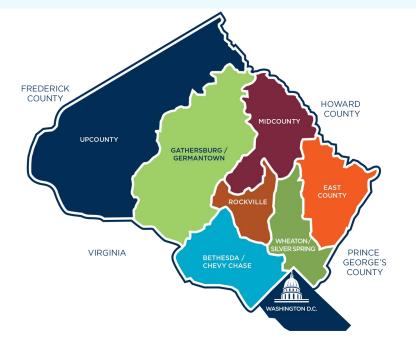


October 28, 2021

Bill 16-21: Building Energy Performance Standards

Overview



Learn more at https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/green/energy/beps.html

Proposed Agenda for BEPS Work Sessions

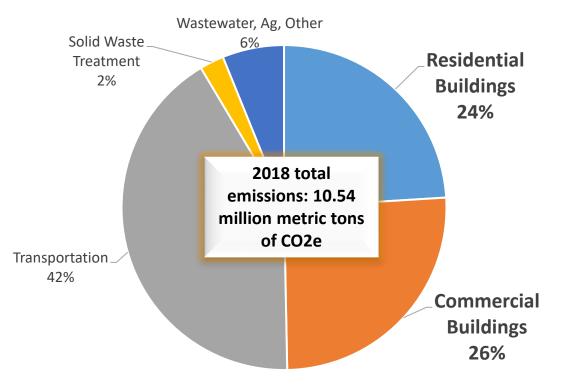
- **Today:** Overview of Bill 16-21
- **Today:** Buildings Covered by BEPS
- **Today:** Performance Metric
- Future Work Session: Approach to Setting the BEPS Standards
- Future Work Session: Compliance with BEPS
- Future Work Session: Tools and Resources for Meeting BEPS
- Future Work Session: Regulations Preview

Bill 16-21 Highlights

- **Developed with stakeholder input**, BEPS sets long-term performance targets based on energy use within the owners' control
- Covers the largest buildings and biggest carbon emitters in the County, but not all buildings will be covered or required to take action
- BEPS will create more resilient, **higher-value buildings**, increased economic activity and **local green jobs** from building upgrades, and better indoor air quality for tenants
- Tools and resources are **available now** to give building owners a head start, but additional technical and financial assistance will be needed, especially for affordable housing
- By passing Bill 16-21, Montgomery County will become the first county to join a leading-edge group of jurisdictions using BEPS to tackle climate impacts from buildings

Why Building Energy Performance Standards (BEPS)?

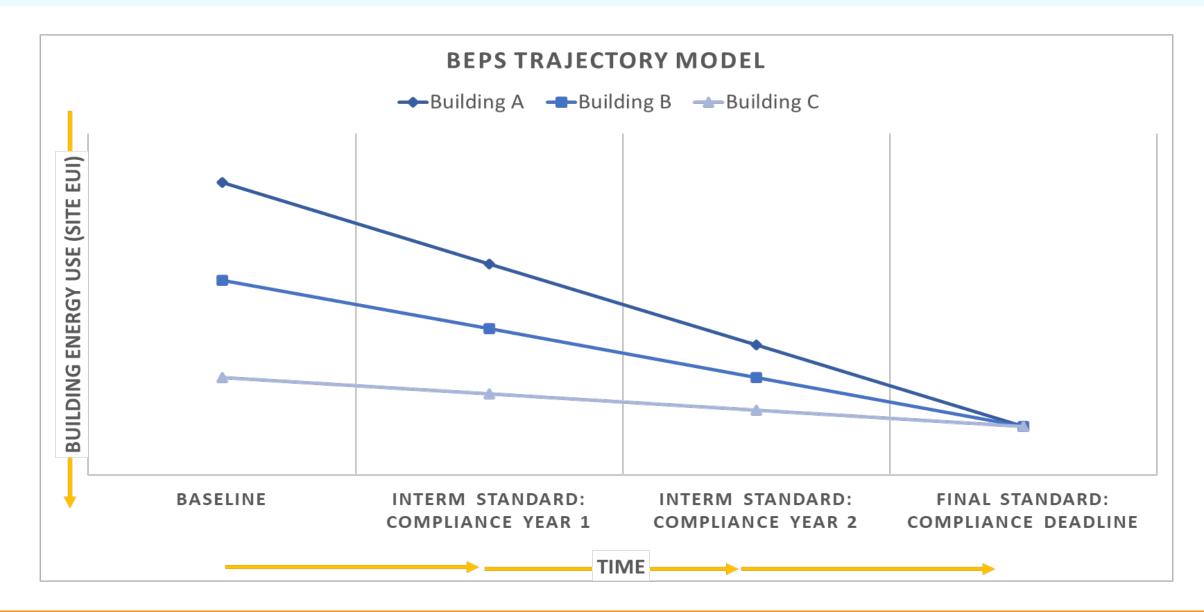
- Building codes only address newly constructed buildings or those doing major renovations
- Per the <u>CAP</u>, BEPS is one of the most powerful policy tools available to address emissions from **existing** commercial and multifamily buildings by improving performance through energy efficiency
- Using electricity more efficiently "right-sizes" the amount of carbon-free energy needed to be supplied by the grid
- Reducing and eventually eliminating fossilfuel use from buildings via BEPS is the most direct way to achieve carbon neutrality for existing buildings



General Approach on Bill 16-21

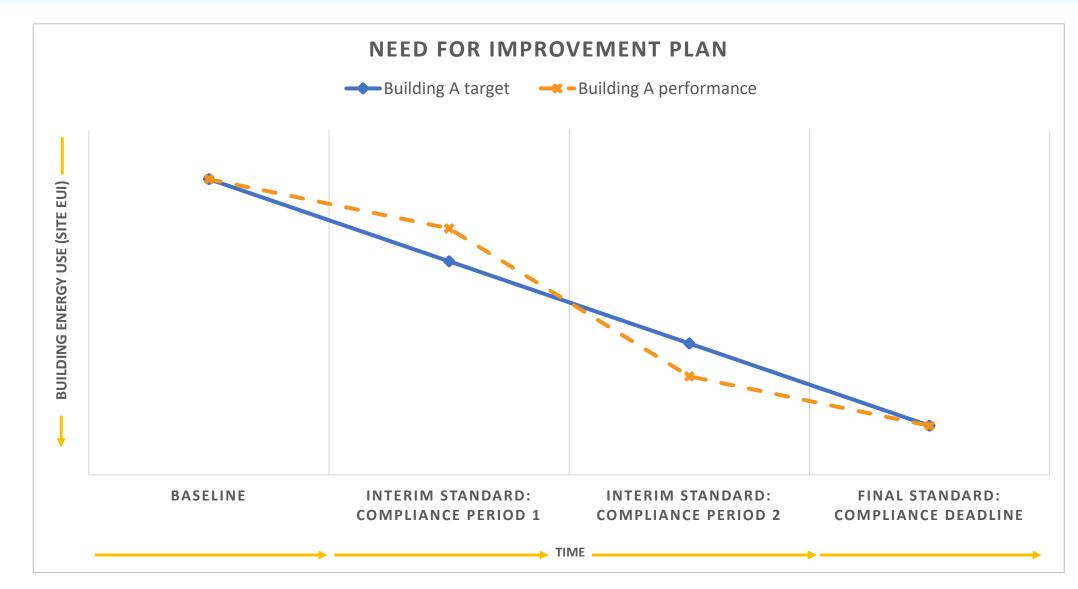
- Builds on the foundation of the Benchmarking Law
- Create framework to establish a building energy performance standard (BEPS)
- Similar to other jurisdictions with BEPS, numerical standards will be defined via regulation
- Incorporate stakeholder voices on <u>policy recommendations</u>
- Balance flexibility and certainty for building owners and immediate climate action
- Approach to Developing Legislation: Amends the Benchmarking Law to expand the number of buildings covered by the Benchmarking Law, add a performance requirement, and establish an Advisory Board for BEPS implementation.

BEPS Policy Overview

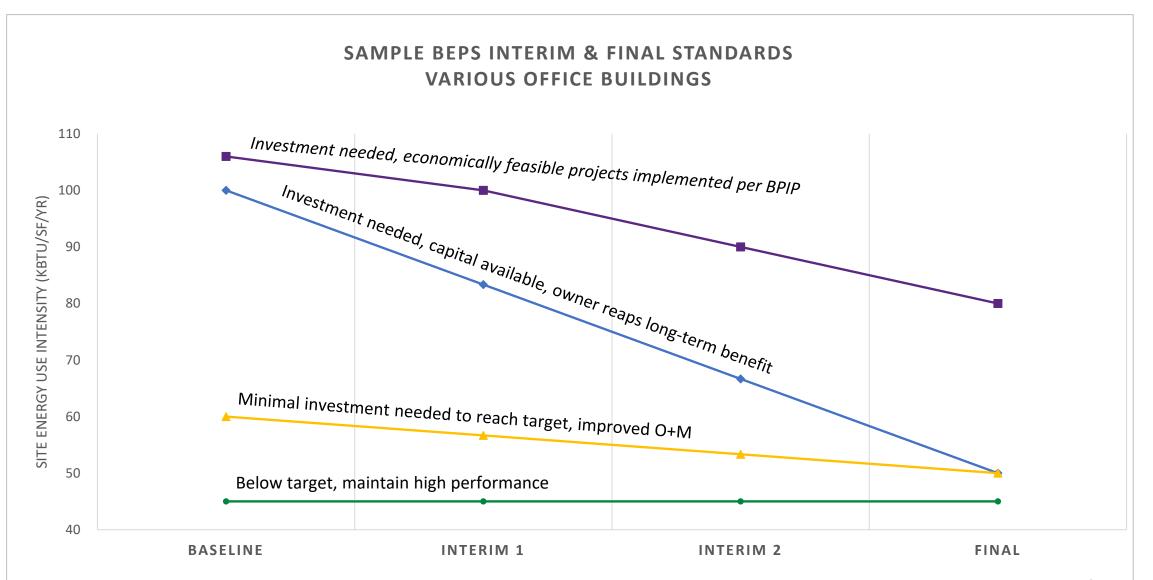


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Building Performance Improvement Plans (BPIPs)

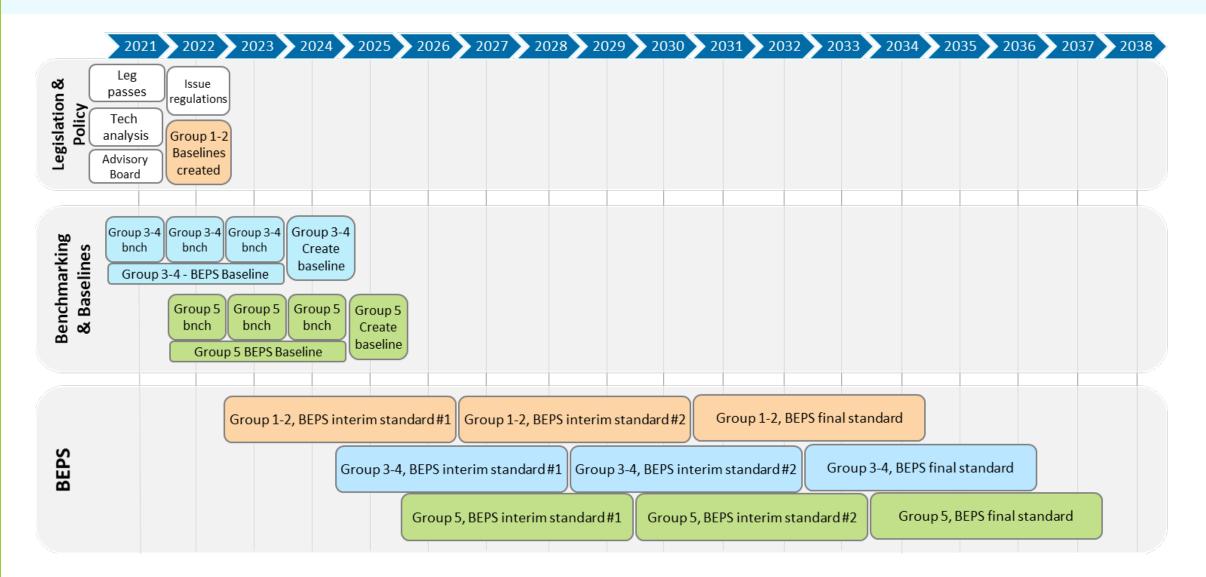


Flexibility in Compliance Strategies



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BEPS Timeline in Bill 16-21





Bill 16-21: Building Energy Performance Standards

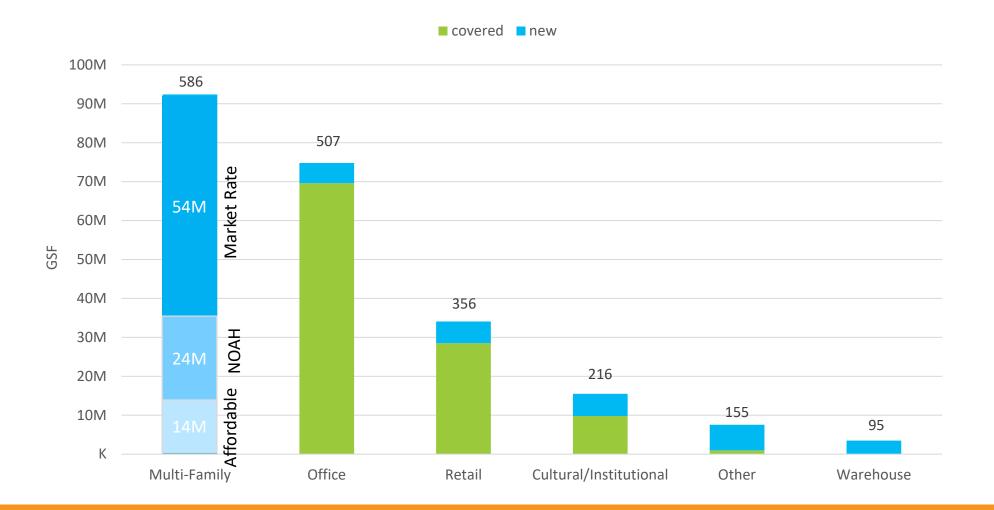
Buildings Coverage



Learn more at https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/green/energy/beps.html

Benchmarking Amendments Covered Building Impacts

- **Currently covered**: 110M sq ft, 795 buildings, 40% of commercial floor area
- Bill 16-21: Increase covered buildings to ~220M sq ft, 1,900+ buildings, 80% of commercial floor area



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Comparison of BEPS Building Coverage

	Washington, DC	New York City	Boston	WA State	St. Louis, MO	Montgomery County
Square Footage Threshold	Commercial and multifamily > 10K ft ²	Commercial and multifamily > 25K ft ²	Commercial and multifamily > 20K ft ²	Commercial > 50K ft ²	Commercial and multifamily > 50K ft ²	Commercial and multifamily > 25K ft ²
Affordable Housing	Yes	Prescriptive measures	Yes	No	Yes, 2 extra years	Yes
Houses of Worship	Yes	Prescriptive measures	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Agricultural Use	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

See IMT's Comparison of U.S. Building Performance Standards: <u>https://www.imt.org/resources/comparison-of-u-s-building-performance-standards/</u>

Updating Definition of a Covered Building

Current Covered Building Definition:

 Building, or any group of buildings that have the same parcel/property identification number, that meet the square footage threshold

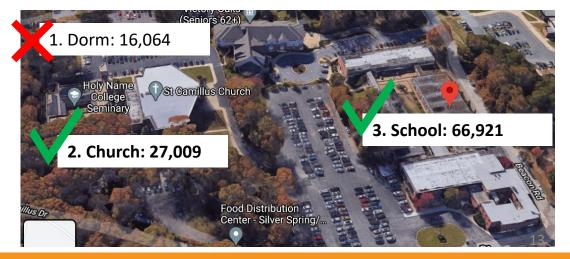
Bill 16-21 Amended Covered Building Definition:

- Single building that can be individually metered and share no interior common area;
- A group of buildings that share an energy meter, have a common heating or cooling system, share interior common areas, or otherwise cannot attribute energy use to a single building.

Parcel: All buildings on tax parcel must benchmark



Building: Only single buildings 25k+ gsf must benchmark and are subject to BEPS



Building Coverage Examples: Multifamily

Highrise & mid-rise apartments/ condos



Covered

Not Covered

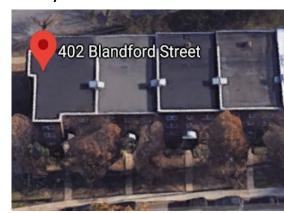
Garden apartments where buildings with shared systems/space are >25k gsf



Retirement homes & assisted living



Townhomes with no shared systems or interior area



Apartments where each building on the parcel is <25k gsf



Units with no shared systems or interior area



Building Coverage Examples: Retail

Not Covered

Individual tenants within strip malls with separate energy systems, no shared interior space, and <25k gsf



Covered

Individual tenants within strip malls with separate energy systems, no shared interior space, and >25k gsf

Covered

Individual tenants within strip malls with separate energy systems, no shared interior space, and >25k gsf



Not Covered

Individual tenants within strip malls with separate energy systems, no shared interior space, and <25k gsf