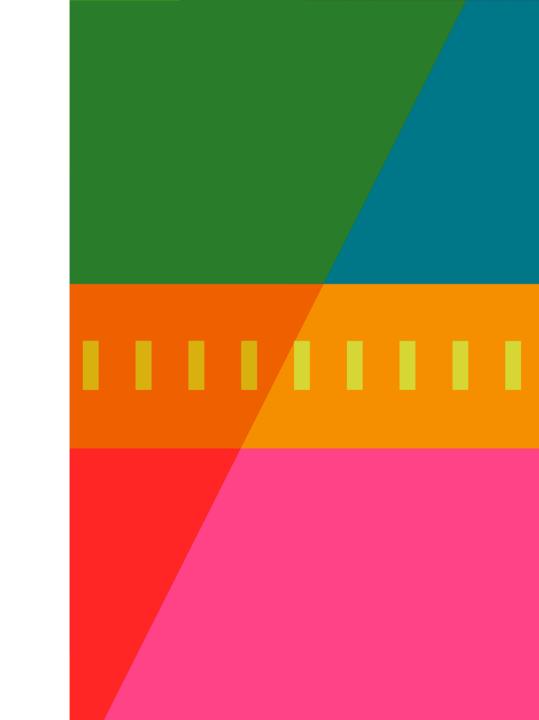
Latino/Hispanic Anti-Hate Taskforce November 16, 2023

OUR DREAM IS TO ERADICATE HATE

Welcome & Overview

- **★** Meet the members
- **★** Who is the Latinx community in Montgomery County?
- **★** Racial Bias/Hate Incidents
- **★** Defining the Challenge
- * Recommendations



Meet the Members:

Latino/Hispanic Cohort Taskforce Members

- Daniel Centeno, Impact Silver Spring, Co-Chair
- Alex Vazquez, CASA, Co-Chair
- Rubén Meana Pañeda, Community Member
- Nora Illia Morales, Identity, Inc.
- Vanesa Pinto, CHEER











Latin American Countries & Territories



- 1. Antigua & Barbuda
- 2. Argentina
- 3. Aruba
- 4. Barbados
- 5. Bahamas
- 6. Belize
- 7. British Virgin Islands
- 8. Bolivia
- 9. Brazil
- 10. Cayman Islands
- 11. Chile
- 12. Colombia
- 13. Costa Rica
- 14. Cuba
- 15. Curação
- 16. Dominica
- 17. Dominican Republic
- 18. Ecuador
- 19. El Salvador

- 6. Grenada
- 7. Guadeloupe
- 8. Guyana
- 19. Guatemala
- 20. Haiti
- 21. Honduras
- 22. Jamaica
- 23. Martinique
- 24. Mexico
- 25. Nicaragua
- 26. Panama
- 27. Paraguay
- 28. Peru
- 29. Puerto Rico
- 30. Saint Kitts & Nevis
- 31. Saint Lucia
- 32. St. Maarten
- 33. St. Vincent & Grenadines

34. Suriname

35. Trinidad y Tobago

36. Turks & Caicos

37. Uruguay

38. U.S. Virgin Islands

Countries where

Spanish is their first

language

Immigration Timeline: Latinx Community in DMV: 1950-1970s



1943: WW2 Labor shortage, temporary Mexican workers

1944: Operation
Bootstrap; 1st wave
of Puerto Rican
migrant workers

1948: La Violencia, start of decade of political violence in Colombia

1950s

1950: Breacero program formalized; annual avg 350k workers

1958: La Violencia, end of decade of political violence in Colombia

1959: Dictator
Fulgencio Batista
overthrown. Fidel
Castro became
Cuba's Prime Minister

1960s

1960: Civil war in **Guatemala** begins 1961: DR Dictator Trujillo is assassinated 1961: Right-wing **National Conciliation** Party comes to power in El Salvador 1962: Cuban Missile Crisis n José

Crisis n José

1963: Bracero Program
Ends
1964: Colombian
Conflict begins

1970s

1972: Earthquake in

Nicaragua

1973: Chilean Coup

1976: Communist Party

in Cuba elects Castro

President

1977: Left-wing

Farabundo Marti Front

ups guerrilla activity

1976-1983: Argentina

Dirty War

1978: Sandinistas vs.

Nicaragua<mark>n gov't civil</mark>

war

Cont'd...Immigration Timeline in DMV: 1980-1990s



199**0**S

1990: TPS enacted, Nicaraguan Revolution ends

1991: Earthquake in El Salvador, 6.6

1992: Civil war in El Salvador ends

1996: Civil war in Guatemala ends

1998: Hurricane Mitch hits central america impacting Honduras most/ Hurricane George hits the Dominican Republic

1980S

1980: 120,000 Cubans flee to US

1980: Archbishop Oscar Romero assassinated/

start of civil war in El Salvador

1981: Honduras becomes staging point for US intervention in civil war in El Salvador &

Nicaragua

1982: Right-wing party wins parliamentary elections in El Salvador

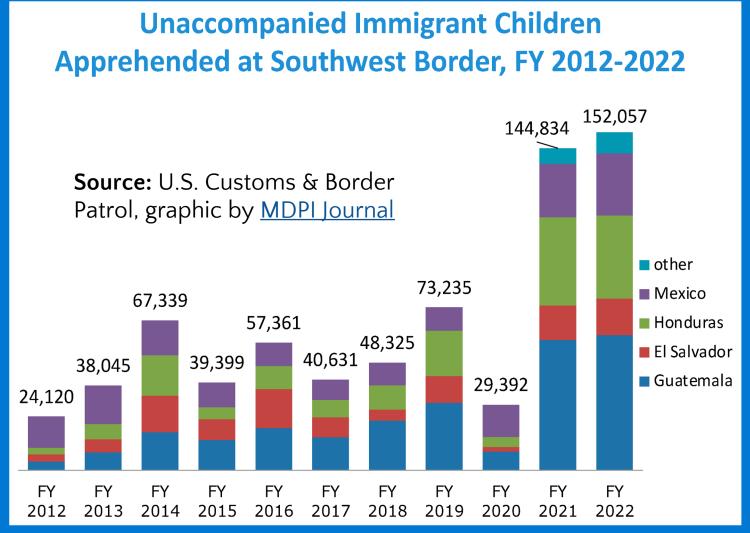
1986: Earthquake in El Salvador, 5.7

1988: Jamaica hit by hurricane

Gilbert/Nicaragua hit by Hurricane Hugo



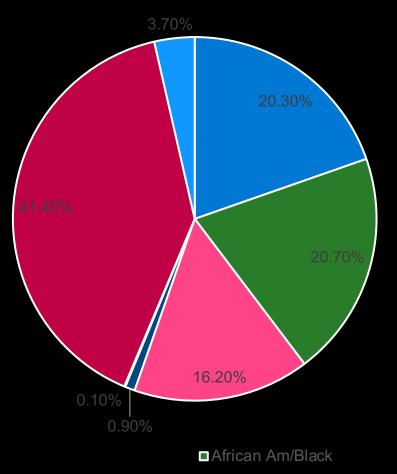
Children Fleeing Violence + Venezuelan Migrant Crisis





County's Demographics by Race/Ethnicity

County Demographics by Race/Ethnicity



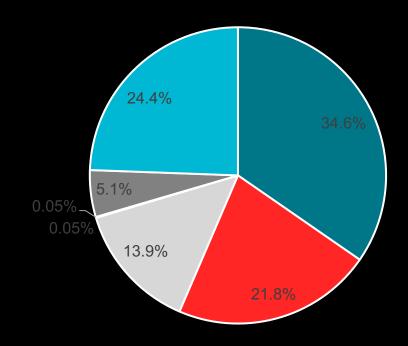
LatinosAsian

■ Am. Indian/Alaskan Native

■ Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander ■ White

2+ Races

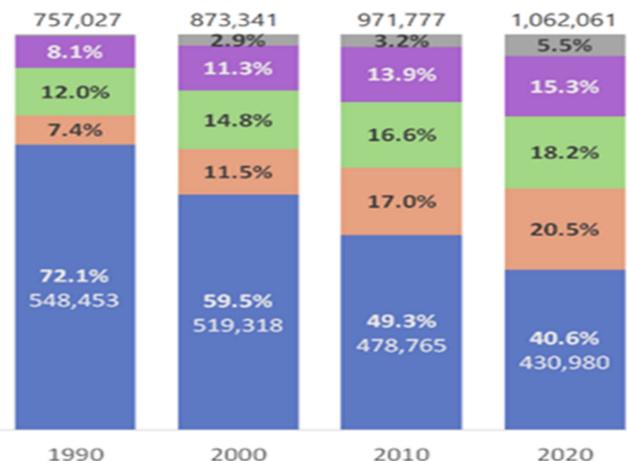
MCPS Demographics by Race/Ethnicity



- Latinos
- African Am/Black
- Asian
- Am Indian/Native Alaskan
- Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islanders
- ■2+ Races
- White

Population by Race and Hispanic Origin, 1990-2020

Percent of total population



Since the 1980s, the Latinx population in Montgomery County has grown 415%

Source: 1990-2020 Decennial U.S. Census, U.S. Census Bureau

BUILDING THE AMERICAN DREAM

86% OF HISPANICS

are legal residents or

U.S. Citizens

60% experience DISCRIMINATION

4 OUT OF 5

YOUNG LATINOS say their family & friends have been targets

IN THE MEDIA

42% of hispanics say the media depicts them negatively



U.S. Hispanics are driving growth

8 OF 10 NEW BUSINESS formed were latino-owned.



are being bought by U.S. Hispanics

HISPANIC BUYING POWER

In the U.S.

HISPANICS ARE

MOVING FORWARD



earned from 2000 to 2018

THEY BELIEVE IN THE **AMERÎCAN DREAM**



70% believe their children will be better off

FOR THE NEXT 5 YEARS



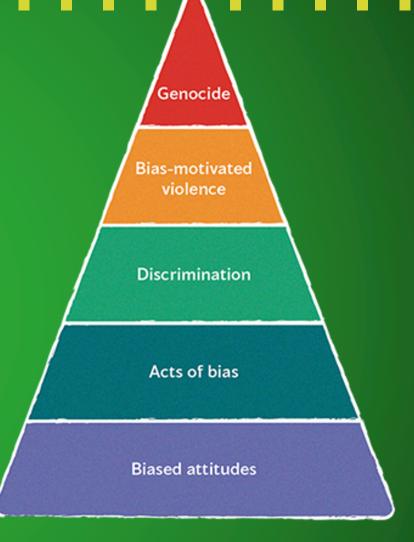
For more info go to hispanicstar.org



Hate in Context

While the definition of a Hate Crime is a crime that is motivated either in whole or substantial part by another person's or group's race, color, national origin, religious belief, sexual orientation, gender, gender identify, homelessness or disability, the precursor for hate starts with attitudes and Acts of Bias.

Montgomery County State's Attorneys Office

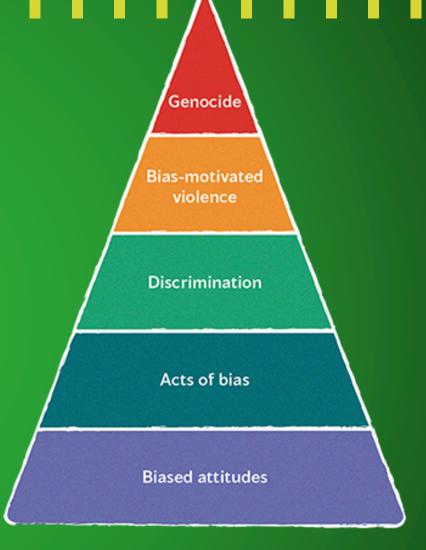


Pyramid of Hate

Bias in Context

A bias-related incident may be motivated by the same reasons as a hate crime, but is different because the initial action did not rise to the level of criminal offense.

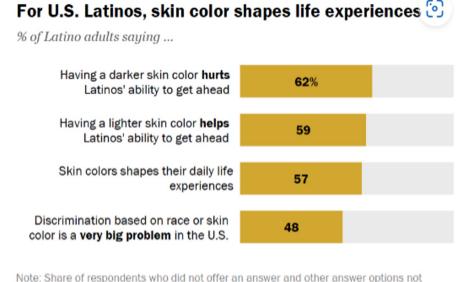
Montgomery County State's Attorneys Office



Pyramid of Hate



A majority (62%) of Hispanic adults say having a darker skin color hurts Hispanics' ability to get ahead in the United States today at least a little. A similar share (59%) say having a lighter skin color helps Hispanics get ahead. And 57% say skin color shapes their daily life experiences a lot or some, with about half saying discrimination based on race or skin color is a "very big



Source: National Survey of Latinos conducted March 15-28, 2021.

"Majority of Latinos Say Skin Color Impacts Opportunity in America and Shapes Daily Life"

PEW RESEARCH CENTER

problem" in the U.S. today, according to Pew Research Center's National Survey of Latinos, a bilingual, national survey of 3,375 Hispanic U.S. adults conducted in March 2021.

Source: Pew Research Center, November 4, 2021

Latinx Experiences with Racial Bias & Hatred

Hispanics with darker skin more likely to experience discrimination incidents than those with lighter skin

% of Hispanic adults who say each of the following has happened to them in the 12 months prior to March 2021

Experienced at least one discrimination incident	Lighter skin	Darker skin	AII 54
People acted as if you were not smart	34 42		35
Experienced discrimination by someone who is non-Hispanic	29 42		31
Experienced discrimination by someone who is Hispanic	O O 25 41		27
Criticized for speaking Spanish*	22 33		23
Told to go back to your country	20 32		21
Feared for personal safety	20 27		21
Called offensive names	O O		20
Been unfairly stopped by police	8 16		9

^{*}Asked only of those who spoke Spanish at least a little.

Note: Skin color is self-assessed based on a 10-step color scale, ranging from lightest (1) to darkest (10). Respondents with lighter skin selected 1-4 on the scale when identifying their skin color while respondents with darker skin selected 5-10. Share of respondents who did not offer an answer not shown.

Source: National Survey of Latinos conducted March 15-28, 2021.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER





A slur, and more

That exclusion comes with a label attached, the Spanish [Chanchi] it's like a piece word "chanchi," which means piglet. of garbage you find on

"Anyone that's not Americanized is basically a 'chanchi' but that only goes for the Hispanic kids. If you are from India and don't speak English you just don't speak English, there is no code name," explains Jennifer.

Ashli is also 16, also from El Salvador, but unlike Jennifer, she is recently arrived in the United States. Since fleeing her home country last year, she's heard the word "chanchi" frequently.

"That word 'chanchi,' it's something like a dirty animal, a pig," she says in Spanish. "That word it's like a piece of garbage you find on the street — you aren't capable of learning anything, of understanding anything."

of garbage you find on the street — you aren't

understanding anything.

- Ashli, 16, a student at Watkins Mill

capable of learning

anything, of

BLOG JUSTICE

Md. Senators Slam ICE Raids as Reckless and Unnecessary

By Robin Bravender + July 11, 2019



The Trump administration is <u>reportedly</u> gearing up to arrest thousands of undocumented immigrants across the country, perhaps including raids in Baltimore.

Sen. Chris Van Hollen in an interview Thursday called the move a "reckless and unnecessary action" orchestrated by President Trump. And the Maryland Democrat said his offices are working throughout the state to monitor what's happening and "do what we can to make sure that people are treated fairly and humanely."

Sen. Benjamin L. Cardin (D-Md.) said he is urging the administration to abandon any plans for raids.

"The federal government cannot be in the business of tearing apart families, including separating American citizen children from their immigrant parents," Cardin said in a statement provided to

[&]quot;Majority of Latinos Say Skin Color Impacts Opportunity in America and Shapes Daily Life"

Latinx Survey- Anecdotal Observations

Surveyed 30 Latinx people at a food distribution center in Long Branch

KEY HIGHLIGHTS: "In a PTA meeting I was told to speak

"I don't know where to report a hate crime or bias incident."

"I did not report for fear of retaliation."

"I was told I should only speak English."

"When picking up donated food I was told to go back to my country."

"At MCPS, teachers need to be more alert"

"We must RESPECT, PROTECT, and SUPPORT each other."

"Need increased supports: HATE/BIAS education & outreach, community relations, trainings, how to report incidents, more public safety supports like police and cameras...

Latinx Youth Survey

560 students between the ages of 10–15 participated on this 3-question survey

The Survey:

- Do you know what a hate crime is?
- Have you been a victim of a hate crime?
- Would you like to learn more about this issue or be part of effort/initiative to combat hate?

The Findings:

65% did not know what a hate crime is

think they have 10% been victims or recipients of hate

want to learn or be 25% a part of an effort combating hate



POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

Policy Recommendation #1:

Task the Office of Community **Engagement to conduct regional Spanish** listening sessions in the predominantly Latinx Census tract of the County with adults and youth (ages 11-18) to collect their experiences with agencies regarding hate, bias, and prejudice in the County to pinpoint areas of concern and develop an action plan to address concerns.



Policy Recommendation #2:

Launch a campaign and training for the community on how to report hate crimes towards Latinx, where to obtain help, and what to do when concerns are not addressed in a timely manner.



Policy Recommendation #3:

Provide cultural competency training to all County agencies on the Latinx community, how to conduct outreach with our community, and how to provide effective and excellent customer service to Latinx people.



Policy Recommendation #4:

Task the County's Equity Office to form a Diversity Hiring Workgroup to increase the number of Latinx represented in managerial and executive roles within County governmental agencies, because representation matters.



Policy Recommendation #5:

Increase funding and capacity for interpretation and translation in key County agencies—i.e. courts, MC311 information line, DHHS, police, fire, etc.



Policy Recommendation #6:

Create an Montgomery County
Office of Immigrant Affairs to
help coordinate information,
resources, training, and services
for new and long-term immigrant
residents of the County.



Policy Recommendation #7:

Create a Community Grant Initiative to distribute funding to grassroots organizations to engage in authentic community outreach and education to prevent hate/bias incidents and crimes towards the Latinx community.



¡Muchas Gracias!

Special thanks to all the Latinx community members who provided valuable feedback during this process.

Big shout out to the youth volunteers who helped gather survey responses.

Focus Group/Roundtable participants:

- Tanya Aguilar (Community Liaison)
- Liz Carol (CASA)
- Nayireth Castro (CASA Afro-Latino)
- Carmen Castro, Housing Initiative Partnership
- Diana Castro Crider (Sheppard Pratt)
- Javier Chavez (Impact Silver Spring)
- Fatima Coreas (Montgomery Housing Partnership)
- Besty Cordero McGuire (Mi Madre)
- Iris Jimenez (Business Owner, La Casita Pupuseria)
- Jovy Lopez (MCEA)
- Ada Pineda (Business Owner)
- Carlos Repreza (Street Outreach Network, MCDHHS)
- Zoila Rodriguez (Mi Madre)
- Evangelina Tenorio (CASA)
- Julia Zavala (Social Worker at USG)

Montgomery County Council:

- Council President Evan Glass and Staff
- Councilmember Natali Fani-González
- Councilmember Gabriel Albornoz
- Selena Mendy Singleton
- Bertha Lidia Cerzosimo
- YQuynh Nguyen

Montgomery County Executive Staff and Agencies:

- Ken Hartman, Director of Strategic Partnerships
- Director Jim Stowe, Office of Human Rights
- Public Information Office, MC311
- MCDHHS
- Office of Community Partnerships
- Montgomery County Police Department

Montgomery County Public Schools









Questions & Answers