#### Seneca Park and Plum Gar

Stormwater Management Retrofit Projects







January 14, 2014 Public Meeting

Montgomery County Department of Environmental Protection Watershed Management Division

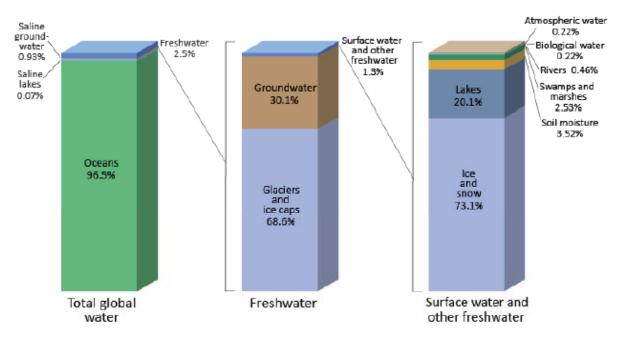


#### Today's Agenda

- Introductions
  - Michael Lichty– Senior Engineer, Montgomery County DEP
  - Darian Copiz Watershed Planner, Montgomery County DEP
  - Amy Hribar- Project Engineer, McCormick Taylor, Inc.
- Background Information
- The MS4 Permit and the County's Efforts to comply
- Project Selection
- Project Locations
- Stormwater Facility Retrofit Techniques
- Objectives for Stormwater Management Retrofits
- Seneca Park and Plumgar 2 Regional Ponds
- Project Schedule
- What to Expect During Construction

#### Sources of Water

#### Distribution of Earth's Water



- About 97% is salt water
- About 2% is frozen

- Source: Igor Shiklomanov's chapter "World fresh water resources" in Peter H. Gleick (editor), 1993, Water in Crisis: A Guide to the World's Fresh Water Resources.
- Only 1% is available for drinking water

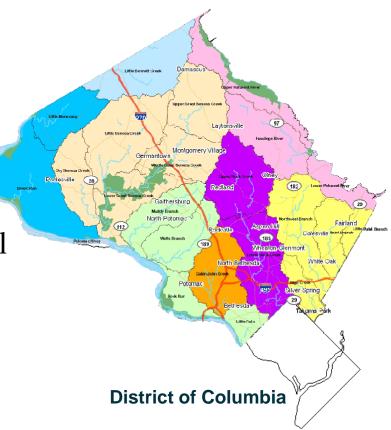
95% from groundwater across the Country

32% from groundwater, 68% from surface water in Maryland

Potential for greater impacts from runoff in Maryland

#### Montgomery County, MD

- 500 sq. miles
- 1,000,000 people
  - Second only to Baltimore City within Maryland in average people per square mile
  - 184 languages spoken
- About 12% impervious surface overall
  - About the size of Washington DC
- Over 1,500 miles of streams
- Two major river basins:
  - Potomac
  - Patuxent
- Eight local watersheds



**Impervious**: Not allowing water to soak through the ground.

#### What is a Watershed?

- A watershed is an area from which the water above and below ground drains to the same place.
- Different scales of watersheds:
  - Chesapeake Bay
  - Eight local watersheds
  - Neighborhood (to a storm drain)

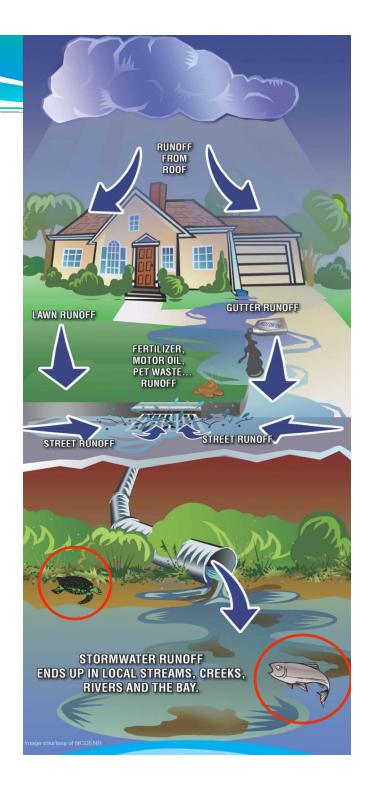


#### What is Runoff?

- Water that does not soak into the ground becomes surface runoff. This runoff flows over hard surfaces like rooftops, driveways and parking lots collecting potential contaminants and flows:
  - Directly into streams
  - Into storm drain pipes, eventually leading to streams
  - Into stormwater management facilities, then streams

#### **Two Major Issues:**

Volume/Timing of Runoff Water Quality



# What is Montgomery County doing to protect our Streams?

- Must meet regulatory requirements
  - Federal Clean Water Act permit program
  - **MS**<sub>4</sub> = **M**unicipal **S**eparate **S**torm **S**ewer **S**ystem
- Applies to all large and medium Maryland jurisdictions
- County programs
  - Restore our streams and watersheds
    - Add runoff management
  - Meet water quality protection goals
    - Reduce pollutants getting into our streams
  - Educate and engage all stakeholders
    - Individual actions make a difference
  - Focus on watersheds showing greatest impacts

## What is the MS<sub>4</sub> permit?

- Montgomery County is responsible for:
  - What goes into our storm drain pipes
  - What comes out of them
  - What flows into the streams
- Requires additional stormwater management for **20 percent** of impervious surfaces (4,292 acres = 6.7 square miles). That's about three times the size of Takoma Park.

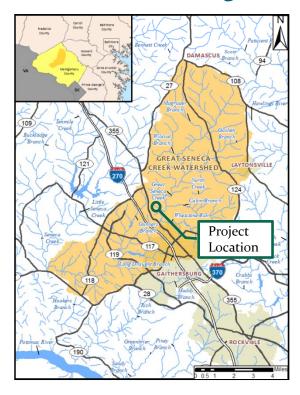
#### **Project Selection**

- Ponds constructed in early 1980s
- Located in a key watersheds (Great Seneca Creek) for pond retrofits
- Ponds are at or near the end of service life
- Retrofit for current safety and design standards
- Opportunity for water quality treatment and ecological benefits





#### **Project Location**



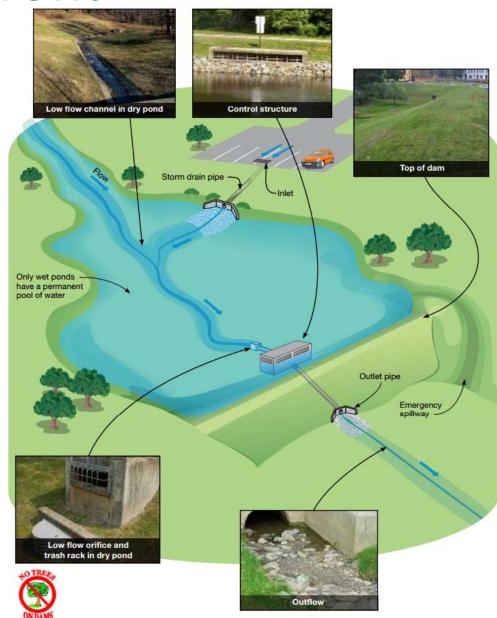
- Within the Great Seneca Creek Watershed
- Ponds located off of Black Forest Way (11119)
   and Winding Brook Lane (11200)



#### Stormwater Retrofit

**Techniques** 

- Improvements to the pond will utilize:
  - Increasing the volume of the pond
  - Modifying the riser
  - Adding a permanent pool
  - Provide Channel Protection downstream



## Seneca Park Stormwater Management Retrofit



**Existing Pond** 



**Access Location** 



Creating Permanent Pool at Inflow to Pond



**Modify Riser** 



### Plumgar 2 Regional Stormwater Management Retrofit



**Existing Pond** 



**Access Location** 



Modifying Riser & Low Flow Opening

Enhancing Permanent Pool at Inflow to Pond





### Objectives for Stormwater Management Retrofits

- Environmental Benefits:
  - Adding a permanent pool (2' depth) to provide 20 to 50% of Water Quality storage
  - Provide 47 to 59% of Channel Protection Volume to reduce downstream channel erosion
  - Improving Landscaping

- Structural Benefits:
  - Modifying the existing pond risers
  - Bringing the ponds up to current design and safety standards

Asset #	Total Drainage Area (acres)	Impervious Area (acres)	_	lity Volume Qv) Provided (cubic ft)	Channel Prote (CI Required (cubic ft)	
11119	17.63	6.53	24,394	8,276	28,750	28,750
11200	81.29	19.80	79,279	79,279	147,668	147,668



#### Project Schedule

Public Meeting (January 14, 2014)

Concept Plan Submittal (January 2014)

Final Design Submittal (May 2014)

Plan Approval & Permits Issued (November 2014)

Construction (February 2015)

\*MDE stream closure dates between March 1 to June 15

# What to Expect During Construction



- Duration will be approximately 5 to 6 months
- Only minor impacts to local traffic are anticipated
- Each work site will be lined with orange construction fence for safety
- The Montgomery County Noise Ordinance will be followed for all construction activities
- Work hours during construction are 7 am to 4 pm
- The contractor is responsible to comply with MDE sediment and erosion control guidelines and minimize disturbance

#### Questions?

#### For more information:

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