GO Item #4 July 20, 2023 **Worksession**

MEMORANDUM

July 17, 2023

TO:	Government O	perations and	Fiscal Policy	(GO) Committee

- FROM: Christine Wellons, Senior Legislative Attorney Craig Howard, Deputy Director
- SUBJECT: Expedited Bill 21-23, Fire and Rescue Services Credit Service for Group G Members
- PURPOSE: Worksession Committee recommendation expected

Expected Attendees

- Jennifer Harling, Director, Office of Labor Relations (invited)
- Corey Orlosky, Office of Management and Budget
- Ed Haenftling, Office of the County Attorney (invited)
- Jeff Buddle, President, IAFF Local 1664
- Carol Jones, Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans (MCERP)
- Yan Yan, MCERP

Expedited Bill 21-23, Fire and Rescue Services – Credit Service for Group G Members, sponsored by Council President Glass at the request of the County Executive, is scheduled for introduction on April 11, 2023. A public hearing was held on April 25, 2023. Expedited Bill 21-23 would:

- (1) amend the Optional Retirement Plan and Integrated Retirement Plan pension multipliers in Group G of the Employees' Retirement System;
- (2) amend the Group G Optional Retirement Plan to provide the same level of sick leave credit benefits provided for County employees in the Group G Integrated Retirement Plan;
- (3) amend the Group G pension Cost of Living Adjustment; and
- (4) generally amend the law regarding retirement plans for Group G members.

Group G is the retirement plan for sworn fire personnel, and a current retirement plan summary for Group G is <u>available online</u>.

A. Background

The County Executive has recommended enactment of the expedited bill to fulfill as required under the current Memorandum of Agreement (CBA) between the County and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighters Association, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664, AFL-CIO (IAFF). In the FY24 Operating Budget, the Council approved funding for implementation of Bill 21-23, contingent upon the enactment of the bill.

B. Bill Description

Bill 21-23 would enhance retirement benefits for Group G members through: (1) increasing the pension multiplier; and (2) increasing the cost of living cap for service on or after July 2011.

1. Pension multiplier increase

At present, Group G members earn a pension benefit of 2.5% of AFE for the first 20 years of service and 2.0% of AFE for the years 21 through 31 of service. The bill modifies the pension multipliers to 2.6% of AFE for the first 25 years of service and 1.25% of AFE for years 25 years through of 31 years. This proposed pension modification would raise the maximum pension benefit from 72.0% to 72.5% of final earnings. The proposed changes would also raise the pension benefit for those retiring at an earlier age. For example, the pension benefit for an employee who retires after 25 years of service would increase from 60.0% to 65.0% of final earnings.

Current	Proposed
Years 1-20: 2.5% of AFE for each year of service	Years 1-25: 2.6% of AFE for each year of service
Years 26-31: 2.0% of AFE for each year of service	Years 26-31: 1.25% of AFE for each year of service
Benefit after 25 years: 60.0%	Benefit after 25 years: 65.0%
Maximum benefit: 72.0% after 31 years	Maximum benefit: 72.5% after 30 years

The multiplier increases would be effective as of July 2023. The cost for this provision is \$2.0 million in FY24, and increases to \$2.2 million in FY29.

2. Pension Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

Under the current pension plan provided to retired Firefighters, the retiree's pension benefit increases by a cost-of-living adjustment based on when the retiree earned years of service. For service before July 2011, the annual benefit equals 100% of the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the Washington Metro Area up to a maximum of 3.0% per year; and, in years when the CPI exceeds 3.0%, pension benefit further increases by 60% of the change in the CPI greater than 3.0% up to a maximum annual increase of 7.5%. For credited service from July 2011 onward, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is capped at 2.5%.

The proposed bill would make two changes for Group G members that retire on or after March 1, 2000: 1) the maximum annual COLA increase for service prior to July 2011 would decrease from 7.5% to 5.0%; and 2) the maximum annual COLA increase for service after July 2011 would increase from 2.5% to 5.0%.

This bill would create a different COLA standard for Group G members than for all other retiree groups, where the 2.5% COLA cap for credited service after July 2011 would still be in place. The 2.5% COLA for all groups that participate in the pension plan was adopted by the Council in 2011 (via <u>Bill 11-11</u>) as part of a package of actions that made structural changes in compensation costs to address the County's structural deficit coming out of the Great Recession.

The cost of the provides is estimates at \$605,046 in FY24, \$1.25 million in FY25, and \$1.36 million in FY29. Council staff notes that the ultimate cost of this provision will depend on actual rates of inflation.

C. Summary of Impact Statements

Fiscal impact. According to the Office of Management and Budget, based on data from the County's actuarial consultant, Bill 21-23 would the bill would increase expenditures by approximately \$2.6 million in FY24, increasing annually to \$3.6 million by FY29 (broken down by element in the table below). These annual costs reflect the County's policy to amortize additional unfunded liability created by pension changes over 20 years, and would reduce the current funded ratio for Group G in the pension fund by approximately 3.0%. Revenues would not be impacted.

Retirement Change	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	Total
COLA Cap	\$605,046	\$1,246,394	\$1,283,785	\$1,322,299	\$1,361,968	\$1,361,968	\$7,181,460
Multiplier	\$1,995,524	\$2,055,390	\$2,117,051	\$2,180,563	\$2,245,980	\$2,245,980	\$12,840,488
Total	\$2,600,570	\$3,301,784	\$3,400,836	\$3,502,862	\$3,607,948	\$3,607,948	\$20,021,948

RESJ impact. "The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 will have a minimal, negative impact on racial equity and social justice (RESJ) in the County, as it would potentially reallocate \$2.6 to \$3.6 million annually in funding for programs benefitting all residents to Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Services (MCFRS) employees who are disproportionately White."

OLO offered the following recommendation: "Review findings from MCFRS comprehensive equity assessment and implement necessary policy changes/investments for diversifying the MCFRS workforce and addressing other RESJ concerns. During FY22, MCFRS contracted with the National Academy of Public Administration (NAPA) to conduct a comprehensive equity assessment, including "a review of existing and proposed policies, practices, programs, and services for disparate outcomes based on gender, race, religion, sexual orientation, and other socioeconomic factors." 19 The Council could use findings from the report to identify and implement policy solutions/investments for diversifying the MCFRS workforce and addressing other RESJ concerns that may arise from the assessment."

Economic impact. "The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 would have a moderate negative impact on economic conditions in the County in terms of the Council's priority indicators. By modifying the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) and increasing the pension amount for certain Group G members, the Bill would increase the actuarial value of income for current and future Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Services (MCFRS) employees who participate in the Employees' Retirement System. Based on the low rates of County residence among retired MCFRS employees, a minor share of the income increase likely would go to residents. The remainder would constitute significant capital outflows in the form of government revenue used to fund pension increases for the majority of retired MCFRS employees who would reside outside the County. Capital outflows would result in forgone economic activity that would negatively impact residents and private organizations. Moreover, capital outflows

caused by the policy change would occur indefinitely if low rates of County residence among MCFRS retirees continue. Because there are no indications current residence patterns among current and retired MCFRS employees will drastically change, OLO believes the negative impacts of the Bill would be significant in the long term."

Climate assessment. The bill does not have any anticipated climate impacts.

D. Summary of Public Hearing

A public hearing occurred on April 25, at which IAFF President Buddle testified that the bill is part of an overall agreement with the County to address recruitment and retention issues.

E. Issues for the Council's Consideration

1. Effects on Recruitment and Retention

The Committee might wish to discuss the potential effects of the bill upon recruitment and retention. Regarding retention, Council staff previously noted during FY24 budget deliberations that pension enhancements would accelerate the pace of benefit accrual. These modifications would allow employees to attain higher benefits in a shorter amount of time that under current plan designs. This acceleration of benefits could generate an incentive for employees to retire with fewer years of service, working counter to current efforts to encourage employee retention.

2. Long-term Costs

During FY24 budget worksessions, Council staff noted that pension enhancements will add unfunded liabilities to the County's pension fund, reduce the funded ratio, and necessitate higher annual County contributions in future years. An actuarial analysis of the pension enhancements estimated that these enhancements (under all CBAs) would increase County pension contributions by about \$9.4 million annually for the next 20 years – for a total costs of approximately \$188 million.

Circle #
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Expedited Bill N	Expedited Bill No. 21-23									
Concerning: Fi	re and Reso	<u>cue Services –</u>								
Credited Service for Group G Members										
Revised: 04/0)5/2023	Draft No. 1								
Introduced:	April 11, 20	23								
Expires:	December	7, 2026								
Enacted:	[date]									
Executive:	[date signe	d]								
Effective:	[date takes	effect]								
Sunset Date:	[date expire	es]								
Ch. [#] , Law	s of Mont.	Co. <u>[year]</u>								

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Council President at the Request of the County Executive

AN EXPEDITED ACT to:

- (1) amend the Optional Retirement Plan and Integrated Retirement Plan pension multipliers in Group G of the Employees' Retirement System;
- (2) amend the Group G Optional Retirement Plan to provide the same level of sick leave credit benefits provided for County employees in the Group G Integrated Retirement Plan;
- (3) amend the Group G pension Cost of Living Adjustment; and
- (4) generally amend the law regarding retirement plans for Group G members.

By amending

Montgomery County Code Chapter 33, Personnel and Human Resources Sections 33-42 and 33-44

Boldface
Underlining
[Single boldface brackets]
Double underlining
[[Double boldface brackets]]
* * *

Heading or defined term. Added to existing law by original bill. Deleted from existing law by original bill. Added by amendment. Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment. Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

1	Sec.	1. Sec	tions 3	3 3-42 a	nd 33-44 are amended as follows:
2	33-42. Am	nount o	of pens	ion at	normal retirement date or early retirement date.
3					* * *
4	(b)	Amo	unt of p	pension	n at normal retirement date.
5		(1)	Pensi	ion am	ount for an Optional Retirement Plan member.
6					* * *
7			(D)	For a	Group G member who is a member of the optional
8				plan	and retires on a normal retirement, the annual pension
9				must	equal:
10				<u>(i)</u>	[2 ¹ / ₂] <u>2.6</u> percent of average final earnings for each
11					of the first [20] 25 years of credited service
12					completed; and
13				<u>(ii)</u>	[2] <u>1.25</u> percent of average final earnings for each
14					year or prorated portion of a year of credited service
15					of more than [20] 25 years, to a maximum of 31
16					years, plus sick leave credits[.]; and
17				<u>(iii)</u>	5 percent for each year of credited service received
18					for accumulated sick leave; and
19				<u>(iv)</u>	<u>0 percent for years after year 31 (except sick leave</u>
20					credits referred to in subclause (c)).
21		(2)	Pensi	ion am	ount for an Integrated Retirement Plan member.
22					* * *

- 2 -

(2)

23	(E)	The C	County	must compute the annual pension of a Group G
24		memb	per in t	the integrated retirement plan who retires on a
25		norma	al retire	ement as follows:
26		(i)	from	the date of retirement to the month that the
27			memb	per reaches Social Security Retirement age, the
28			follov	ving percentages of average final earnings
29			apply	:
30			(a)	[2 ¹ / ₂] <u>2.6</u> percent, for each of the first [20] <u>25</u>
31				years of credited service; and
32			(b)	[2] <u>1.25</u> percent, for each year of credited
33				service of more than [20] 25 years to a
34				maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits;
35				and;
36			(c)	5 percent for each year of credited service
37				received for accumulated sick leave; and
38			(d)	0 percent for years after year 31 (except sick
39				leave credits referred to in subclause (c)); and
40		(ii)	from	the month the member reaches Social Security
41			retire	ment age, the percentages specified in clause (i)
42			must	be reduced, respectively, by the following
43			percer	ntages of average final earnings for the portion
44			of an	y amount equal to or less than the Social
45			Secur	ity maximum covered compensation in effect
46			on the	e date of retirement:

47		(a) $[0.78125] \underline{0.81250}$ percent, for each of the first
48		[20] 25 years of credited service;
49		(b) $[0.625]$ <u>0.390625</u> percent for each year of
50		credited service of more than [20] 25 years, to
51		a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave
52		credits; and
53		(c) 1.5625 percent, for each year of credited
54		service received for accumulated sick leave.
55		* * *
56	33-44. Pen	sion payment options and cost-of-living adjustments.
57		* * *
58	(c)	Cost-of-living adjustment. A retired member or beneficiary, including
59		the surviving spouse or domestic partner of a group D member or other
60		beneficiary who survives the member under a pension option or who is
61		otherwise eligible to receive benefits, must receive an annual cost-of-
62		living adjustment in pension benefits.
63		* * *
64		(3) The percentage cost-of-living adjustment of pension benefits must
65		be obtained by dividing the most recent index determined under
66		paragraph (2) by the next preceding index multiplied by 100 less
67		100.
68		* * *

69		(B)	A member enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, must receive
70			100 percent of the change in the consumer price index up to
71			3 percent, and 60 percent of any change in the consumer
72			price index greater than 3 percent, up to a total adjustment
73			of 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ percent in any year. The 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ percent annual limit
74			does not apply to:
75			(i) a retired member who is disabled; or
76			(ii) a pensioner aged 65 or older for a fiscal year
77			beginning after the date the pensioner reaches age 65.
78		<u>(C)</u>	A Group G member enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, must
79			receive 100 percent of the change in the consumer price
80			index up to 3 percent, and 60 percent of any change in the
81			consumer price index greater than 3 percent, up to a total
82			adjustment of 5 percent in any year. The 5 percent annual
83			limit does not apply to:
84			(i) <u>a retired Group G member who is disabled; or</u>
85			(ii) <u>a Group G pensioner aged 65 or older for a fiscal year</u>
86			beginning after the date the pensioner reaches age 65.
87			* * *
88	(6)	Notw	ithstanding the provisions of this Section, for members other
89		<u>than</u> (Group G members that qualify under subsection $(3)(C)$, the
90		cost-c	f-living adjustment must not exceed 2.5 percent for:
91		(A)	credited service beginning on the first pay period after June
92			30, 2011; or

(5)

93	(B)	a disability retirement pension based on a disability
94		occurring after June 30, 2011.

95 Sec. 2. Effective date. The Council declares that this legislation is necessary
96 for the immediate protection of the public interest. This Act takes effect on the date
97 on which it becomes law.



Fiscal Impact Statement Office of Management and Budget

Bill XX-23	Fire and	Rescue	Services	- Credited	Service fo	or Group G	Members	
Bill Summary		unt for Group	• •	· · ·		ain participants nefit credit to co		
Fiscal Impact Summary	Expenditures are not impa		approximately	\$2.6 million in	FY24, increasir	ng annually to \$	3.6 million by F	Y29. Revenues
Fiscal Year		202424	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Total
Personnel Cos	sts \$	2,600,570	\$3,301,784	\$3,400,836	\$3,502,862	\$3,607,948	\$3,607,948	\$20,021,948
Operating Exp	enses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Expendit	ures \$	2,600,570	\$3,301,784	\$3,400,836	\$3,502,862	\$3,607,948	\$3,607,948	\$20,021,948
Revenues		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Impact	(\$2	2,600,570)	(\$3,301,784)	(\$3,400,836)	(\$3,502,862)	(\$3,607,948)	(\$3,607,948)	(\$20,021,948)
FTE		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Fiscal Impact Analysis	the value at 2	25 years of so ve credit char s simply to c	ervice from 60 nge will not hav	% to 65%, an e ve any addition	stimated first ye al impact, as the	num benefit from ar impact in FY2 e costs associate ment plan bene FY2028	24 of \$2.0 millio ed were include	n. d in Bill 23-22;
	COLA Cap	\$605,04	46 \$1,246,3	01 \$1 202 70	DE ¢1 222 200	0 \$1 261 069	¢1 261 069	¢7 101 /60
								\$7,181,460
	Multiplier	\$1,995,52						\$12,840,488
	Total	\$2,600,57	70 \$3,301,7	84 \$3,400,83	36 \$3,502,862	2 \$3,607,948	\$3,607,948	\$20,021,948
Staff Impact						nges to enrollme e absorbed by e		
Actuarial Analysis	cost impact t effective date	o the Montgo of the most rement rates	mery County E recent actuaria	Employee's Reti al valuation) for	rement System FY24 contributi	of each change. with impacts ca ons. The actuar ed that the char	lculated as of Ju ial analysis also	uly 1, 2022 (the

See attached actuarial analysis performed by GRS for full details.



Information	The bill is not supported to import the County Information Technology (IT) or Enterprise Decourse Diagona (EDD)
Technology	The bill is not expected to impact the County Information Technology (IT) or Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)
Impact	systems.

Other Information

Later actions that may impact revenue or expenditures if future spending is projected	The bill does not authorize future spending.
Ranges of revenue or expenditures that are uncertain or difficult to project	The expenditure estimates for FY25 and beyond are subject to actuarial valuations performed for each budget year. Changes to underlying actuarial assumptions could have an impact on the accuracy of the initial estimates, and the compounding effect of multiple provisions is likely to result in additional expenses in the valuations.
Contributors	Yan Yan, Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans Corey Orlosky, Office of Management and Budget



LEGISLATIVE REQUEST REPORT

Bill XX-23 Fire and Rescue Services – Pension adjustments for Group G Members

DESCRIPTION:	This Bill would amend the County Code to adjust pension multipliers for both the Group G Optional Retirement Plan and the Integrated Retirement Plan, provide the same level of sick leave credit benefits for both the Optional Retirement Plan and the Integrated Retirement Plan, and adjust the cost-of-living adjustment provided to Group G members.
PROBLEM:	Changes to County pensions require legislation.
GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:	To amend the County Code to implement negotiated provisions in the Collective Bargaining Agreement between Montgomery County and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighter Association, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664.
COORDINATION:	Office of Labor Relations Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans
FISCAL IMPACT:	To be requested.
ECONOMIC IMPACT:	To be requested.
EVALUATION:	To be requested.
EXPERIENCE ELSEWHERE:	Unknown.
SOURCE OF INFORMATION:	Jennifer Harling, Esquire Office of Labor Relations
APPLICATION WITHIN MUNICIPALITES:	N/A
PENALTIES:	N/A

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY GOVERNMENT AND THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY CAREER FIRE FIGHTERS ASSOCIATION, INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FIRE FIGHTERS, LOCAL 1664, AFL-CIO

The Montgomery County Government (Employer) and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighters, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664, AFL-CIO (Union) conducted reopener negotiations pursuant to Section 33-153 of the Montgomery County Code for the second year of the term July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2024. As a result of those negotiations, the Employer and Union agree that the Collective Bargaining Agreement shall be amended according to the terms set forth below.

Please use the following key when reading this agreement:

<u>Underlining</u> Added to existing agreement. [Single boldface brackets] Deleted from existing agreement. * * Existing language unchanged by parties.

The parties agree to amend the contract as follows:

* * *

ARTICLE 19 – General Wage Adjustments

Section 19.1 General Wage Adjustments

* * *

Β.

1. Effective the pay period beginning on October 9, 2022 the base salary for all bargaining unit members shall be increased by 4.0%.

2. Effective the pay period beginning on January 1, 2023, the base salary for all bargaining unit members shall be increased by 1.0%

<u>3. Effective the pay period beginning on July 16, 2023, the base salary for all bargaining unit members shall be increased by 3.2%.</u>

* * *

Section 19.2 Salary Schedule

* * *

D. Effective the pay period beginning on July 2, 2023, Steps A and B will be removed from the schedule, and the remaining steps will be re-lettered A through M. Employees will be placed on the step commensurate with their years of service on July 2, 2023.

* * *

ARTICLE 20 -INSURANCE BENEFITS COVERAGE AND PREMIUMS

* *

Section 20.15 Retiree Vision The Employer will offer a fully insured vision benefit to all IAFF retirees effective January 1, 2024, in addition to the current zero cost vision discount plan. Retirees may maintain their ability to participate in the zero cost discount vision plan and they may choose to enroll in the new fully insured plan.

ARTICLE 51- PENSIONS

* * *

* * *

<u>J. The employer will submit proposed legislation to the County Council on or before September 1, 2023, amending Section 33-42 of the Montgomery County Code.</u> <u>Proposed legislation drafted pursuant to this collective bargaining agreement will be reviewed and approved by both parties prior to submission to the County Council.</u> <u>The following changes will apply only to those retirement applications filed after the adoption of the legislation.</u>

(D) For a Group G member who is a member of the optional plan and retires on a normal retirement, the annual pension must equal [2.5] <u>2.6</u> percent of average final earnings for each of the first [20] <u>25</u> years of credited service completed and [2] <u>1.25</u> percent of average final earnings for each year or prorated portion of a year of credited service of more than [20] <u>25</u> years, to a maximum of 31 years plus sick leave credits.

(2) Pension amount for an Integrated Retirement Plan member.

(E) The County must compute the annual pension of a Group G member in the integrated retirement plan who retires on a normal retirement as follows:

(i) From the date of retirement to the month that the member reaches Social Security retirement age, the following percentages of average final earnings apply:

(a) [2.5] 2.6 percent, for each of the first [20] 25 years of credited service; and

(b) [2] <u>1.25</u> percent, for each year of credited service of more than [20] <u>25</u> years to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits; [and]

[(e)] (c) 0 percent for years after year 31 (except sick leave credits referred to in sub clause (d)): and

(ii) From the month the member reaches Social Security retirement age, the percentages specified in clause (i) must be reduced, respectively, by the following percentages of average final earnings for the portion of any amount equal to or less than the Social Security maximum covered compensation in effect on the date of retirement:

(a)[0.78125] 0.81250 percent, for each of the first [20] 25 years of credited service;

(d) [0.625] <u>0.390625</u> percent for each year of credited service of more than [20] <u>25</u> years, to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits.

(iii) The County must increase the initial amount of a pension computed under (ii) above by the cost-of-living adjustments provided under Section 33-44(c) for the period from the member's date of retirement to the month in which the member reaches Social Security retirement age.

(iv) The County must prorate any portion of a year described in this subparagraph.

The parties agree to fully support the legislative proposals drafted pursuant to this Agreement to ensure their approval by the Montgomery County Council. <u>The County Executive will comply with Montgomery County Code 33-153(l) by including for this proposal in his proposed annual operating budget for the fiscal year in which the legislation would take effect.</u>

* * *

<u>K. The employer will submit proposed legislation to the County Council</u> eliminating Section 33-44(c)(6) of the Montgomery County Code for Group <u>G</u> members, and amending Section 33-44(c)(3) as follows, effective December 31, 2023:

(3) The percentage cost-of-living adjustment of pension benefits must be obtained by dividing the most recent index determined under paragraph (2) by the next preceding index multiplied by 100 less 100.

(A) A member enrolled before July 1, 1978, must receive the full cost-of-living adjustment.

(B) A member enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, must receive 100 percent of the change in the consumer price index up to 3 percent, and 60 percent of any change in the consumer price index greater than 3 percent, up to a total adjustment of 7 ½ percent (5 percent for Group G members) in any year. The 7 ½ percent (5 percent for Group G members) annual limit does not apply to:

(i) a retired member who is disabled; or

(ii) a pensioner aged 65 or older for a fiscal year beginning after the date the pensioner reaches age 65.

<u>Proposed legislation drafted pursuant to this collective bargaining agreement will be</u> <u>reviewed and approved by both parties prior to submission to the County Council.</u>

<u>The parties agree to fully support the legislative proposals drafted pursuant to this</u> <u>Agreement to ensure their approval by the Montgomery County Council.</u>

The County Executive will comply with Montgomery County Code 33-153(1) by including funding for this proposal in his proposed annual operating budget for the fiscal year in which the legislation would take effect.

* * * Section 54.2 - Tuition Assistance

Employee tuition assistance is available to bargaining unit employees on a first-come, first-served basis. Once the tuition assistance funds are depleted for the fiscal year, tuition assistance is not available until the next year. <u>Sixty-five thousand (\$65,000) in tuition assistance funds shall be made available each fiscal year to bargaining unit employees.</u>

* * *

Side Letter- Assignment to Employee Benefits Committee

[ON MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND LETTERHEAD]

January 26, 2023

<u>Jeffrey Buddle, President</u> <u>Montgomery County Career Firefighter Association, IAFF Local 1664</u> <u>932 Hungerford Dr., Suite 33-A</u> <u>Rockville, Maryland 20850</u>

Dear President Buddle,

The parties agree to establish the Employee Benefits Committee in Article 20.3 of the CBA and in addition to the tasks listed in that Article shall collect information, survey

plan Pre-Medicare retiree participants, and study health benefit options for employed Pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents eligible for health benefit coverage from their employers in retirement.

The Committee shall provide its findings to the Employer and Union by October 16, 2023, regarding Pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents eligibility for health benefit coverage other than what is provided currently by the Employer.

The Committee shall meet monthly regarding the subject of this side letter.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Harling, Esq. Chief Labor Relations Officer

IN WITNESS, WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused their names to be subscribed hereto by their duly authorized officers and representatives as of the dates indicated below

Montgomery County Career Fire Fighters Association, IAFF Local 1664, AFL-CIO, CLC

3-31-2023 0.0.0

Jeffrey Buddle Date President

Montgomery County Government Montgomery County, Maryland

4/3/2023

Marc Elrich **County Executive**

Date

Scott Gold

3/31/2023

Scott Goldstein **Fire Chief**

Date

Jennifer Harling 3/31/2023 Jennifer Harling, Esq. Date

Chief Labor Relations Officer

Approved for form and legality by:

hill 3/31/2023

Edward E. Haenftling, Jr. Date Associate County Attorney



OFFICE OF THE COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Marc Elrich County Executive

M E M O R A N D U M

April 3, 2023

TO: Evan Glass, President Montgomery County Council

FROM: Marc Elrich, County Executive Man Ellip

SUBJECT: Memorandum of Agreement between the County and IAFF

I have attached for review the Memorandum of Agreement resulting from the recent negotiations between the Montgomery County Government and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighters Association, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664, AFL-CIO (IAFF). The agreement reflects the changes to the existing Collective Bargaining Agreement. I have attached a draft of legislative changes that we are proposing as well as a summary of all changes made within the agreement. The agreement is effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024.

I have also attached a summary of the agreed upon items as well as a copy of the fiscal impact statement referenced in the Workforce/Compensation chapter of my budget to assist in your review of the document. The items will take effect for the first time in FY2024 and have a fiscal impact in FY2024.

Enclosure

cc: Richard S. Madaleno, Chief Administrative Officer, Office of the County Executive Jennifer Bryant, Director, Office of Management and Budget Jennifer Harling, Chief Labor Relations Officer, Office of Labor Relations John Markovs, County Attorney, Office of the County Attorney

Summary of IAFF Reopener Tentative Agreements 2023-2024

Article	Section	Subject	Summary
			Submit legislation to eliminate Section 33-44(c)(6) of the
			Montgomery County Code for Group
			G members and amend Section 33-44(c)(3) to allow CPI of
51	New	Pensions	5% for Group G members, effective December 31, 2023.
19	19.1	GWA	Increase in base salary of all members by 3.2%, effective July 16, 2023.
			Offer fully insured vision benefit to retirees effective January 1, 2024 in addition to the current zero cost vision discount
20	New	Retiree Vision	plan.
51	New	Pension Multiplier	Submit legislation by September 1, 2023 increasing pension multiplier to 2.6% (previously 2.5%) of average final earnings for first 25 years and 1.25% (previously 2%) for each year/prorated portion of more than 25 years.
19.2	D	Salary Schedule	Removes steps A and B and re-letters the steps A through M. Employees will be placed on the step commensurate with their years of service.
МОА		Benefits Committee	Committee (defined by 20.3 of the CBA) to collect information to include survey plan for pre-medicare retiree participants and study health benefit options for employed pre-medicare retirees and their dependents. Will provide findings by October 16, 2023.

Summary of Proposed Labor Agreement with IAFF Effective FY24

Article	Subject		Requires Appropriation of funds	Future Fiscal	Legislative	Requires Regulation Change	Notes
19.1	Wages	3.2 percent general wage adjustment in July 2023	Yes	Yes			
19	Wages	Salary Schedule adjustment to remove steps A and B and reletter steps A through M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
19	Longevity	Longevity Step increases of 3.5 percent for eligible employees	Yes	Yes			
20	Insurance Benefits	offering IAFF Retirees fully insured vision benefit	Yes	Yes			
51	Pensions	amending of the cost of living adjustment for eligible Group G members	Yes	Yes	Yes		
51	Pensions	Increase pension formula for group G participants	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
55	Service Increments	service increment of 3.5 percent for eligible employees	Yes	Yes			
55.8	Service Increments	deferred service increment from FY13 for eligible employees, 3.5 percent effective July 2023	Yes	Yes			

1

Expedited Bill N	o. [Click - type number]
Concerning: Fi	re and Rescue Services -
Credited Service	e for Group G Members
Revised: [date	e] Draft No. [#]
Introduced:	[date]
Expires:	[18 mos. after intro]
Enacted:	[date]
Executive:	[date signed]
Effective:	[date takes effect]
Sunset Date:	[date expires]
Ch. [#] , Law	s of Mont. Co. [year]

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Council President at the Request of the County Executive

AN EXPEDITED ACT to:

- (1) amend the Optional Retirement Plan and Integrated Retirement Plan pension multipliers in Group G of the Employees' Retirement System;
- (2) amend the Group G Optional Retirement Plan to provide the same level of sick leave credit benefits provided for County employees in the Group G Integrated Retirement Plan; and
- (3) amend the Group G pension Cost of Living Adjustment.

By amending

Montgomery County Code Chapter 33, Personnel and Human Resources Sections 33-42 and 33-44

Boldface <u>Underlining</u> [Single boldface brackets] <u>Double underlining</u> [[Double boldface brackets]]	Heading or defined term. Added to existing law by original bill. Deleted from existing law by original bill. Added by amendment. Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment. Existing law unaffected by bill.
* * *	Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

1	Sec.	1. Sec	tions 3	33-42 a	nd 33-44 are amended as follows:
2	33-42. Am	nount o	of pens	ion at	normal retirement date or early retirement date.
3					* * *
4	(b)	Amo	unt of p	pension	n at normal retirement date.
5		(1)	Pens	ion am	ount for an Optional Retirement Plan member.
6					* * *
7			(D)	For a	Group G member who is a member of the optional
8				plan	and retires on a normal retirement, the annual pension
9				must	equal:
10				<u>(i)</u>	[2 ¹ /2] <u>2.6</u> percent of average final earnings for each of
11					the first [20]25 years of credited service completed;
12					and
13				<u>(ii)</u>	[2]1.25 percent of average final earnings for each
14					year or prorated portion of a year of credited service
15					of more than [20]25 years, to a maximum of 31 years,
16					plus sick leave credits[.]; and
17				<u>(iii)</u>	5 percent for each year of credited service received
18					for accumulated sick leave; and
19				<u>(iv)</u>	<u>0 percent for years after year 31 (except sick leave</u>
20					credits referred to in subclause (c)).
21		(2)	Pens	ion am	ount for an Integrated Retirement Plan member.
22					* * *

23	(E)	The C	County	must compute the annual pension of a Group G
24		meml	ber in t	the integrated retirement plan who retires on a
25		norma	al retire	ement as follows:
26		(i)	from	the date of retirement to the month that the
27			memb	per reaches Social Security Retirement age, the
28			follov	ving percentages of average final earnings
29			apply	:
30			(a)	[2 ¹ /2] <u>2.6</u> percent, for each of the first [20] <u>25</u>
31				years of credited service; and
32			(b)	[2]1.25 percent, for each year of credited
33				service of more than [20]25 years to a
34				maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits;
35				and;
36			(c)	5 percent for each year of credited service
37				received for accumulated sick leave; and
38			(d)	0 percent for years after year 31 (except sick
39				leave credits referred to in subclause (c)); and
40		(ii)	from	the month the member reaches Social Security
41			retire	ment age, the percentages specified in clause (i)
42			must	be reduced, respectively, by the following
43			perce	ntages of average final earnings for the portion
44			of an	y amount equal to or less than the Social
45			Secur	ity maximum covered compensation in effect
46			on the	e date of retirement:

47		(a) $[0.78125]$ <u>0.81250</u> percent, for each of the first
48		[20]25 years of credited service;
49 50 51		 (b) [0.625]0.390625 percent for each year of credited service of more than [20]25 years, to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave
52		credits; and
53		(c) 1.5625 percent, for each year of credited
54		service received for accumulated sick leave.
55		* * *
56	33-44. Pen	sion payment options and cost-of-living adjustments.
57		* * *
58	(c)	Cost-of-living adjustment. A retired member or beneficiary, including
59		the surviving spouse or domestic partner of a group D member or other
60		beneficiary who survives the member under a pension option or who is
61		otherwise eligible to receive benefits, must receive an annual cost-of-
62		living adjustment in pension benefits.
63		* * *
64		(3) The percentage cost-of-living adjustment of pension benefits must
65		be obtained by dividing the most recent index determined under
66		paragraph (2) by the next preceding index multiplied by 100 less
67		100.
68		* * *

69		(B)	A member enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, must receive
70			100 percent of the change in the consumer price index up to
71			3 percent, and 60 percent of any change in the consumer
72			price index greater than 3 percent, up to a total adjustment
73			of 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ percent in any year. The 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ percent annual limit
74			does not apply to:
75			(i) a retired member who is disabled; or
76			(ii) a pensioner aged 65 or older for a fiscal year
77			beginning after the date the pensioner reaches age 65.
78		<u>(C)</u>	A Group G member enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, must
79			receive 100 percent of the change in the consumer price
80			index up to 3 percent, and 60 percent of any change in the
81			consumer price index greater than 3 percent, up to a total
82			adjustment of 5 percent in any year. The 5 percent annual
83			limit does not apply to:
84			(i) <u>a retired Group G member who is disabled; or</u>
85			(ii) <u>a Group G pensioner aged 65 or older for a fiscal year</u>
86			beginning after the date the pensioner reaches age 65.
87			* * *
88	(6)	Notwi	thstanding the provisions of this Section, for members other
89		<u>than</u> (Group G members that qualify under subsection $(3)(C)$, the
90		cost-o	f-living adjustment must not exceed 2.5 percent for:
91		(A)	credited service beginning on the first pay period after June
92			30, 2011; or

(23)

93	(B) a disability retirement pension based on a disability
94	occurring after June 30, 2011.
95	Sec. 2. Effective date.
96	The Council declares that this legislation is necessary for the immediate
97	protection of the public interest. This Act takes effect on the date on which it
98	becomes law.
99 100	Approved:
101	
	Evan Glass, President, County CouncilDate
102	Approved:
103	
	Marc Elrich, County Executive Date
104	This is a correct copy of Council action.
105	
	Judy Rupp, Clerk of the Council Date
	APPROVED FOR FORM AND LEGALITY OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ATTORNEY

By: Edward E. Haenftling, Jr.

Date: _____ March 31, 2023

MONTGOMERY COUNTY GOVERNMENT FIRE/RESCUE BARGAINING UNIT SALARY SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR 2024 EFFECTIVE JULY 2, 2023

GRA	DE	UP	DA	TES

GRADE	F1 FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER I	F2 FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER II	F3 FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER III	F4 MASTER FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER	B1 FIRE/RESCUE LIEUTENANT	B2 FIRE/RESCUE CAPTAIN
Α	\$56,311	\$59,127	\$62,085	\$68,294	\$75,129	\$84,717
В	\$58,284	\$61,198	\$64,259	\$70 <i>,</i> 685	\$77,759	\$87,684
С	\$60,323	\$63,341	\$66,507	\$73,158	\$80,481	\$90,752
D	\$62,435	\$65,559	\$68,836	\$75,720	\$83,297	\$93,930
E	\$64,621	\$67,852	\$71,245	\$78,370	\$86,214	\$97,217
F	\$66,883	\$70,228	\$73,741	\$81,113	\$89,233	\$100,620
G	\$69,225	\$72,688	\$76,323	\$83,953	\$92,354	\$104,142
н	\$71,649	\$75,232	\$78,993	\$86,890	\$95,589	\$107,788
I	\$74,156	\$77,866	\$81,758	\$89,933	\$98,935	\$111,562
J	\$76,752	\$80,591	\$84,620	\$93,081	\$102,399	\$115,465
к	\$79,439	\$83,410	\$87,583	\$96,337	\$105,984	\$119,508
L	\$82,219	\$86,330	\$90,650	\$99,711	\$109,694	\$123,691
м	\$85 <i>,</i> 097	\$89,354	\$93,824	\$103,202	\$113,532	\$128,022
17 YEAR LONGEVITY (3.5%)	\$88,076	\$92,482	\$97,108	\$106,814	\$117,506	\$132,502
20 YEAR LONGEVITY (3.5%)	\$91,158	\$95,719	\$100,506	\$110,552	\$121,619	\$137,140
24 YEAR LONGEVITY (3.5%)	\$94,349	\$99,069	\$104,024	\$114,422	\$125,875	\$141,940

FY24 Notes:

1) The first 2 steps were removed (previously A and B) from the <u>FY23</u> schedule, and the remaining steps have been re-lettered A through M. Employees will be placed on the step commensurate with their years of service.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY GOVERNMENT FIRE/RESCUE BARGAINING UNIT SALARY SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR 2024 EFFECTIVE JULY 16, 2023 GWA: 3.2% INCREASE

GRADE	F1 FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER I	RESCUER II	F3 FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER III	F4 MASTER FIRE FIGHTER RESCUER	B1 FIRE/RESCUE LIEUTENANT	B2 FIRE/RESCUE CAPTAIN
Α	\$58,113	\$61,019	\$64,072	\$70,479	\$77,533	\$87,428
В	\$60,149	\$63,156	\$66,315	\$72,947	\$80,247	\$90,490
С	\$62,253	\$65 <i>,</i> 368	\$68,635	\$75,499	\$83,056	\$93,656
D	\$64,433	\$67,657	\$71,039	\$78,143	\$85,963	\$96,936
E	\$66,689	\$70 <i>,</i> 023	\$73,525	\$80,878	\$88,973	\$100,328
F	\$69,023	\$72,475	\$76,101	\$83,709	\$92,088	\$103,840
G	\$71,440	\$75,014	\$78,765	\$86,639	\$95,309	\$107,475
н	\$73,942	\$77,639	\$81,521	\$89,670	\$98,648	\$111,237
I	\$76,529	\$80,358	\$84,374	\$92,811	\$102,101	\$115,132
J	\$79 <i>,</i> 208	\$83,170	\$87,328	\$96,060	\$105,676	\$119,160
к	\$81,981	\$86,079	\$90,386	\$99,420	\$109,375	\$123,332
L	\$84,850	\$89,093	\$93,551	\$102,902	\$113,204	\$127,649
м	\$87,820	\$92,213	\$96,826	\$106,504	\$117,165	\$132,119
17 YEAR LONGEVITY (3.5%)	\$90,894	\$95,441	\$100,215	\$110,232	\$121,266	\$136,742
20 YEAR LONGEVITY (3.5%)	\$94,075	\$98,782	\$103,722	\$114,090	\$125,511	\$141,528
24 YEAR LONGEVITY (3.5%)	\$97,368	\$102,239	\$107,353	\$118,084	\$129,903	\$146,482

Montgomery County Career Fire Fighters Association, Inc International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664 Fiscal Impact Summary*

Article	Item	Description	FY24	Annual Cost Beyond FY24	Estimated # affected**
19.1	Wages	3.2 Percent General Wage Adjustment in July 2023	\$3,622,465	\$3,767,083	1,118
19	Wages	Salary Schedule Adjustment to Remove Steps A and B and Reletter Steps A through M	\$3,412,656	\$4,158,907	640
19	Longevity	Longevity Step Increases of 3.5 Percent for Eligible Employees	\$114,564	\$332,369	83
20	Insurance Benefits	Offering IAFF Retirees Fully Insured Vision Benefit	\$36,228	\$36,228	
51	Pensions	Amending of the Cost-of-Living Adjustment for Eligible Group G Members	\$1,210,091	\$0	1,118
51	Pensions	Increase Pension Formula for Group G Participants	\$1,995,524	\$0	1,118
55	Service Increments	Service Increment of 3.5 Percent for Eligible Employees	\$874,175	\$1,657,461	676
55.8	Service Increments	Deferred Service Increment from FY13 for Eligible Employees, 3.5% Effective July 2023	\$326,617	\$326,617	112
		Total	\$11,592,320	\$10,278,664	1,118

Fire and Rescue Uniformed Management Pass-Through Estimates

Item	Description	FY24	Annual Cost Beyond FY24	Estimated # affected**
Wages	3.2 Percent General Wage Adjustment in July 2023	\$226,627	\$235,683	42
Service Increments	Service Increment of 3.5 Percent for Eligible Employees	\$5,962	\$11,393	3
	Total	\$232,589	\$247,076	42

* Estimates reflect the impact to all funds. Increases apply in the first full pay period during the month noted.

** The estimated number of employees affected by the economic item is identified where known.



March 29, 2023

CONFIDENTIAL

Ms. Jennifer Harling, Esq. Chief Labor Relations Officer Office of Labor Relations Montgomery County Government 101 Monroe Street, 6th Floor Rockville, Maryland 20850

Subject: Cost Impact of Proposed Changes for Groups E, J, F, and G

Dear Ms. Harling:

As requested, we have measured the cost impact to the Montgomery County Employees' Retirement System (ERS) of proposals to change the benefit provisions for current and future members of Groups E, J, F, and G.

Following is a summary of the proposed changes included in this analysis. A detailed summary of the changes for each group can be found in Exhibit V.

• For Groups E, F and J, the age at which the benefit reduces would increase from SSNRA to age 70 as shown below.

Birth Date	Current	Proposed
Before 1/1/1938	65	70
1/1/1938 to 12/31/1954	66	70
On or after 1/1/1955	67	70

- For Group E, payment would be waived for up to 24 months of prior military service credit. The assumed increases in military service are projected to increase projected benefit amounts, but do not result in earlier eligibility for retirement benefits.
- For Group F, the DSRP eligibility requirement would be changed from age 46 with 25 years of service to eligibility for normal retirement (age 55 with 15 years of service or 25 years of service with no age requirement). Members younger than age 46 and members with fewer than 25 years of service would now be eligible to enter DRSP if eligibility conditions are met.
- For Group G, the Cost-of-Living adjustment (COLA) on retiree benefits for members enrolled on or after July 1, 1978 and retired (or will retire) on or after March 1, 2000 would be capped at 5.0 percent (compared to the current cap of 7.5 percent).
 - The COLA on benefits attributable to post-July 1, 2011 service for all members would also be capped at 5.0 percent (compared to the current cap of 2.5 percent).

(27)

- For Groups E, F, G and J, the benefit accrual rate applicable to benefits payable until Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) would be increased as shown in the table below.
 - o Corresponding increases would also affect benefits payable after attainment of SSNRA
 - For Groups F and G, the benefit accrual rate applicable to benefits payable after SSNRA is 68.75 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (31.25 percent reduction) for pay up to Social Security Covered Compensation (SSCC).
 - For Groups E and J, the benefit accrual rate applicable to benefits payable after SSNRA is 68.75 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (31.25 percent reduction) for the first 25 years of service and is 82.50 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (17.50 percent reduction) for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to the maximum number of years, for pay up to SSCC.
 - The benefit accrual rates are the same as prior to attainment of SSNRA for pay in excess of SSCC.

		Pre-SSNRA Benefit Multiplier								
	Gro	up E	Gro	Group F		up G	Group J			
	Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed		
Years of Service	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates	Rates		
Up to 20	2.40%	2.60%	2.40%	2.60%	2.50%	2.60%	2.40%	2.50%		
20-25	2.40%	2.60%	2.40%	2.60%	2.00%	2.60%	2.40%	2.50%		
25 to Maximum Years	2.00%	2.25%	2.40%	2.40%	2.00%	1.25%	2.00%	2.00%		
Maximum Years	31	30	36	34	31	31	31	30		
Benefit Percentage - 20 Years	48.00%	52.00%	48.00%	52.00%	50.00%	52.00%	48.00%	50.00%		
Benefit Percentage - 25 Years	60.00%	65.00%	60.00%	65.00%	60.00%	65.00%	60.00%	62.50%		
Benefit Percentage - 30 Years	70.00%	76.25%	72.00%	77.00%	70.00%	71.25%	70.00%	72.50%		
Benefit Percentage - 31 Years	72.00%	76.25%	74.40%	79.40%	72.00%	72.50%	72.00%	72.50%		
Benefit Percentage - 34 Years	72.00%	76.25%	81.60%	86.60%	72.00%	72.50%	72.00%	72.50%		
Maximum Benefit Percentage	72.00%	76.25%	86.40%	86.60%	72.00%	72.50%	72.00%	72.50%		

Following is a summary of the scenarios contained in this letter.

Group Scenario Ε F G J Baseline Results from July 1, 2022 Actuarial Valuation Updated Updated sick leave NA NA NA Baseline credit multiplier Scenario 1 Age 70 reduction DRSP eligibility Increase COLA cap to 5% 2.50%/2.00% multiplier Age 70 reduction Scenario 2 Age 70 reduction* Age 70 reduction 2.60%/1.25% multiplier Scenario 3 2.60%/2.25% multiplier 2.60%/2.40% multiplier Combined scenarios 1-2 Age 70 reduction* Scenario 4 Military service credit 2.60%/2.40% multiplier* Combined scenarios 1-2 Scenario 5 Combined scenarios 1, 3-4 Combined scenarios 1-3 Combined scenarios 1,3 Scenario 6 Combined scenarios 2-4 Combined scenarios 1-2,4

* The Group E and J age 70 change is effective July 1, 2024 and the Group F multiplier change is effective January 1, 2025. Therefore, we have illustrated alternate scenarios reflecting that members may choose to delay retirement after the effective date of the changes in order to receive a benefit at a later age based on a higher benefit accrual rate.



Our analysis of these proposals includes the following data, assumptions and methods:

- The estimated cost impact is measured as of July 1, 2022, which calculates the fiscal year 2024 County contribution and the proposed changes are assumed to be effective July 1, 2022 (unless otherwise noted).
- The additional unfunded liability is amortized over a 20-year period as a level percentage of pay (consistent with the current funding policy).
- All proposed changes (except for the COLA cap change for Group G) are assumed to only affect members who are active as of July 1, 2022.
 - The benefit accrual rate change is assumed to apply to both past and future service for employees who are active (and not in DROP) at the assumed effective date.
 - The COLA cap change is assumed to affect both current and future benefit recipients who enrolled on or after July 1, 1978 and retired (or retire) on or after March 1, 2000.
 - Members who enrolled before July 1, 1978 receive an unlimited COLA increase.
 - The COLA assumptions would change as follows:

	Current	Scenario 1	Change
Enrolled prior to 7/1/1978	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%
Enrolled on or after 7/1/1978 and retired prior to 3/1/2000	1.50%	1.50%	0.00%
Enrolled on or after 7/1/1978 and retire on or after 3/1/2000	2.50%	2.45%	-0.05%
Benefits attributable to service after 7/1/2011	2.20%	2.45%	0.25%

- The proposed changes may result in increases in administrative expenses related to implementing the changes. This analysis does not include the cost impact of potential increases in administrative expenses.
- For the Group E proposed military service change, at the direction of the County, we have assumed that 13 percent of Group E members would be eligible to receive 24 months of service credit for military service at no cost to the member.
 - Because some members with prior military service may have already purchased service credit for their prior military service, estimated cost may be lower than what is reflected in this analysis.
- Because certain proposed changes have an effective date in 2024 or 2025, active members may choose to delay retirement until after the effective date of the proposed change in order to receive a benefit (at a later age) based on a higher benefit accrual rate or for a longer period of time. Therefore, modified retirement rates were assumed for certain scenarios.
 - For Group E, Scenario 2 and Group J, Scenario 3 (and combined scenarios)
 - Because the proposal has an effective date of July 1, 2024, members may choose to delay retirement until after July 1, 2024 in order to have their benefits reduced at a later age (age 70 instead of SSNRA). Therefore, modified lower retirement rates were assumed for plan years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, and modified higher retirement rates were assumed for plan year ending June 30, 2025.
 - For Group F, Scenario 1 (and combined scenarios)
 - Members who are eligible for DRSP under the proposed eligibility conditions who are not eligible for DRSP under the current conditions may modify their retirement behavior due to the changes. Therefore, modified retirement rates are assumed.



- For Group F, Scenario 4 (and combined scenario)
 - Because the proposal has an effective date of January 1, 2025, members may choose to delay retirement until after January 1, 2025 in order to receive a benefit (at a later age) based on a higher benefit accrual rate. Therefore, modified lower retirement rates were assumed for plan years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, and modified higher retirement rates were assumed for plan year ending June 30, 2025.

Exhibits I(a) through I(d) contain a summary of results and Exhibits II(a) through II(d) contain detailed calculations of the cost impact measured as of July 1, 2022 (which calculated the fiscal year 2024 contribution requirement) of providing benefits under the proposals described.

Exhibits III(a) through III(d) contain a five-year projection of the County contribution requirement for Groups E, J, F and G under the proposals. Exhibit III(e) contains a five-year projection of the County contribution requirement for Groups E, J, F and G based on the combined scenarios. (If there were two combined scenarios for a group, the combined scenario with the higher contribution requirement was used.) The projections do not include the impact of the deferred gains and losses in the future projected actuarial value of assets after July 1, 2022. In addition, the projections do not include any projected increases in administrative expenses under any of the proposals compared to the current projected expenses.

Exhibit IV contains a summary of the census data used in the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 (which was the basis for the cost analysis presented in this letter).

Exhibit V has a detailed summary of the proposed changes for each group.

The Appendix shows the current retirement rates and describes the modified retirement rates for Groups E, J and F, as well as a summary of the current benefit provisions.

Summary of Results

All of the proposed changes (increasing the benefit accrual rates, increasing the age at which benefits decrease, waiving the payment for up to 24 months of military service, increasing the COLA cap and changing the eligibility for DRSP) are all expected to increase both the actuarial liabilities and the County contribution rate (and the total contribution requirements of the System).

On the following two pages, there are summaries of the estimated funded ratio (based on the actuarial value of assets) as of July 1, 2022 and the estimated illustrative fiscal year 2024 County contribution based on amortizing the change in unfunded liability due to the proposed changes over a 20-year period (and alternatively, a 10-year period). The 20-year period is consistent with the current funding policy and the 10-year period is based on the Conference of Consulting Actuaries model practice to amortize active member plan amendments over a closed period of no longer than the lesser of 15 years and future service based on active member demographics. (10 years is approximately the average remaining number of years that current active Group E, F, G and J members are expected to work.)



				Group E			
_			Scenario 2 - Age				
			70 Reduction with	Scenario 3 -		Scenario 5 -	Scenario 6 -
		Scenario 1 - Age	Modified	2.60%/2.25%	Scenario 4 -	Combined	Combined
	Baseline	70 Reduction	Retirement Rates	Multiplier	Military Service	Scenarios 1, 3-4	Scenarios 2-4
Funded Ratio	104.1%	103.4%	103.4%	102.0%	103.9%	101.0%	101.0%
County Contribution (20-Year)	\$3,269,384	\$3,631,943	\$3,680,057	\$4,413,836	\$3,404,142	\$4,955,380	\$5,009,237
County Contribution (10-Year)	3,269,384	3,773,478	3,821,377	4,858,341	3,453,550	5,607,421	5,661,214
				Change			
– Funded Ratio		-0.7%	-0.7%	-2.1%	-0.2%	-3.1%	-3.1%
County Contribution (20-Year)		\$362,559	\$410,673	\$1,144,452	\$134,758	\$1,685,996	\$1,739,853
County Contribution (10-Year)		504,094	551,993	1,588,957	184,166	2,338,037	2,391,830

				Group J		
_				Scenario 3 - Age		
		Scenario 1 -		70 Reduction with	Scenario 4 -	Scenario 5 -
		2.50%/2.00%	Scenario 2 - Age	Modified	Combined	Combined
	Baseline	Multiplier	70 Reduction	Retirement Rates	Scenarios 1-2	Scenarios 1, 3
Funded Ratio	122.2%	119.8%	120.2%	120.4%	117.8%	118.0%
County Contribution (20-Year)	\$183,742	\$318,453	\$285,782	\$299,375	\$424,282	\$438,242
County Contribution (10-Year)	183,742	373,113	331,734	340,554	526,555	535,342
				Change		
– Funded Ratio		-2.4%	-2.0%	-1.8%	-4.4%	-4.2%
County Contribution (20-Year)		\$134,711	\$102,040	\$115,633	\$240,540	\$254,500
County Contribution (10-Year)		189,371	147,992	156,812	342,813	351,600

The County contribution requirement is illustrated based on the current funding policy (to amortize the change in unfunded liability over a 20-year closed period as a level percentage of payroll) and an alternate policy (which amortizes the change in unfunded liability due to the plan changes over a 10-year closed period as a level percentage of payroll).



			Group F			
Baseline	Scenario 1 - DRSP Fligibility	Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction	Scenario 3 - 2.60%/2.40% Multiplier	Scenario 4 - Multiplier Change with Modified	Scenario 5 - Combined Scenarios 1-3	Scenario 6 - Combined Scenarios 1-2, 4
105.6%			103.9%	103.9%	102.9%	103.0%
\$10,512,916	\$10,633,243	\$11,733,494	\$13,172,141	\$13,394,555	\$14,568,571	\$14,702,803
10,512,916	10,684,202	12,257,299	14,233,331	14,401,224	16,225,305	16,266,724
			Change			
	-0.1%	-0.9%	-1.7%	-1.7%	-2.7%	-2.6%
	\$120,327	\$1,220,578	\$2,659,225	\$2,881,639	\$4,055,655	\$4,189,887
	171,286	1,744,383	3,720,415	3,888,308	5,712,389	5,753,808
	\$10,512,916	Baseline DRSP Eligibility 105.6% 105.5% \$10,512,916 \$10,633,243 10,512,916 10,684,202 -0.1% -0.1% \$120,327 -0.1%	Baseline DRSP Eligibility Age 70 Reduction 105.6% 105.5% 104.7% \$10,512,916 \$10,633,243 \$11,733,494 10,512,916 10,684,202 12,257,299 -0.1% -0.9% \$1,20,578	Scenario 1 - Scenario 2 - Scenario 3 - Baseline DRSP Eligibility Age 70 Reduction Multiplier 105.6% 105.5% 104.7% 103.9% \$10,512,916 \$10,633,243 \$11,733,494 \$13,172,141 10,512,916 10,684,202 12,257,299 14,233,331 Change -0.1% -0.9% -1.7% \$120,327 \$1,220,578 \$2,659,225	Scenario 1 - Scenario 2 - Scenario 3 - Multiplier Baseline DRSP Eligibility Age 70 Reduction Multiplier Change with 105.6% 105.5% 104.7% 103.9% 103.9% \$10,512,916 \$10,633,243 \$11,733,494 \$13,172,141 \$13,394,555 10,512,916 10,684,202 12,257,299 14,233,331 14,401,224 Change - - - - - -0.1% -0.9% -1.7% \$2,659,225 \$2,881,639	Scenario 4 - Scenario 3 - Multiplier Scenario 5 - Scenario 1 - Scenario 2 - 2.60%/2.40% Change with Combined Baseline DRSP Eligibility Age 70 Reduction Multiplier Modified Scenarios 1-3 105.6% 105.5% 104.7% 103.9% 103.9% 102.9% \$10,512,916 \$10,633,243 \$11,733,494 \$13,172,141 \$13,394,555 \$14,568,571 10,512,916 \$10,684,202 12,257,299 14,233,331 14,401,224 16,225,305 Change -

-			Group G		
	Baseline	Updated Baseline	Scenario 1 - 5.00% COLA Cap	Scenario 2 - 2.60%/1.25% Multiplier	Scenario 3 - Combined Scenarios 1-2
Funded Ratio	96.5%	95.4%	94.6%	94.1%	93.3%
County Contribution (20-Year)	\$24,733,634	\$26,315,333	\$27,525,424	\$28,310,857	\$29,560,016
County Contribution (10-Year)	24,733,634	26,934,284	28,575,376	29,660,967	31,354,573
			Change		
Funded Ratio			-0.8%	-1.3%	-2.1%
County Contribution (20-Year)			\$1,210,091	\$1,995,524	\$3,244,683
County Contribution (10-Year)			1,641,092	2,726,683	4,420,289

The County contribution requirement is illustrated based on the current funding policy (to amortize the change in unfunded liability over a 20-year closed period as a level percentage of payroll) and an alternate policy (which amortizes the change in unfunded liability due to the plan changes over a 10-year closed period as a level percentage of payroll).



Ms. Jennifer Harling, Esq. Montgomery County Government March 29, 2023 Page 7

Considerations and Disclosures

The analysis was performed at the request of Montgomery County ("County") and is intended for use by the County and those designated by the County. This analysis may be provided to parties other than the County only in its entirety and only with the permission of the County.

The actuarial assumptions used in this analysis are the same as those used in the actuarial valuation of the Montgomery County Employees' Retirement System as of July 1, 2022, with the exception of the modified retirement rates used in certain scenarios, as indicated in this letter. Changes to assumptions (such as decreasing the investment return assumption) will impact the cost impact in this letter.

We amortized the change in unfunded liability over a 20-year period, which is consistent with the current funding policy for Groups E, J, F and G. The Conference of Consulting Actuaries (CCA) issued a white paper on funding policies. Based on the CCA white paper, the model practice is to amortize active member plan amendments over a closed period of no longer than the lesser of 15 years and future service based on active member demographics. However, an amortization period of up to 25 years is acceptable with conditions to amortize the unfunded liability on a combined basis from all sources. We have also illustrated the County contribution based on an amortization period of 10 years for changes in plan provisions (consistent with the CCA model practice). (10 years is approximately the average remaining number of years that current active Group E, F, G and J members are expected to work.)

If any of the provisions, underlying data or assumptions used in this analysis appear to be incorrect or unreasonable, please let us know as soon as possible so we can update the analysis.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this cost analysis due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and changes in plan provisions, contribution amounts or applicable law.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which, in our professional judgment, has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation, and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled. We are relying on the GRS actuaries and Internal Software, Training and Processes Team, who developed and maintain the model.

This report reflects the impact of COVID-19 through June 30, 2022. However, this report does not reflect the longer term and still developing future impact of COVID-19, which may further influence demographic experience and economic expectations. We will continue to monitor these developments and their impact on the System and the actuarial assumptions. Actual experience will be reflected in each subsequent annual valuation, as experience emerges.



Ms. Jennifer Harling, Esq. Montgomery County Government March 29, 2023 Page 8

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this analysis is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Montgomery County Employees' Retirement System as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

Amy Williams and Cassie Rapoport are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose stated.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

Please let us know if you have any questions or would like to discuss the results of this analysis further.

Respectfully submitted,

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

my Williams

Amy Williams, ASA, MAAA, FCA Senior Consultant

Cassi happort

Cassie Rapoport, ASA, MAAA Senior Analyst



Cost Impact Summary of Proposed Changes in Group E Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

				Sce	nario 2 - Age 70								
				R	eduction with		Scenario 3 -				Scenario 5 -	5	Scenario 6 -
		Sce	nario 1 - Age 70		Modified	2	2.60%/2.25%		Scenario 4 -		Combined		Combined
	 Baseline		Reduction	Ret	tirement Rates		Multiplier	Μ	ilitary Service	S	cenarios 1, 3-4	S	cenarios 2-4
Group E													
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members	\$ 167,428,353	\$	171,644,615	\$	171,863,939	\$	180,512,836	\$	168,931,696	\$	186,736,761	\$	186,976,086
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members	113,450,522		116,431,122		116,426,592		122,811,364		114,491,014		127,181,868		127,180,526
Normal Cost Rate (%)	20.16%		20.58%		20.58%		21.49%		20.33%		22.13%		22.13%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)	13.41%		13.83%		13.83%		14.74%		13.58%		15.38%		15.38%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 445,821,148	\$	448,801,748	\$	448,797,218	\$	455,181,990	\$	446,861,640	\$	459,552,494	\$	459,551,152
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)	-3.85%		-3.25%		-3.25%		-1.98%		-3.64%		-1.10%		-1.10%
County Contribution Requirement \$	3,269,384		3,631,943		3,680,057		4,413,836		3,404,142		4,955,380		5,009,237
County Contribution Requirement %	9.56%		10.58%		10.58%		12.76%		9.94%		14.28%		14.28%
Total Contribution Requirement \$	5,621,649		5,984,208		6,055,704		6,766,101		5,756,407		7,307,645		7,384,884
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)	104.1%		103.4%		103.4%		102.0%		103.9%		101.0%		101.0%

			Sce	nario 2 - Age 70								
			R	eduction with		Scenario 3 -				Scenario 5 -	9	Scenario 6 -
	Scen	ario 1 - Age 70		Modified	2	2.60%/2.25%		Scenario 4 -		Combined		Combined
Difference from Baseline		Reduction	Re	tirement Rates		Multiplier	Ν	Ailitary Service	Sc	enarios 1, 3-4	S	cenarios 2-4
Group E												
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members	\$	4,216,262	\$	4,435,586	\$	13,084,483	\$	1,503,343	\$	19,308,408	\$	19,547,733
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members		2,980,600		2,976,070		9,360,842		1,040,492		13,731,346		13,730,004
Normal Cost Rate (%)		0.42%		0.42%		1.33%		0.17%		1.97%		1.97%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)		0.42%		0.42%		1.33%		0.17%		1.97%		1.97%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	2,980,600	\$	2,976,070	\$	9,360,842	\$	1,040,492	\$	13,731,346	\$	13,730,004
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)		0.60%		0.60%		1.87%		0.21%		2.75%		2.75%
County Contribution Requirement \$		362,559		410,673		1,144,452		134,758		1,685,996		1,739,853
County Contribution Requirement %		1.02%		1.02%		3.20%		0.38%		4.72%		4.72%
Total Contribution Requirement \$		362,559		434,055		1,144,452		134,758		1,685,996		1,763,235
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)		-0.7%		-0.7%		-2.1%		-0.2%		-3.1%		-3.1%



Cost Impact Summary of Proposed Changes in Group J Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

			Scenario 1 -				enario 3 - Age 70 Reduction with	Scenario 4 -	Scenario 5 -
			2.50%/2.00%	Sce	enario 2 - Age 70		Modified	Combined	Combined
	 Baseline		Multiplier		Reduction	Re	etirement Rates	Scenarios 1-2	Scenarios 1, 3
Group J									
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members	\$ 47,315,341	\$	48,790,110	\$	48,517,265	\$	48,530,100	\$ 50,036,259	\$ 50,044,051
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members	36,802,546		37,953,625		37,770,241		37,669,737	38,956,319	38,847,391
Normal Cost Rate (%)	19.82%		20.40%		20.18%		20.16%	20.77%	20.75%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)	13.04%		13.62%		13.40%		13.38%	13.99%	13.97%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 58,280,979	\$	59,432,058	\$	59,248,674	\$	59,148,170	\$ 60,434,752	\$ 60,325,824
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)	-10.18%		-9.29%		-9.44%		-9.51%	-8.52%	-8.60%
County Contribution Requirement \$	183,742		318,453		285,782		299,375	424,282	438,242
County Contribution Requirement %	2.86%		4.33%		3.96%		3.87%	5.47%	5.37%
Total Contribution Requirement \$	778,714		913,425		880,754		906,454	1,019,254	1,045,321
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)	122.2%		119.8%		120.2%		120.4%	117.8%	118.0%
						Sce	enario 3 - Age 70		
			Scenario 1 -			F	Reduction with	Scenario 4 -	Scenario 5 -
		2	2.50%/2.00%	Sce	enario 2 - Age 70		Modified	Combined	Combined
Difference from Baseline			Multiplier		Reduction	Re	etirement Rates	Scenarios 1-2	Scenarios 1, 3
Group J									
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members		\$	1,474,769	\$	1,201,924	\$	1,214,759	\$ 2,720,918	\$ 2,728,710
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members			1,151,079		967,695		867,191	2,153,773	2,044,845
Normal Cost Rate (%)			0.58%		0.36%		0.34%	0.95%	0.93%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)			0.58%		0.36%		0.34%	0.95%	0.93%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability		\$	1,151,079	\$	967,695	\$	867,191	\$ 2,153,773	\$ 2,044,845
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)			0.89%		0.74%		0.67%	1.66%	1.58%
County Contribution Requirement \$			134,711		102,040		115,633	240,540	254,500
County Contribution Requirement %			1.47%		1.10%		1.01%	2.61%	2.51%
Total Contribution Requirement \$			134,711		102,040		127,740	240,540	266,607
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)			-2.4%		-2.0%		-1.8%	-4.4%	-4.2%



Cost Impact Summary of Proposed Changes in Group F Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

					Scenario 4 -		
				Scenario 3 -	Multiplier Change		
		Scenario 1 -	Scenario 2 -	2.60%/2.40%	with Modified	Scenario 5 - Combined	Scenario 6 - Combined
	Baseline	DRSP Eligibility	Age 70 Reduction	Multiplier	Retirement Rates	Scenarios 1-3	Scenarios 1-2, 4
Group F							
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members \$	597,525,048						
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members	412,551,317	413,624,459	423,582,146	434,898,950	433,750,808	447,440,528	445,485,973
Normal Cost Rate (%)	23.60%	23.64%		24.66%	24.64%		25.10%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)	16.83%	16.87%	17.26%	17.89%	17.87%		18.33%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability \$	1,308,897,685	\$ 1,309,970,827	\$ 1,319,928,514	\$ 1,331,245,318	\$ 1,330,097,176	\$ 1,343,786,896	\$ 1,341,832,341
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)	-5.84%	-5.76%	-5.05%	-4.23%	-4.32%	-3.33%	-3.47%
County Contribution Requirement \$	10,512,916	10,633,243	11,733,494	13,172,141	13,394,555	14,568,571	14,702,803
County Contribution Requirement %	10.99%	11.11%	12.21%	13.66%	13.55%	15.05%	14.86%
Total Contribution Requirement \$	17,113,527	17,233,854	18,334,105	19,772,752	20,119,872	21,169,182	21,428,120
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)	105.6%	105.5%	104.7%	103.9%	103.9%	102.9%	103.0%
					Scenario 4 -		
				Scenario 3 -	Multiplier Change		
		Scenario 1 -	Scenario 2 -	2.60%/2.40%	with Modified	Scenario 5 - Combined	
Difference from Baseline		Scenario I -	Scenario 2	2.00/0/2.40/0			
Difference from baseline		DDCD Eligibility	Age 70 Peduction	Multiplior		Sconarios 1.2	
Group F		DRSP Eligibility	Age 70 Reduction	Multiplier	Retirement Rates	Scenarios 1-3	Scenario 6 - Combined Scenarios 1-2, 4
Group F Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members		DRSP Eligibility \$ 394,822			Retirement Rates		Scenarios 1-2, 4
•					Retirement Rates		Scenarios 1-2, 4
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members		\$ 394,822	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829	\$ 32,156,769	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members		\$ 394,822 1,073,142	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829 0.43%	\$ 32,156,769 22,347,633	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474 21,199,491	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211 1.55%	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593 32,934,656
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members Normal Cost Rate (%)		\$ 394,822 1,073,142 0.04%	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829 0.43% 0.43%	\$ 32,156,769 22,347,633 1.06% 1.06%	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474 21,199,491 1.04% 1.04%	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211 1.55% 1.55%	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593 32,934,656 1.50% 1.50%
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members Normal Cost Rate (%) County Normal Cost Rate (%)		\$ 394,822 1,073,142 0.04% 0.04%	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829 0.43% 0.43% \$ 11,030,829	\$ 32,156,769 22,347,633 1.06% 1.06%	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474 21,199,491 1.04% 1.04%	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211 1.55% 1.55% \$ 34,889,211	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593 32,934,656 1.50% 1.50%
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members Normal Cost Rate (%) County Normal Cost Rate (%) Total Actuarial Accrued Liability		\$ 394,822 1,073,142 0.04% 0.04% \$ 1,073,142	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829 0.43% 0.43% \$ 11,030,829	\$ 32,156,769 22,347,633 1.06% 1.06% \$ 22,347,633	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474 21,199,491 1.04% 1.04% \$ 21,199,491	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211 1.55% 1.55% \$ 34,889,211	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593 32,934,656 1.50% 1.50% 32,934,656 \$ 32,934,656
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members Normal Cost Rate (%) County Normal Cost Rate (%) Total Actuarial Accrued Liability Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)		\$ 394,822 1,073,142 0.04% 0.04% \$ 1,073,142 0.08%	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829 0.43% 0.43% \$ 11,030,829 0.79% 1,220,578	\$ 32,156,769 22,347,633 1.06% 1.06% \$ 22,347,633 1.61%	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474 21,199,491 1.04% 1.04% \$ 21,199,491 1.52%	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211 1.55% 1.55% \$ 34,889,211 2.51% 4,055,655	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593 32,934,656 1.50% 1.50% 32,934,656 \$ 32,934,656 \$ 32,934,656 \$ 32,934,656 \$ 32,934,656
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members Normal Cost Rate (%) County Normal Cost Rate (%) Total Actuarial Accrued Liability Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%) County Contribution Requirement \$		\$ 394,822 1,073,142 0.04% 0.04% \$ 1,073,142 0.08% 120,327	\$ 14,505,835 11,030,829 0.43% 0.43% \$ 11,030,829 0.79% 1,220,578	\$ 32,156,769 22,347,633 1.06% 1.06% \$ 22,347,633 1.61% 2,659,225	Retirement Rates \$ 33,499,474 21,199,491 1.04% 1.04% \$ 21,199,491 1.52% 2,881,639	\$ 47,675,334 34,889,211 1.55% 1.55% \$ 34,889,211 2.51% 4,055,655	Scenarios 1-2, 4 \$ 48,919,593 32,934,656 1.50% 1.50% 32,934,656 2.37% 2.37% 4,189,887 4.189,887



Cost Impact Summary of Proposed Changes in Group G Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

						Scenario 2 -		
				S	cenario 1 - 5.00%	2.60%/1.25%	Sce	enario 3 - Combined
	Baseline	U	Jpdated Baseline		COLA Cap	Multiplier		Scenarios 1-2
oup G								
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members	\$ 613,485,906	\$	632,155,314	\$	645,056,051 \$	655,280,699	\$	668,654,251
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members	383,353,802		396,388,325		403,521,208	411,785,806		419,201,870
Normal Cost Rate (%)	26.84%		27.47%		28.01%	28.34%		28.90%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)	19.41%		20.04%		20.58%	20.91%		21.47%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 1,123,005,194	\$	1,136,039,717	\$	1,145,116,162 \$	1,151,437,198	\$	1,160,796,824
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)	4.91%		5.82%		6.45%	6.89%		7.54%
County Contribution Requirement \$	24,733,634		26,315,333		27,525,424	28,310,857		29,560,016
County Contribution Requirement %	24.32%		25.86%		27.03%	27.80%		29.01%
Total Contribution Requirement \$	32,239,550		33,821,249		35,031,340	35,816,773		37,065,932
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)	96.5%		95.4%		94.6%	94.1%		93.3%

			Scenario 2 -		
	Scenario 1	L - 5.00%	2.60%/1.25%	Scei	nario 3 - Combined
Difference from Updated Baseline	COLA	Сар	Multiplier		Scenarios 1-2
Group G					
Present Value of Future Benefits - Active Members	\$1	l2,900,737	\$ 23,125,385	\$	36,498,937
Actuarial Accrued Liability - Active Members		7,132,883	15,397,481		22,813,545
Normal Cost Rate (%)		0.54%	0.87%		1.43%
County Normal Cost Rate (%)		0.54%	0.87%		1.43%
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	9,076,445	\$ 15,397,481	\$	24,757,107
Amortization of Unfunded Liability Rate (%)		0.63%	1.07%		1.72%
County Contribution Requirement \$		1,210,091	1,995,524		3,244,683
County Contribution Requirement %		1.17%	1.94%		3.15%
Total Contribution Requirement \$		1,210,091	1,995,524		3,244,683
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)		-0.8%	-1.3%		-2.1%



Cost Impact Details of Proposed Changes in Group E Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

					Gro	up l						
				Sce	nario 2 - Age 70							
				R	eduction with		Scenario 3 -				Scenario 5 -	Scenario 6 -
		Sce	nario 1 - Age 70		Modified		2.60%/2.25%		Scenario 4 -		Combined	Combined
	 Baseline		Reduction	Re	tirement Rates		Multiplier	м	lilitary Service	Sc	enarios 1, 3-4	 Scenarios 2-4
Actuarial Accrued Liability												
Active Members	\$ 113,450,522	\$	116,431,122	\$	116,426,592	\$	122,811,364	\$	114,491,014	\$	127,181,868	\$ 127,180,526
DRSP/DROP Members	35 <i>,</i> 393,999		35,393 <i>,</i> 999		35,393,999		35,393,999		35,393,999		35,393,999	35,393,999
Terminated Vested Members	3,408,631		3,408,631		3,408,631		3,408,631		3,408,631		3,408,631	3,408,631
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	 293,567,996		293,567,996		293,567,996		293,567,996		293,567,996		293,567,996	293,567,996
Total	445,821,148		448,801,748		448,797,218		455,181,990		446,861,640		459,552,494	459,551,152
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 464,272,269	\$	464,272,269	\$	464,272,269	\$	464,272,269	\$	464,272,269	\$	464,272,269	\$ 464,272,269
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ (18,451,121)	\$	(15,470,521)	\$	(15,475,051)	\$	(9,090,279)	\$	(17,410,629)	\$	(4,719,775)	\$ (4,721,117)
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)	104.1%	I	103.4%		103.4%		102.0%		103.9%		101.0%	101.0%
Annual Gross Normal Cost												
Benefits	\$ 6,759,703	\$	6,905,203	\$	6,977,029	\$	7,222,462	\$	6,818,688	\$	7,445,729	\$ 7,523,066
Expenses of Administration	 264,197		264,197		264,197		264,197		264,197		264,197	264,197
Total	 7,023,900		7,169,400		7,241,226		7,486,659		7,082,885		7,709,926	7,787,263
Amortization of Unfunded Liability 1	\$ (1,402,251)	\$	(1,185,192)	\$	(1,185,522)	\$	(720,558)	\$	(1,326,478)	\$	(402,281)	\$ (402,379)
Annual Contribution Requirement												
County Portion	\$ 3,269,384	\$	3,631,943	\$	3,680,057	\$	4,413,836	\$	3,404,142	\$	4,955,380	\$ 5,009,237
Employee Portion	 2,352,265		2,352,265		2,375,647		2,352,265		2,352,265		2,352,265	 2,375,647
Total	5,621,649		5,984,208		6,055,704		6,766,101		5,756,407		7,307,645	7,384,884

¹ Amortization bases established prior to the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation were recombined into a single amortization base equal to the total unfunded liability as of July 1, 2015. Beginning July 1, 2015, amortization of the current and future unfunded liability will occur over separate closed 20-year amortization periods for Groups E and J.



Cost Impact Details of Proposed Changes in Group J Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

				Gro	up J	I				
Baseline		•	Sce	•	R	Reduction with Modified		Scenario 4 - Combined Scenarios 1-2		Scenario 5 - Combined cenarios 1, 3
 		matepier		Reddetton	ne					
\$ 36,802,546	\$	37,953,625	\$	37,770,241	\$	37,669,737	\$	38,956,319	\$	38,847,391
-		-		-		-		-		-
173,333		173,333		173,333		173,333		173,333		173,333
 21,305,100		21,305,100		21,305,100		21,305,100		21,305,100		21,305,100
 58,280,979		59,432,058		59,248,674		59,148,170		60,434,752		60,325,824
\$ 71,206,700	\$	71,206,700	\$	71,206,700	\$	71,206,700	\$	71,206,700	\$	71,206,700
\$ (12,925,721)	\$	(11,774,642)	\$	(11,958,026)	\$	(12,058,530)	\$	(10,771,948)	\$	(10,880,876)
122.2%		119.8%		120.2%		120.4%		117.8%		118.0%
\$ 1,653,983	\$	1,704,868	\$	1,685,552	\$	1,718,571	\$	1,737,677	\$	1,771,676
 85,703		85,703		85,703		85,703		85,703		85,703
1,739,686		1,790,571		1,771,255		1,804,274		1,823,380		1,857,379
\$ (960,972)	\$	(877,146)	\$	(890,501)	\$	(897,820)	\$	(804,126)	\$	(812,058)
\$ 183,742	\$	318,453	\$	285,782	\$	299,375	\$	424,282	\$	438,242
 594,972		594,972		594,972		607,079		594,972		607,079
 778,714		913,425		880,754		906,454		1,019,254		1,045,321
\$ \$ \$ \$	173,333 21,305,100 58,280,979 \$ 71,206,700 \$ (12,925,721) 122.2% \$ 1,653,983 85,703 1,739,686 \$ (960,972) \$ 183,742 594,972	Baseline \$ 36,802,546 \$ 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 5 58,280,979 \$ 71,206,700 \$ \$ (12,925,721) \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ \$ 1,739,686 \$ \$ (960,972) \$ \$ 183,742 \$ \$ 183,742 \$	Baseline 2.50%/2.00% Multiplier \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 58,280,979 59,432,058 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ (12,925,721) \$ (11,774,642) 122.2% 119.8% \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 85,703 85,703 1,739,686 1,790,571 \$ (960,972) \$ (877,146) \$ 183,742 \$ 318,453 594,972 594,972	Baseline 2.50%/2.00% Sce \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 58,280,979 58,280,979 59,432,058 \$ \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ \$ (12,925,721) \$ (11,774,642) \$ 122.2% 119.8% \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ \$ (960,972) \$ (877,146) \$ \$ 183,742 \$ 318,453 \$ \$ 94,972 594,972 \$	Scenario 1 - 2.50%/2.00% Multiplier Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 58,280,979 59,432,058 59,248,674 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ (12,925,721) \$ (11,774,642) \$ (11,958,026) 122.2% 119.8% 120.2% \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 85,703 85,703 85,703 \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,739,686 1,790,571 1,771,255 \$ (960,972) \$ (877,146) \$ (890,501) \$ 183,742 \$ 318,453 \$ 285,782 \$ 594,972 \$ 594,972 \$ 594,972	Scenario 1 - 2.50%/2.00% Scenario 2 - Age 70 F Baseline Multiplier Reduction Reduction \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 1773,333 1773,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 121,305,100 58,280,979 59,432,058 59,248,674 \$ \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ \$ 122,2% 119.8% 11,958,026) \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,790,571 1,771,255 \$ \$ \$	Baseline Z.50%/2.00% Multiplier Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction Modified Retirement Rates \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 37,669,737 - - - - - 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 58,280,979 59,432,058 59,248,674 59,148,170 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ (12,925,721) \$ (11,774,642) \$ (11,958,026) \$ (12,058,530) 122.2% 119.8% 120.2% 120.4% \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,718,571 85,703 85,703 85,703 85,703 1,739,686 1,790,571 1,771,255 1,804,274 \$ (960,972) \$ (877,146) \$ (890,501) \$ (897,820) \$ 183,742 \$ 318,453 285,782 \$ 299,375 \$ 594,972 \$ 594,972 \$ 607,079	Scenario 1 - 2.50%/2.00% Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction Reduction with Modified Baseline Multiplier Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction Reduction Notified \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 37,669,737 \$ 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 121,305,10	Scenario 1 - 2.50%/2.00% Baseline Scenario 2 - Age 70 Multiplier Reduction Reduction with Modified Scenario 3 - Age 70 Combined \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 37,669,737 \$ 38,956,319 1 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 58,280,979 59,432,058 59,248,674 59,148,170 60,434,752 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ (12,925,721) \$ (11,774,642) \$ (11,958,026) \$ (12,058,530) \$ (10,771,948) 122.2% 119.8% 120.2% 120.4% 117.8% 85,703 \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,718,571 \$ 1,737,677 \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552	Scenario 1 - 2.50%/2.00% Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction Reduction with Modified Scenario 4 - Combined \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 37,669,737 \$ 38,956,319 \$ 2.50%/2.00% \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 37,669,737 \$ 38,956,319 \$ 2.50%/2.00% \$ 36,802,546 \$ 37,953,625 \$ 37,770,241 \$ 37,669,737 \$ 38,956,319 \$ 2.50%/2.00% \$ 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 173,333 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 21,305,100 \$ 58,280,979 59,432,058 59,248,674 59,148,170 60,434,752 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 71,206,700 \$ 10,771,948 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,718,571 \$ 1,737,677 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,718,571 \$ 1,737,677 \$ \$ 1,653,983 \$ 1,704,868 \$ 1,685,552 \$ 1,718,571 \$ 1,737,677 \$

¹ Amortization bases established prior to the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation were recombined into a single amortization base equal to the total unfunded liability as of July 1, 2015. Beginning July 1, 2015, amortization of the current and future unfunded liability will occur over separate closed 20-year amortization periods for Groups E and J.



Cost Impact Details of Proposed Changes in Group F Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

					Group	F							
		Baseline	Scenario 1 - DRSP Eligibility	Ag	Scenario 2 - ge 70 Reduction	2.6	Scenario 3 - 50%/2.40% Multiplier		Scenario 4 - lultiplier Change with Modified Retirement Rates		Scenario 5 - Combined Scenarios 1-3	c	cenario 6 - Combined narios 1-2, 4
Actuarial Accrued Liability Active Members	Ś	412,551,317 \$	413,624,459	Ś	423,582,146	Ś	434,898,950	Ś	433,750,808	Ś	447,440,528	Ś.	445,485,973
DRSP/DROP Members	*	129.883.811	129,883,811	Ŷ	129,883,811	Ŧ	129,883,811	÷	129,883,811	*	129,883,811		129,883,811
Terminated Vested Members		2,113,208	2,113,208		2,113,208		2,113,208		2,113,208		2,113,208		2,113,208
Retired Members and Beneficiaries		764,349,349	764,349,349		764,349,349		764,349,349		764,349,349		764,349,349		764,349,349
Total		1,308,897,685	1,309,970,827		1,319,928,514		1,331,245,318		1,330,097,176	1	1,343,786,896	1,	341,832,341
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	1,382,574,114 \$	1,382,574,114	\$	1,382,574,114	\$	1,382,574,114	\$	1,382,574,114	\$ 1	1,382,574,114	\$ 1,	382,574,114
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	(73,676,429) \$	(72,603,287)	\$	(62,645,600)	\$	(51,328,796)	\$	(52,476,938)	\$	(38,787,218)	\$	(40,741,773)
Employee Contributions Due (COVID Pay)		986,909	986,909		986,909		986,909		986,909		986,909		986,909
Net Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		(74,663,338)	(73,590,196)		(63,632,509)		(52,315,705)		(53,463,847)		(39,774,127)		(41,728,682)
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)		105.6%	105.5%		104.7%		103.9%		103.9%	J	102.9%		103.0%
Annual Gross Normal Cost													
Benefits	\$	22,060,511 \$	22,102,688	\$	22,477,781	\$	23,092,294	\$	23,523,026	\$	23,575,398	\$	23,976,674
Expenses of Administration		960,724	960,724		960,724		960,724		960,724		960,724		960,724
Total		23,021,235	23,063,412		23,438,505		24,053,018		24,483,750		24,536,122		24,937,398
Amortization of Unfunded Liability ¹	\$	(5,907,708) \$	(5,829,558)	\$	(5,104,400)	\$	(4,280,266)	\$	(4,363,878)	\$	(3,366,940)	\$	(3,509,278)
Annual Contribution Requirement													
County Portion	\$	10,512,916 \$	10,633,243	\$	11,733,494	\$	13,172,141	\$	13,394,555	\$	14,568,571	\$	14,702,803
Employee Portion		6,600,611	6,600,611		6,600,611		6,600,611		6,725,317		6,600,611		6,725,317
Total		17,113,527	17,233,854		18,334,105		19,772,752		20,119,872		21,169,182		21,428,120

¹ Amortization bases established prior to the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation were recombined into a single amortization base equal to the total unfunded liability as of July 1, 2015. Beginning July 1, 2015, amortization of the current and future unfunded liability will occur over separate closed 20-year amortization periods for the Public Safety groups.



Cost Impact Details of Proposed Changes in Group G Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

					Group G				
	 Baseline	l	Jpdated Baseline	Scer	nario 1 - 5.00% COLA Cap	2.6	Scenario 2 - 50%/1.25% Multiplier	Sce	enario 3 - Combined Scenarios 1-2
Actuarial Accrued Liability									
Active Members	\$ 383,353,802	\$	396,388,325	\$	403,521,208	\$	411,785,806	\$	419,201,870
DRSP/DROP Members	77,537,489		77,537,489		77,988,015		77,537,489		77,988,015
Terminated Vested Members	791,012		791,012		795,352		791,012		795,352
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	661,322,891		661,322,891		662,811,587		661,322,891		662,811,587
Total	 1,123,005,194		1,136,039,717		1,145,116,162		1,151,437,198		1,160,796,824
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 1,083,428,732	\$	1,083,428,732	\$	1,083,428,732	\$	1,083,428,732	\$	1,083,428,732
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 39,576,462	\$	52,610,985	\$	61,687,430	\$	68,008,466	\$	77,368,092
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets)	96.5%		95.4%		94.6%		94.1%		93.3%
Annual Gross Normal Cost									
Benefits	\$ 26,217,002	\$	26,849,476	\$	27,398,585	\$	27,723,696	\$	28,291,250
Expenses of Administration	 892,731		892,731		892,731		892,731		892,731
Total	 27,109,733		27,742,207		28,291,316		28,616,427		29,183,981
Amortization of Unfunded Liability 1	\$ 5,129,817	\$	6,079,042	\$	6,740,024	\$	7,200,346	\$	7,881,951
Annual Contribution Requirement									
County Portion	\$ 24,733,634	\$	26,315,333	\$	27,525,424	\$	28,310,857	\$	29,560,016
Employee Portion	 7,505,916		7,505,916		7,505,916		7,505,916		7,505,916
Total	 32,239,550		33,821,249		35,031,340		35,816,773		37,065,932

¹ Amortization bases established prior to the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation were recombined into a single amortization base equal to the total unfunded liability as of July 1, 2015. Beginning July 1, 2015, amortization of the current and future unfunded liability will occur over separate closed 20-year amortization periods for the Public Safety groups.



Projected County Contributions Based on Proposed Changes in Group E Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

					Sc	enario 2 - Age 70					
						Reduction with	Scenario 3 -			Scenario 5 -	Scenario 6 -
			Scer	nario 1 - Age 70		Modified	2.60%/2.25%	Scenario 4 -		Combined	Combined
Group E	E	Baseline		Reduction	R	etirement Rates	Multiplier	Military Service	S	cenarios 1, 3-4	 Scenarios 2-4
Projected County Contribution Requirement	\$										
Fiscal Year 2024	\$	3,269,384	\$	3,631,943	\$	3,680,057	\$ 4,413,836	\$ 3,404,142	\$	4,955,380	\$ 5,009,237
Fiscal Year 2025		3,367,466		3,740,901		3,790,459	4,546,251	3,506,266		5,104,041	5,159,514
Fiscal Year 2026		3,468,489		3,853,128		3,904,172	4,682,639	3,611,454		5,257,163	5,314,300
Fiscal Year 2027		3,572,544		3,968,722		4,021,298	4,823,118	3,719,798		5,414,878	5,473,729
Fiscal Year 2028		3,679,720		4,087,784		4,141,937	4,967,811	3,831,392		5,577,324	5,637,940
5-Year Total		17,357,603		19,282,478		19,537,923	23,433,655	18,073,052		26,308,786	26,594,720
Difference from Baseline											
Fiscal Year 2024			\$	362,559	\$	410,673	\$ 1,144,452	\$ 134,758	\$	1,685,996	\$ 1,739,853
Fiscal Year 2025				373,435		422,993	1,178,785	138,800		1,736,575	1,792,048
Fiscal Year 2026				384,639		435 <i>,</i> 683	1,214,150	142,965		1,788,674	1,845,811
Fiscal Year 2027				396,178		448,754	1,250,574	147,254		1,842,334	1,901,185
Fiscal Year 2028				408,064		462,217	1,288,091	151,672		1,897,604	1,958,220
5-Year Total				1,924,875		2,180,320	6,076,052	715,449		8,951,183	9,237,117



Projected County Contributions Based on Proposed Changes in Group J Plan Provisions
Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

						Sc	enario 3 - Age 70		
			Scenario 1 -				Reduction with	Scenario 4 -	Scenario 5 -
			2.50%/2.00%	Sce	enario 2 - Age 70		Modified	Combined	Combined
Group J		Baseline	Multiplier		Reduction	R	etirement Rates	Scenarios 1-2	Scenarios 1, 3
Projected County Contribution Require	ment \$								
Fiscal Year 2024	\$	183,742	\$ 318,453	\$	285,782	\$	299,375	\$ 424,282	\$ 438,242
Fiscal Year 2025		189,254	328,007		294,355		308,356	437,010	451,389
Fiscal Year 2026		194,932	337,847		303,186		317,607	450,121	464,931
Fiscal Year 2027		200,780	347,982		312,282		327,135	463,624	478,879
Fiscal Year 2028		206,803	358,422		321,650		336,949	477,533	493,245
5-Year Total		975,511	1,690,711		1,517,255		1,589,423	2,252,571	2,326,686
Difference from Baseline									
Fiscal Year 2024			\$ 134,711	\$	102,040	\$	115,633	\$ 240,540	\$ 254 <i>,</i> 500
Fiscal Year 2025			138,753		105,101		119,102	247,756	262,135
Fiscal Year 2026			142,915		108,254		122,675	255,189	269,999
Fiscal Year 2027			147,202		111,502		126,355	262 <i>,</i> 844	278,099
Fiscal Year 2028			151,619		114,847		130,146	270,730	286,442
5-Year Total			715,200		541,744		613,912	1,277,060	1,351,175



Projected County Contributions Based on Proposed Changes in Group F Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

Group F		Baseline	cenario 1 - SP Eligibility	:	Scenario 2 - Age 70 Reduction	Scenario 3 - 2.60%/2.40% Multiplier	l C	cenario 4 - Multiplier hange with Modified etirement Rates	C	cenario 5 - Combined renarios 1-3	(cenario 6 - Combined narios 1-2, 4
Projected County Contribution Re	quirement	\$										
Fiscal Year 2024	\$	10,512,916	\$ 10,633,243	\$	11,733,494	\$ 13,172,141	\$	13,394,555	\$	14,568,571	\$	14,702,803
Fiscal Year 2025		10,828,303	10,952,240		12,085,499	13,567,305		13,796,392		15,005,628		15,143,887
Fiscal Year 2026		11,153,153	11,280,807		12,448,064	13,974,324		14,210,283		15,455,797		15,598,204
Fiscal Year 2027		11,487,747	11,619,232		12,821,506	14,393,554		14,636,592		15,919,471		16,066,150
Fiscal Year 2028		11,832,380	11,967,809		13,206,151	14,825,361		15,075,690		16,397,055		16,548,134
5-Year Total		55,814,499	56,453,331		62,294,714	69,932,685		71,113,512		77,346,522		78,059,178
Difference from Baseline												
Fiscal Year 2024			\$ 120,327	\$	1,220,578	\$ 2,659,225	\$	2,881,639	\$	4,055,655	\$	4,189,887
Fiscal Year 2025			123,937		1,257,196	2,739,002		2,968,089		4,177,325		4,315,584
Fiscal Year 2026			127,654		1,294,911	2,821,171		3,057,130		4,302,644		4,445,051
Fiscal Year 2027			131,485		1,333,759	2,905,807		3,148,845		4,431,724		4,578,403
Fiscal Year 2028			135,429		1,373,771	2,992,981		3,243,310		4,564,675		4,715,754
5-Year Total			638,832		6,480,215	14,118,186		15,299,013		21,532,023		22,244,679



Projected County Contributions Based on Proposed Changes in Group G Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

						9	Scenario 2 -	S	cenario 3 -
			Updated	9	Scenario 1 -	2	.60%/1.25%		Combined
Group G		Baseline	Baseline	5.0	0% COLA Cap		Multiplier	S	cenarios 1-2
Projected County Contribution Require	men	t\$							
Fiscal Year 2024	\$	24,733,634	\$ 26,315,333	\$	27,525,424	\$	28,310,857	\$	29,560,016
Fiscal Year 2025		25,475,643	27,104,793		28,351,187		29,160,183		30,446,816
Fiscal Year 2026		26,239,912	27,917,937		29,201,722		30,034,988		31,360,221
Fiscal Year 2027		27,027,110	28,755,475		30,077,774		30,936,038		32,301,028
Fiscal Year 2028		27,837,923	29,618,139		30,980,107		31,864,119		33,270,058
5-Year total		131,314,222	139,711,677		146,136,214		150,306,185		156,938,139
Difference from Updated Baseline									
Fiscal Year 2024				\$	1,210,091	\$	1,995,524	\$	3,244,683
Fiscal Year 2025					1,246,394		2,055,390		3,342,023
Fiscal Year 2026					1,283,785		2,117,051		3,442,284
Fiscal Year 2027					1,322,299		2,180,563		3,545,553
Fiscal Year 2028					1,361,968		2,245,980		3,651,919
5-Year Total					6,424,537		10,594,508		17,226,462



Exhibit III(e)

Projected County Contributions Based on Proposed Changes in Group E, F, G and J Plan Provisions Based on Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022 Combined Impact of Proposed Changes for Each Group

						Total
	 Group E	Group J	Group F	Group G	(Gr	oups E, J, F, G)
Baseline Results (Updated Baseline Group G)						
Fiscal Year 2024	\$ 3,269,384	\$ 183,742	\$ 10,512,916	\$ 26,315,333	\$	40,281,375
Fiscal Year 2025	3,367,466	189,254	10,828,303	27,104,793		41,489,816
Fiscal Year 2026	3,468,489	194,932	11,153,153	27,917,937		42,734,511
Fiscal Year 2027	3,572,544	200,780	11,487,747	28,755,475		44,016,546
Fiscal Year 2028	3,679,720	206,803	11,832,380	29,618,139		45,337,042
5-Year Total	17,357,603	975,511	55,814,499	139,711,677		213,859,290
	Group E -	Group J -	Group F -	Group G -		Total
	Scenario 6	Scenario 5	Scenario 6	Scenario 3	(Gr	oups E, J, F, G)
Combined Results of Proposed Changes						
Fiscal Year 2024	\$ 5,009,237	\$ 438,242	\$ 14,702,803	\$ 29,560,016	\$	49,710,298
Fiscal Year 2025	5,159,514	451,389	15,143,887	30,446,816		51,201,606
Fiscal Year 2026	5,314,300	464,931	15,598,204	31,360,221		52,737,656
Fiscal Year 2027	5,473,729	478,879	16,066,150	32,301,028		54,319,786
Fiscal Year 2028	5,637,940	493,245	16,548,134	33,270,058		55,949,377
5-Year Total	26,594,720	2,326,686	78,059,178	156,938,139		263,918,723
Difference from Baseline/Updated Baseline						
Fiscal Year 2024	\$ 1,739,853	\$ 254,500	\$ 4,189,887	\$ 3,244,683	\$	9,428,923
Fiscal Year 2025	1,792,048	262,135	4,315,584	3,342,023		9,711,790
Fiscal Year 2026	1,845,811	269,999	4,445,051	3,442,284		10,003,145
Fiscal Year 2027	1,901,185	278,099	4,578,403	3,545,553		10,303,240
Fiscal Year 2028	1,958,220	286,442	4,715,754	3,651,919		10,612,335
5-Year Total	9,237,117	1,351,175	22,244,679	17,226,462		50,059,433

Projected County Contribution Requirement \$



Data Summary Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022

							Valuation as	of Jul	y 1, 2022						
			N	on-Public Safet	:y			P	Public Safety						
		Group A	_	Group H		Group J	 Group E		Group F	(Group G		GRIP		Total
<u>Total All Plans</u>															
Active Members															
Number		196		307		98	462		1,088		1,179		2,626		5,956
Average Age		59.9		60.2		49.4	42.0		39.7		39.0		48.5		45.5
Average Service		30.8		29.2		15.1	10.8		13.9		12.4		8.2		12.2
Average Pay	\$	117,333	\$	87,084	\$	96,303	\$ 78 <i>,</i> 883	\$	92,945	\$	88,628	\$	79,765	\$	85,744
Total Base Payroll	\$	22,997,228	\$	26,734,796	\$	9,437,676	\$ 36,443,733	\$1	01,124,671	\$ 10	04,492,525	\$ 20	9,462,325	\$ 5:	10,692,954
Contribution Basis Payroll:															
For Normal Cost	\$	20,913,131	\$	24,272,587	\$	8,777,375	\$ 34,837,396	\$	97,557,764	\$10	0,986,538	\$ 20	0,743,962	\$ 48	38,088,753
For Amortization of Unfunded Liability		15,895,169		20,476,267		9,437,676	36,443,733	1	01,124,671	10	04,492,525	20)9,462,325	49	97,332,366
DRSP/DROP Members															
Number							39		111		67				217
Total Base Payroll							\$ 4,350,921	\$	12,619,289	\$	8,318,705			\$ 2	25,288,915
Total Benefits							2,465,016		8,606,995		5,160,583			-	16,232,594
Terminated Vested Members															
Number		22		29		5	27		46		21		576		726
Total Benefits	\$	307,147	\$	235,599	\$	49,340	\$ 427,390	\$	525,176	\$	204,581			\$	1,749,233
Retired Members and Beneficiaries															
Number													10		6,749
Total Benefits												Ś		\$ 29	96,187,312
												Ŧ		- -	13,648
Number	·		·		·			·		·		\$	10 165,456 3,212		6 96,187



Group E Proposed Changes

Following is a summary of the proposed changes for Group E included in this analysis:

• For the first proposal (Scenarios 1 and 2), effective July 1, 2024, the age at which the benefit changes would increase from SSNRA to age 70 as shown below.

Birth Date	Current	Scenarios 1 and 2
Before 1/1/1938	65	70
1/1/1938 to 12/31/1954	66	70
On or after 1/1/1955	67	70

- We have included two separate scenarios to illustrate the impact of the change in age at which the benefit reduces.
 - Scenario 1 illustrates the results of changing the age at which the benefit is reduced and assumes no change in the timing of retirements.
 - Scenario 2 reflects both a change in the benefit reduction age and a change in the timing of retirements due to the proposed benefit change. Because the proposal has an effective date of July 1, 2024, members may choose to delay retirement until after July 1, 2024 in order to have their benefits reduced at a later age. Therefore, modified lower retirement rates were assumed for plan years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, and modified higher retirement rates were assumed for plan year ending June 30, 2025.
- For the second proposal (Scenario 3), the benefit accrual rate would be increased from 2.40 percent to 2.60 percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) for the first 25 years of credited service, and increase from 2.00 percent to 2.25 percent of AFE for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 30 years (decreased from a maximum of 31 years), plus up to two years of sick leave credits. The benefit accrual rate after attainment of Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) is 68.75 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (31.25 percent reduction) for the first 25 years of service and is 82.50 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (17.50 percent reduction) for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 30 years, for pay up to Social Security Covered Compensation (SSCC).

				Post-SSNRA							
Group E Rates	Pre-S	SNRA		Current Rates	S	P	roposed Rate	s			
	Current	Proposed			In Excess of			In Excess of			
Years of Service	Rates	Rates	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC			
Up to 25	2.40%	2.60%	1.65%	31.25%	2.40%	1.78750%	31.25%	2.60%			
25-31 (25-30 Proposed)	2.00%	2.25%	1.65%	17.50%	2.00%	1.85625%	17.50%	2.25%			

Please see the table below summarizing the change in benefit accrual rates.

Credit for sick leave service is granted in accordance with the accrual rates above.



Group E Proposed Changes (Continued)

- For the third proposal (Scenario 4), payment would be waived for up to 24 months of prior military service credit. The assumed increases in military service are projected to increase projected benefit amounts, but do not result in earlier eligibility for retirement benefits. At the direction of the County, we have assumed that 13 percent of Group E members would be eligible to receive 24 months of service credit for military service at no cost to the member.
 - Because some members with prior military service may have already purchased service credit for their prior military service, estimated cost may be lower than what is reflected in this analysis.
- Scenario 5 is the combined impact of Scenarios 1, 3 and 4 and assumes no change in the timing of retirements.
- Scenario 6 is the combined impact of Scenarios 2, 3 and 4 and assumes the modified retirement rates used for Scenario 2.

The proposed change in the benefit accrual rates would result in an increase in benefits for affected members. Increasing the benefit accrual rate would result in the following percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) if retiring with 20 years of service, 25 years of service, 30 years of service and 31 years of service (for pay up to SSCC for post-SSNRA benefits) for Group E.

	Percentage of Average Final Earnings Based on Years of Service										
		Pre-S	SNRA		Post-SSNRA						
	20	25	30	31	20	25	30	31			
Current Rates Group E	48.000%	60.000%	70.000%	72.000%	33.000%	41.250%	49.500%	51.150%			
New Rates Group E	52.000%	65.000%	76.250%	76.250%	35.750%	44.688%	53.969%	53.969%			



Group J Proposed Changes

Following is a summary of the proposed changes for Group J included in this analysis:

For the first proposal (Scenario 1), the benefit accrual rate would be increased from 2.40 percent to 2.50 percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) for the first 25 years of credited service, and remain at 2.00 percent of AFE for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 30 years (decreased from a maximum of 31 years), plus up to two years of sick leave credits. The benefit accrual rate after attainment of Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) is 68.75 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (31.25 percent reduction) for the first 25 years of service and is 82.50 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (17.50 percent reduction) for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 30 years, for pay up to Social Security Covered Compensation (SSCC).

				Post-SSNRA							
Group J Rates	Pre-S	SNRA		Current Rates		Proposed Rates					
	Current	Proposed			In Excess of			In Excess of			
Years of Service	Rates	Rates	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC			
Up to 25	2.40%	2.50%	1.65%	31.25%	2.40%	1.71875%	31.25%	2.50%			
25-31 (25-30 Proposed)	2.00%	2.00%	1.65%	17.50%	2.00%	1.65000%	17.50%	2.00%			

Please see the following table summarizing the change in benefit accrual rates.

Credit for sick leave service is granted in accordance with the accrual rates above.

The proposed change in the benefit accrual rates would result in an increase in benefits for affected members. Increasing the benefit accrual rate would result in the following percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) if retiring with 20 years of service, 25 years of service, 30 years of service and 31 years of service (for pay up to SSCC for post-SSNRA benefits) for Group J.

	Percentage of Average Final Earnings Based on Years of Service									
		Pre-S	SNRA		Post-SSNRA					
	20	25	30	31	20	25	30	31		
Current Rates Group J	48.000%	60.000%	70.000%	72.000%	33.000%	41.250%	49.500%	51.150%		
New Rates Group J	50.000%	62.500%	72.500%	72.500%	34.375%	42.969%	51.219%	51.219%		

• For the second proposal (Scenarios 2 and 3), effective July 1, 2024, the age at which the benefit changes would increase from SSNRA to age 70 as shown below.

Birth Date	Current	Scenarios 2 and 3
Before 1/1/1938	65	70
1/1/1938 to 12/31/1954	66	70
On or after 1/1/1955	67	70

• We have included two separate scenarios to illustrate the impact of the change in age at which the benefit reduces.



Group J Proposed Changes (Continued)

- Scenario 2 illustrates the results of changing the age at which the benefit is reduced and assumes no change in the timing of retirements.
- Scenario 3 reflects both a change in the benefit reduction age and a change in the timing of retirements due to the proposed benefit change. Because the proposal has an effective date of July 1, 2024, members may choose to delay retirement until after July 1, 2024 in order to have their benefits reduced at a later age. Therefore, modified lower retirement rates were assumed for plan years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, and modified higher retirement rates were assumed for plan year ending June 30, 2025.
- Scenario 4 is the combined impact of Scenarios 1 and 2, and assumes no change in the timing of retirements.
- Scenario 5 is the combined impact of Scenarios 1 and 3, and assumes the modified retirement rates used for Scenario 3.



Group F Proposed Changes

Following is a summary of the proposed changes for Group F included in this analysis:

- For the first proposal (Scenario 1), effective July 1, 2023, the DSRP eligibility requirement would be changed from age 46 with 25 years of service to eligibility for normal retirement (age 55 with 15 years of service or 25 years of service with no age requirement).
 - Retirement rates in Scenario 1 have been adjusted to reflect that some participants who first reach normal retirement eligibility at age 55 with at least 15 years and less than 25 years of service will enter DRSP earlier than they were assumed to retire under the current provisions (since these members could not previously participate in the DRSP).

Current DRSP Eligibility	Proposed DRSP Eligibility
Age 46 with 25 Years of Service	Age 55 with 15 Years of Service OR Any
	Age with 25 Years of Service (normal
	retirement eligibility conditions)

• The second proposal (Scenario 2) would increase the age at which the benefit changes for members who retire on or after July 1, 2023 from SSNRA to age 70 as shown below.

	Age at Reduction of Group F Benefit					
Birth Date	Current	Scenario 2				
Before 1/1/1938	65	70				
1/1/1938 to 12/31/1954	66	70				
On or after 1/1/1955	67	70				

- For the third proposal (Scenario 3 and Scenario 4), effective January 1, 2025, the benefit accrual rate would be increased from 2.40 percent to 2.60 percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) for the first 25 years of credited service, and remain from 2.40 percent of AFE for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 34 years (decreased from a maximum of 36 years), including sick leave credits. The benefit accrual rate after attainment of Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) is 68.75 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA (31.25 percent reduction) for each year of credited service, to a maximum of 34 years, for pay up to Social Security Covered Compensation (SSCC).
 - Scenario 3 illustrates the results of changing the benefit accrual rates and assumes no change in the timing of retirements.
 - Scenario 4 reflects both a change in the benefit accrual rates and a change in the timing of retirements due to the proposed benefit change. Because the proposal has an effective date of January 1, 2025, members may choose to delay retirement until after January 1, 2025 in order to receive a benefit (at a later age) based on a higher benefit accrual rate. Therefore, modified lower retirement rates were assumed for plan years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, and modified higher retirement rates were assumed for plan year ending June 30, 2025.



Group F Proposed Changes (Continued)

			Post-SSNRA					
Group F Rates	Pre-S	SNRA	Current Rates			Proposed Rates		
	Current	Proposed			In Excess of			In Excess of
Years of Service	Rates	Rates	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC
Up to 25	2.40%	2.60%	1.65%	31.25%	2.40%	1.78750%	31.25%	2.60%
25-36 (25-34 Proposed)	2.40%	2.40%	1.65%	31.25%	2.40%	1.65000%	31.25%	2.40%

Please see the table below summarizing the change in benefit accrual rates.

Credit for sick leave service is granted in accordance with the accrual rates above.

- Scenario 5 is the combined impact of Scenarios 1, 2 and 3 and assumes no change in the timing of retirements.
- Scenario 6 is the combined impact of Scenarios 1, 2 and 4 and assumes the modified retirement rates used for Scenario 4.

The proposed change in the benefit accrual rates would result in an increase in benefits for affected members. Increasing the benefit accrual rate would result in the following percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) if retiring with 25 years of service, 30 years of service, 34 years of service and 36 years of service (for pay up to SSCC for post-SSNRA benefits) for Group F.

	Percentage of Average Final Earnings Based on Years of Service									
	Pre-SSNRA				Post-SSNRA					
	25	30	34	36	25	30	34	36		
Current Rates Group F	60.000%	72.000%	81.600%	86.400%	41.250%	49.500%	56.100%	59.400%		
New Rates Group F	65.000%	77.000%	86.600%	86.600%	44.688%	52.938%	59.538%	59.538%		



Group G Proposed Changes

Following is a summary of the proposed changes for Group G included in this analysis:

- The current Cost-of-Living adjustment (COLA) on retiree benefits is based on the change in Consumer Price Index (CPI).
 - For members enrolled prior to July 1, 1978, the COLA is unlimited
 - For members enrolled on or after July 1, 1978 and retired prior to March 1, 2000, the COLA is equal to 60 percent of the change in CPI, limited to 5.0 percent (unless disabled or over age 65, then no maximum).
 - For members enrolled on or after July 1, 1978 and retire on or after March 1, 2000, the COLA on the benefit attributable to pre-July 1, 2011 service is equal 100 percent of the change in CPI up to 3.0 percent and 60 percent of increase in excess of 3.0 percent up to a total adjustment of 7.5 percent (unless disabled or over age 65, then no maximum)
 - The COLA on the benefit attributable to post-July 1, 2011 service is equal 100 percent of the change in CPI up to 2.5 percent.
- The first proposal (Scenario 1), effective December 31, 2023, would cap the total increase for members enrolled on or after July 1, 1978 and retired on or after March 1, 2000 at 5.0 percent (compared to the current cap of 7.5 percent) and apply this same provision to the benefit attributable to post-July 1, 2011 service (instead of capping the increase at 2.5 percent).
 - The COLA assumptions would change as follows:

	Current	Scenario 1	Change
Enrolled prior to 7/1/1978	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%
Enrolled on or after 7/1/1978 and retired prior to 3/1/2000	1.50%	1.50%	0.00%
Enrolled on or after 7/1/1978 and retire on or after 3/1/2000	2.50%	2.45%	-0.05%
Benefits attributable to service after 7/1/2011	2.20%	2.45%	0.25%

- In order to review the COLA assumption, we performed a simulation of inflation assuming that inflation is normally distributed with a mean return equal to the current inflation assumption of 2.50 percent and a standard deviation of 1.49 percent (used in the most recent experience study). We then determined a simulated COLA increase based on simulated inflation and applying the COLA provisions under the current and proposed provisions.
- The COLA cap change is assumed to affect both current and future benefit recipients who enrolled on or after July 1, 1978 and retired (or retire) on or after March 1, 2000.
- For the second proposal (Scenario 2), effective July 1, 2023, the benefit accrual rate would be increased from 2.50 percent to 2.60 percent of Average final Earnings (AFE) for the first 20 years of credited service, increased from 2.00 percent to 2.60 of AFE for each year of credited service in excess of 20 years, but less than 25 years, and decreased from 2.00 percent to 1.25 percent of AFE for each year of credited service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits. The benefit accrual rate after attainment of Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) is 68.75 percent of the benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA for pay up to Social Security Covered Compensation (SSCC).



Group G Proposed Changes (Continued)

			Post-SSNRA						
Group G Rates	Pre-S	SNRA		Current Rates	5	Proposed Rates			
	Current	Proposed			In Excess of			In Excess of	
Years of Service	Rates	Rates	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC	Up to SSCC	Reduction	SSCC	
Up to 20	2.50%	2.60%	1.71875%	31.25%	2.50%	1.78750%	31.25%	2.60%	
20-25	2.00%	2.60%	1.37500%	31.25%	2.00%	1.78750%	31.25%	2.60%	
25-31	2.00%	1.25%	1.37500%	31.25%	2.00%	0.85938%	31.25%	1.25%	
Sick Leave	5.00%	5.00%	3.43750%	31.25%	5.00%	3.43750%	31.25%	5.00%	

Please see the table below summarizing the change in benefit accrual rates.

• Scenario 3 is the combined impact of Scenarios 1 and 2.

The proposed change in the benefit accrual rates would result in an increase in benefits for affected members. Increasing the benefit accrual rate would result in the following percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) if retiring with 20 years of service, 25 years of service, 27.5 years of service and 30 years of service (for pay up to SSCC for post-SSNRA benefits) for Group G.

		Percentage of Average Final Earnings Based on Years of Service									
		Pre-SSNRA				Post-SSNRA					
	20	25	27.5	30	20	25	27.5	30			
Current Rates Group G	50.000%	60.000%	65.000%	70.000%	34.375%	41.250%	44.688%	48.125%			
New Rates Group G	52.000%	65.000%	68.125%	71.250%	35.750%	44.688%	46.836%	48.984%			

The estimated cost impact is measured based on an updated baseline scenario.

- The updated baseline is based on the following recently passed legislation.
 - The benefit accrual rate is 5.00 percent of Average Final Earnings (AFE) from retirement to Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) and 3.4375 percent of AFE after attainment of SSNRA for each year of sick leave credits. The benefit accrual rate after attainment of SSNRA is 68.75 percent of benefit accrual rate prior to SSNRA for pay up to SSCC.



Retirement	Rates
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	C	Groups E and J		Group F					
			First DROP						
	Under 25	25 Years of	Eligibility	Under 25		25 Years of	Scenarios 1 and 5		
	Years of	Service and	(Group E	Years of	25 Years of	Service and	Under 25 Years of		
Age	Service	Over	Only)	Service	Service	Over	Service*		
Under 42	3.50%	3.50%		2.50%	10.00%	10.00%	2.50%		
42	3.50%	3.50%		2.50%	10.00%	10.00%	2.50%		
43	3.50%	3.50%		2.50%	10.00%	10.00%	2.50%		
44	3.50%	3.50%		2.50%	10.00%	10.00%	2.50%		
45	3.50%	8.00%		2.50%	10.00%	10.00%	2.50%		
46	3.50%	8.00%	18.00%	3.00%	10.00%	10.00%	3.00%		
47	3.50%	8.00%	18.00%	4.00%	10.00%	10.00%	4.00%		
48	3.50%	8.00%	18.00%	4.00%	10.00%	10.00%	4.00%		
49	5.00%	20.00%	30.00%	4.00%	10.00%	10.00%	4.00%		
50	7.50%	20.00%	30.00%	8.00%	18.00%	18.00%	8.00%		
51	7.50%	20.00%	30.00%	8.00%	18.00%	18.00%	8.00%		
52	7.50%	20.00%	30.00%	8.00%	18.00%	18.00%	8.00%		
53	7.50%	20.00%	30.00%	8.00%	20.00%	20.00%	8.00%		
54	7.50%	20.00%	30.00%	12.00%	20.00%	20.00%	12.00%		
55	15.00%	30.00%	25.00%	12.00%	50.00%	35.00%	36.00%		
56	15.00%	30.00%	25.00%	12.00%	50.00%	35.00%	36.00%		
57	15.00%	30.00%	25.00%	15.00%	50.00%	35.00%	45.00%		
58	15.00%	30.00%	25.00%	15.00%	50.00%	35.00%	45.00%		
59	15.00%	30.00%	25.00%	15.00%	50.00%	35.00%	45.00%		
60	15.00%	30.00%	50.00%	20.00%	65.00%	50.00%	60.00%		
61	15.00%	30.00%	50.00%	20.00%	65.00%	50.00%	60.00%		
62	15.00%	30.00%	50.00%	20.00%	65.00%	50.00%	60.00%		
63	15.00%	30.00%	50.00%	25.00%	65.00%	50.00%	25.00%		
64	15.00%	30.00%	50.00%	25.00%	65.00%	50.00%	25.00%		
65	50.00%	50.00%	85.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		
66	50.00%	50.00%	85.00%						
67	50.00%	50.00%	85.00%						
68	50.00%	50.00%	85.00%						
69	50.00%	50.00%	85.00%						
70	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%						

* Modified rates for Group F in scenarios 1 and 5 (DRSP eligibility scenarios) only apply for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. For subsequent years, the rates used for scenarios 1 and 5 are tripled for members first reaching retirement eligibility at age 55 with less than 25 years of service.

For Group E, under scenarios 2 and 6, and for Group J, under scenarios 3 and 5, (benefits reduce at age 70), the retirement rates are decreased by 50% from the current rate used in the actuarial valuation for fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024. Additionally, the retirement rates are increased by 185% for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

For Group F, Under Scenarios 4 and 6 (benefit accrual rate change), the retirement rates are decreased by 80% from the current rate used in the actuarial valuation for fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024. Additionally, the retirement rates are increased by 185% for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.



1. <u>Social Security Wage Base</u>

For any particular year, the maximum amount of earnings creditable for benefit computation purposes under the Old Age, Survivors and Disabilities Insurance Program established by the Federal Social Security Act.

Year	Social Security Taxable Wage Base
2011	\$106,800
2012	\$110,100
2013	\$113,700
2014	\$117,000
2015	\$118,500
2016	\$118,500
2017	\$127,200
2018	\$128,400
2019	\$132,900
2020	\$137,700
2021	\$142,800
2022	\$147,000

2. Social Security Maximum Compensation Level

The maximum dollar amount of earnings upon which Social Security benefits are based, assuming: (1) an employee's annual compensation is at least as great as the taxable wage base each year, for a 35-year period through the year in which the employee attains Social Security Retirement Age, (2) the employee remained in covered employment during each calendar year, and (3) the taxable wage base stays level from date of retirement to Social Security Retirement Age.

Following are the 2022 Covered Compensation levels published by the Internal Revenue Service for select ages.

	Calendar Year of Social	2022 Covered Compensation
Calendar Year of Birth	Security Retirement Age	Table II
1955	2022	\$91,884
1956	2023	94,800
1957	2024	97,620
1958	2025	100,356
1959	2026	103,032

3. Social Security Retirement Age

Age 65 for employees born prior to January 1, 1938. Age 66 for employees born on or after January 1, 1938, and prior to January 1, 1955. Age 67 for employees born on or after January 1, 1955.



4. Regular Earnings

Gross pay for actual hours worked, excluding overtime. Imputed Compensation for FY2010 only (effective July 1, 2009):

 Regular earnings for a Group A, E, J or H member who is employed on July 1, 2009, includes amounts as if the member had received an increase of 4.5% in the member's gross pay as of July 1, 2009, except for the purpose of calculating a member's contribution.

5. <u>Benefits</u>

A. Normal Retirement Date:

Age and Service Requirement:

Group E, J: Age 55 and 15 years of credited service, or age 46 and 25 years of credited service.

- Group F: Age 55 and 15 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service (effective July 1, 2008; previously, age 55 and 15 years of credited service, or age 46 and 25 years of credited service).
- Group G: Age 55 and 15 years of credited service, or any age with 20 years of credited service (effective July 1, 2007; previously age 55 and 15 years of credited service, or any age with 25 years of credited service).
- B. Benefit Amount:
 - 1. <u>Optional non-integrated plan</u>: All groups other than Group E, J, F or G 2 percent of average final earnings multiplied by years of credited service, up to a maximum of 36 years, plus sick leave credits.
 - Group E, J: 2.4 percent of average final earnings for each of the first 25 years of credited service, plus 2 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service after 25 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits. Sick leave credit in excess of 25 years is credited at 2 percent of average final earnings.
 - Group F: 2.4 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service, up to a maximum of 36 years, plus sick leave credits.
 - Group G: 2.5 percent of average final earnings for each of the first 20 years of credited service, plus 2 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service after 20 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits (effective July 1, 2007; previously 2 percent of average final earnings for each of the first 20 years of credited service, plus 3 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service from 21st year through 24th year, plus 8 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service after 25 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits.



2. Integrated plans:

- a. From date of retirement to Social Security Retirement Age:
 - Group E, J: 2.4 percent of average final earnings for each of the first 25 years of credited service, plus 2 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service more than 25 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits.
 - Group F: 2.4 percent of average final earnings multiplied by years of credited service, up to a maximum of 36 years of service including sick leave credits. (Effective 7/1/2008; previously 2.4 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service, up to a maximum of 30 years, plus sick leave credits. Sick leave credit in excess of 30 years is credited at 2 percent of average final earnings).
 - Group G: 2.5 percent of average final earnings for each of the first 20 years of credited service, plus 2 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service after 20 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits (effective 7/1/2007; previously 2 percent of average final earnings for each of the first 20 years of credited service, plus 3 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service from 21st year through 24th year, plus 8 percent of average final earnings for each year of the 25th year of credited service, plus 2 percent of average final earnings for each year of credited service after 25 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits).
- b. From attainment of Social Security Retirement Age:
 - Group E, J: 1.25 percent (effective 7/1/2009: 1.65 percent) of average final earnings up to Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 31 years plus sick leave credits, plus 2.4 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation for each of the first 25 years, and 2 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service after 25 years up to a maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits. Sick leave credits used for years in excess of 25 years is credited at 2 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation.
 - Group F: 1.65 percent of average final earnings up to Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 36 years including sick leave credits and 2.4 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 36 years including sick leave credits. (Effective 7/1/2008; previously 1.65 percent of average final earnings up to Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years, plus 1.25 percent of average final earnings up to Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service in excess of 30 years, plus sick leave credits, and 2.4 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years, plus sick leave credits. Sick leave credits used for years in excess of 30 years is credited at 2 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation).



Appendix

Group G: 1.71875 percent of average final earnings up to Social Security maximum covered compensation (2.5 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation) for each of the first 20 years of credited service, plus 1.375 percent of average final earnings up to Social Security maximum covered compensation (2 percent of average final earnings above Social Security maximum covered compensation) for each year of credited service after 20 years up to maximum of 31 years, plus sick leave credits.

6. Post-Retirement Increases

Optional non-integrated plan: Annual adjustment to the benefit equal to 100 percent of the change in Consumer Price Index for the Washington Metro Area for years and months of credited service before July 1, 2011. For years and months of credited service after June 30, 2011, any adjustment will not exceed 2.5 percent.

Optional integrated plan: Annual adjustment to the benefit equal to 100 percent of the change in Consumer Price Index for the Washington Metro Area for years and months of credited service before July 1, 2011. For years and months of credited service after June 30, 2011, any adjustment will not exceed 2.5 percent.

Mandatory integrated plan:

- Participants who enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, and retired before November 1, 2001 Annual adjustment to the benefit equal to 60 percent of CPI increase, limited to 5 percent. However, if over age 65 or disabled, then the maximum limit of 5 percent does not apply.
- Participants who enrolled on or after July 1, 1978, and retired on or after November 1, 2001

 Annual adjustment to the benefit equal to 100 percent of the change in Consumer Price Index for the Washington Metro Area up to 3 percent, plus 60 percent of any change in Consumer Price Index greater than 3 percent, not to exceed a total of 7.5 percent for years and months of credited service before July 1, 2011. The maximum 7.5 percent does not apply to disability retirees or retirees over age 65 for years of service before July 1, 2011. For years and months of credited service after June 30, 2011, any adjustment will not exceed 2.5 percent.

COLA Granted July 1	100% of CPI, pre 7/1/2011 service	100% of CPI, capped at 2.5%, post 7/1/2011 service	60% of CPI
2020	-0.088%	-0.088%	-0.053%
2021	3.797%	2.500%	2.278%
2022	7.518%	2.500%	4.511%

Following are the recent COLA increases granted July 1.

Disability Benefits:

For a disability occurring after June 30, 2011, as determined by the Disability Review Panel, any post-retirement adjustment of the disability retirement benefit will not exceed 2.5 percent.



Sick Leave:

For purposes of applying any post-retirement adjustment, any sick leave will be credited as years and months of service as of the date of retirement. For participants who retire after July 1, 2011, any post-retirement adjustment will not exceed 2.5 percent on any sick leave credited as years and months of service.

DRSP Participants:

Effective July 1, 2011, any additional sick leave credited as years and months of service at DRSP exit is subject to the 2.5 percent post-retirement adjustment limit.

DROP Participants:

Effective July 1, 2011, any additional sick leave credited as years and months of service at DROP exit is subject to the 2.5 percent post-retirement adjustment limit.

Transferred Service:

For purposes of applying any post-retirement adjustment, any transferred service will be credited as years and months of service as of the date a properly completed application is filed with the Benefits Team. For applications to transfer service credit filed after June 30, 2011, any post-retirement adjustment will not exceed 2.5 percent on the transferred service.

Purchased Service:

For purposes of applying any post-retirement adjustment, any purchased service will be credited as years and months of service as of the date a properly completed application is filed with the Benefits Team. For applications to purchase service credit filed after June 30, 2011, any post-retirement adjustment will not exceed 2.5 percent on the purchased service.

7. <u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for Group E</u> (effective 7/1/2015)

A. Eligibility for DROP entry:

Any group E and J uniformed correctional officers or sworn deputy sheriffs who are at least 55 years old and have at least 15 years of credited service or have attained age 46 and 25 years of credited service may participate in the DROP plan.

B. Exit from DROP:

The first day of any month not to exceed 36 months.



C. The DROP account is:

- A member-directed account outside the System's usual investment.
- Credited with the investment gains and losses of the chosen investments.
- Credited with the monthly benefits that the member would have received if the member had retired at DROP entry.

Upon exit from DROP, the member can receive the DROP account as a lump sum payment or as actuarially equivalent monthly benefits.

D.Post-DROP monthly benefit:

The amount the participant would have received at DROP entry with post-retirement increases for the period in DROP.

E. Disability while in DROP:

Non-Service Connected: The member will receive a pension benefit calculated as if they retired with a non-service connected disability on the date they exited DROP and their DROP account.

Service Connected Disability: The member can elect (i) their DROP account and the post-DROP monthly benefit or (ii) a disability benefit calculated as if the member had never entered DROP.

F. Death while in DROP:

The beneficiary will receive the greater of (i) the death benefit that the beneficiary would have received if the member had died at DROP entry with post-retirement increases plus the DROP account or (ii) the death benefit calculated as if the member had never entered DROP.

G.Member Contributions:

Members do not contribute while in DROP.

8. <u>Discontinued Retirement Service Program (DRSP) for Group F</u> (effective 7/1/2008)

A. Eligibility for DRSP entry:

Any group F member who has attained age 46 and 25 years of credited service may participate in the DRSP plan.

B. Exit from DRSP:

The first day of any month not to exceed 36 months.



C. The DRSP account is:

- A member-directed account outside the System's usual investment.
- Credited with the investment gains and losses of the chosen investments.
- Credited with the monthly benefits that the member would have received if the member had retired at DRSP entry.

Upon exit from DRSP, the member can receive the DRSP account as a lump sum payment or as actuarially equivalent monthly benefits.

D.Post-DRSP monthly benefit:

The amount the participant would have received at DRSP entry with post-retirement increases for the period in DRSP.

E. Disability while in DRSP:

Non-Service Connected: The member will receive a pension benefit calculated as if they retired with a non-service connected disability on the date they exited DRSP and their DRSP account.

Service Connected Disability: The member can elect (i) their DRSP account and the post-DRSP monthly benefit or (ii) a disability benefit calculated as if the member had never entered DRSP.

F. Death while in DRSP:

The beneficiary will receive the greater of (i) the death benefit that the beneficiary would have received if the member had died at DRSP entry with post-retirement increases plus the DRSP account or (ii) the death benefit calculated as if the member had never entered DRSP.

G.Member Contributions:

Members do not contribute while in DRSP.

9. Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for Group G

A. Eligibility for DROP entry:

Any group G member who has met the age and service requirements for a normal retirement may participate in the DROP plan (*effective 7/1/2007; previously only Group G members with at least 25 years of credited service*).

B. Exit from DROP:

The first day of any month not to exceed 36 months.



C. The DROP account collects:

- The member's contributions while in DROP.
- The monthly benefits that the member would have received if the member had retired at DROP entry.
- 7.5 percent interest on the amount in the account at the beginning of each calendar quarter (8.25 percent interest for members enrolled in DROP before July 1, 2013).

Upon exit from DROP, the member can receive the DROP account as a lump sum payment or as actuarially equivalent monthly benefits.

D.Post-DROP monthly benefit:

The amount the participant would have received at DROP entry with post-retirement increases for the period in DROP.

E. Disability while in DROP:

Non-Service Connected: The member will receive a pension benefit calculated as if they retired with a non-service connected disability on the date they entered DROP and their DROP account.

Service Connected Disability: The member can elect (i) their DROP account and the post-DROP monthly benefit or (ii) a disability benefit calculated as if the member had never entered DROP.

F. Death while in DROP:

The beneficiary will receive the greater of (i) the death benefit that the beneficiary would have received if the member had died at DROP entry with post-retirement increases plus the DROP account or (ii) the death benefit calculated as if the member had never entered DROP.



Racial Equity and Social Justice (RESJ) Impact Statement

Office of Legislative Oversight

EXPEDITEDFIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES - CREDITED SERVICE FORBILL 21-23:GROUP G MEMBERS

SUMMARY

The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 will have a minimal, negative impact on racial equity and social justice (RESJ) in the County, as it would potentially reallocate \$2.6 to \$3.6 million annually in funding for programs benefitting all residents to Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Services (MCFRS) employees who are disproportionately White. OLO offers one policy option for Council consideration to improve the RESJ impact of this Bill.

PURPOSE OF RESJ IMPACT STATEMENTS

The purpose of RESJ impact statements (RESJIS) is to evaluate the anticipated impact of legislation on racial equity and social justice in the County. Racial equity and social justice refer to a **process** that focuses on centering the needs, leadership, and power of communities of color and low-income communities with a **goal** of eliminating racial and social inequities.¹ Achieving racial equity and social justice usually requires seeing, thinking, and working differently to address the racial and social harms that have caused racial and social inequities.²

PURPOSE OF EXPEDITED BILL 21-23

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS) is one of five retirement plans offered to County employees.³ The ERS is a defined benefit plan, which provides a fixed, pre-established benefit for employees at retirement.⁴ Within the County ERS, Group G employees include paid firefighters, paid fire officer, and paid rescue service personnel.⁵

The goal of Bill 21-23 is to implement provisions in the Memorandum of Agreement negotiated between the County Executive and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighter Association, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664, AFL-CIO (IAFF). If enacted, the Bill would make the following changes to retirement plans:⁶

- Increase the Optional Retirement Plan and Integrated Retirement Plan pension multipliers in Group G of the ERS. Pension multipliers, which are set by law at a fixed percentage, are one of several factors used in determining the amount of an employee's pension.
- Modify the sick leave benefit credit for certain Group G employees to correct an oversight in previous legislation submitted to the Council.
- Amend the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) provided to certain Group G members. The COLA adjusts pension benefits annually to keep up with inflation.

The proposed changes would increase County expenditures by approximately \$2.6 million in FY24, increasing annually to \$3.6 million by FY29. County revenues would not be impacted.⁷

Expedited Bill 21-23, Fire and Rescue Services – Credited Service for Group G Members, was introduced by the Council President on behalf of the County Executive on April 11, 2023.

Office of Legislative Oversight

April 25, 2023 (66)

RESJ Impact Statement Expedited Bill 21-23

In August 2022, OLO published a RESJIS for Bill 23-22, Personnel and Human Resources – Pension Amount – Group G. OLO builds on Bill 23-22's analysis for this RESJIS.

FIRE PERSONNEL AND RACIAL EQUITY

While civil service positions can offer a pathway to economic stability and mobility, inequitable policies and practices have put careers in public safety particularly out of reach for many Black, Indigenous, and Other People of Color (BIPOC).⁸

Historically, societal beliefs in White supremacy contributed to the concept that White men were most suited for firefighting because they best demonstrated the traits of manliness, bravery, and nobility.⁹ These beliefs extended to perceptions of the prototypical firefighter, despite a rich history of Black firefighting heroes going back to the early 19th century.^{10,11} Post-segregation, racial discrimination in firefighting was reinforced through nepotism and cronyism, and through training and testing requirements that hindered BIPOC applicants. Meanwhile, White male recruits often received special mentoring and reduced scrutiny in hiring.¹² Similar exclusions also prevented women from entering firefighting professions.¹³ A Washington Post article from 1987 highlights how the underrepresentation of BIPOC and women in fire services has been a persistent problem in the County.¹⁴

Policies and practices rooted in historical racial inequities have resulted in the underrepresentation of BIPOC and overrepresentation of White people among public safety professionals today, including police and fire service personnel. In terms of fire personnel, national data demonstrates that among employed people 16 years or older:¹⁵

- 6.7 percent were Asian compared to 1.5 percent of firefighters.
- 12.6 percent were Black compared to 9.9 percent of firefighters.
- 77.0 percent were White compared to 85.5 percent of firefighters.
- 18.5 percent were Latinx compared to 15.2 percent of firefighters.

Local data also demonstrates that BIPOC are underrepresented among Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Service (MCFRS) personnel, while White people are overrepresented. Specifically, among constituents 18 years or older:^{16,17}

- 15.9 percent were Asian compared to 2.2 percent of uniformed MCFRS personnel.
- 17.7 percent were Black compared to 9.2 percent of uniformed MCFRS personnel.
- 43.4 percent were White compared to 72.6 percent of uniformed MCFRS personnel.
- 18.6 percent were Latinx compared to 7.0 percent of uniformed MCFRS personnel.

ANTICIPATED RESJ IMPACTS

Bill 21-23 would effectively increase pension benefits for certain Group G members in the County ERS. To consider the anticipated impact of Bill 21-23 on RESJ in the County, OLO recommends the consideration of two related questions:

RESJ Impact Statement Expedited Bill 21-23

- Who are the primary beneficiaries of this bill?
- What racial and social inequities could passage of this bill weaken or strengthen?

For the first question, OLO considered the demographics of uniformed MCFRS personnel in the County, as they would benefit from the increased pension proposed in this Bill. As previously described, local data suggests White people are overrepresented among uniformed MCFRS personnel, while BIPOC are underrepresented.

For the second question, OLO considered how the Bill could affect representation in firefighting, given the pervasive underrepresentation of BIPOC in the profession. While the increased pension could generally attract more people to firefighting roles in the County – absent changes to recruitment strategies, hiring and promotion practices, and organizational culture – it is unlikely this incentive alone would attract/retain sufficient BIPOC to reduce existing disparities.

Taken together, OLO anticipates Bill 21-23 will have a negative impact on RESJ in the County, since it would disproportionately benefit White MCFRS employees and likely not address existing racial disparities among MCFRS personnel. Given the estimated cost of the Bill, OLO anticipates the negative RESJ impact will be minimal.

RECOMMENDED AMENDMENTS

The Racial Equity and Social Justice Act requires OLO to consider whether recommended amendments to bills aimed at narrowing racial and social inequities are warranted in developing RESJ impact statements.¹⁸ OLO anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 will have a negative impact on RESJ in the County. Should the Council seek to improve the RESJ impact of this Bill, the following policy option can be considered:

• Review findings from MCFRS comprehensive equity assessment and implement necessary policy changes/investments for diversifying the MCFRS workforce and addressing other RESJ concerns. During FY22, MCFRS contracted with the National Academy of Public Administration (NAPA) to conduct a comprehensive equity assessment, including "a review of existing and proposed policies, practices, programs, and services for disparate outcomes based on gender, race, religion, sexual orientation, and other socioeconomic factors."¹⁹ The Council could use findings from the report to identify and implement policy solutions/investments for diversifying the MCFRS workforce and addressing other RESJ concerns that may arise from the assessment. Per Council staff, the report was completed in September 2022.²⁰

CAVEATS

Two caveats to this racial equity and social justice impact statement should be noted. First, predicting the impact of legislation on racial equity and social justice is a challenging analytical endeavor due to data limitations, uncertainty, and other factors. Second, this RESJ impact statement is intended to inform the legislative process rather than determine whether the Council should enact legislation. Thus, any conclusion made in this statement does not represent OLO's endorsement of, or objection to, the bill under consideration.

RESJ Impact Statement Expedited Bill 21-23

CONTRIBUTIONS

OLO staffer Janmarie Peña, Performance Management and Data Analyst, drafted this RESJ impact statement.

⁶ Introduction Staff Report for Expedited Bill 21-23, Montgomery County Council, Introduced April 11, 2023.

https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council/Resources/Files/agenda/col/2023/20230411/20230411_8C.pdf ⁷ Ibid

⁸ Ginger Adams Otis, "Why So Few of New York's Bravest are Black," The Atlantic, June 6, 2015. <u>https://www.theatlantic.com/politics/archive/2015/06/black-firefighters-matter/394946/</u>

⁹ Clarence Taylor, "Black Firefighters and the FDNY," Book review of David Goldberg, Black Firefighters and the FDNY: The Struggle for Jobs, Justice, & Equity in New York City, New York Labor History Association, 2021.

http://newyorklaborhistory.org/web/?page_id=1714

- ¹⁰ Addington Stewart, "I Was a Firefighter for 35 Years. Racism Today is as Bad as Ever." The New York Times, September 12, 2018. <u>https://www.nytimes.com/2018/09/12/opinion/the-racism-inside-fire-departments.html</u>
- ¹¹ "Inspired by the Past, Driven in the Present and Energized for the Future," U.S. Fire Administration, January 20, 2023.
- https://www.usfa.fema.gov/blog/ci-021722.html

¹² Stewart

¹³ Otis

¹⁴ Jo-Ann Armao, "Minorities, Women are Rate in Montgomery Fire System," The Washington Post, October 6, 1987. <u>https://www.washingtonpost.com/archive/politics/1987/10/06/minorities-women-are-rare-in-montgomery-fire-system/d4272084-</u> <u>9cf1-4fb0-8c03-4f26a6830da7/</u>

¹⁵ Employed persons by detailed occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2022. Note: Latinx people are included in multiple racial groups for this data point. <u>https://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsaat11.htm</u> ¹⁶ Table P4: Hispanic or Latino, and Not Hispanic or Latino by Race for the Population 18 Years and Over, 2020 Decennial Census, Census Bureau. Note: for comparison, Latinx people are not included in other racial groups for this data point.

¹⁷ OLO analysis of unpublished Office of Human Resources (OHR) data as of May 6, 2022. Note: OHR tracks Latinx as a distinct racial category, thus Latinx people are not included in other racial groups for this data point.

¹⁸ Bill 27-19, Administration – Human Rights – Office of Racial Equity and Social Justice – Racial Equity and Social Justice Advisory Committee – Established, Montgomery County Council

¹⁹ Memorandum from Susan Farag to Public Safety Committee, "MCFRS Audit" in Worksession: FY23 Operating Budget Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Service (PDF page 12), Montgomery County Council, Montgomery County, Maryland, April 15, 2022. <u>https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council/Resources/Files/agenda/cm/2022/20220420/20220420_PS3.pdf</u>

²⁰ Staff Report for Public Safety Committee Worksession, Montgomery County Council, April 21, 2023.

https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/council/Resources/Files/agenda/cm/2023/20230421/20230421 PS1.pdf

¹ Definition of racial equity and social justice adopted from "Applying a Racial Equity Lens into Federal Nutrition Programs" by Marlysa Gamblin, et.al. Bread for the World, and from Racial Equity Tools. https://www.racialequitytools.org/glossary ² Ibid

³ About Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans, Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans. <u>https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/mcerp/about.html</u>

⁴ Defined Benefit Plan, Internal Revenue Service, Updated June 15, 2022. <u>https://www.irs.gov/retirement-plans/defined-benefit-plan</u>

⁵ Summary Description for Sworn Fire Personnel in Retirement Group G, Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans, August 2022. https://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/mcerp/Resources/Files/9 2022%20GroupG%20Sworn%20Fire.pdf

Montgomery County, Maryland

ExpeditedFire and Rescue Services – CreditedBill 21-23Service for Group G Members

SUMMARY

The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 would have a moderate negative impact on economic conditions in the County in terms of the Council's priority indicators. By modifying the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) and increasing the pension amount for certain Group G members, the Bill would increase the actuarial value of income for current and future Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Services (MCFRS) employees who participate in the Employees' Retirement System. Based on the low rates of County residence among retired MCFRS employees, a minor share of the income increase likely would go to residents. The remainder would constitute significant capital outflows in the form of government revenue used to fund pension increases for the majority of retired MCFRS employees who would reside outside the County. Capital outflows would result in forgone economic activity that would negatively impact residents and private organizations. Moreover, capital outflows caused by the policy change would occur indefinitely if low rates of County residence among MCFRS retirees continue. Because there are no indications current residence patterns among current and retired MCFRS employees will drastically change, OLO believes the negative impacts of the Bill would be significant in the long term.

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE OF EXPEDITED BILL 21-23

The goal of Expedited Bill 21-23 is to implement provisions in the Collective Bargaining Agreement that were negotiated between the County Executive and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighter Association, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664, AFL-CIO (IAFF). The Bill seeks to do so by making the changes to the County Code regarding retirement plans for Group G members who participate in the Montgomery County Employees' Retirement System. Eligible Group G members include personnel within the Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Services (MCFRS), namely full-time and career part-time paid firefighters, fire officers, and rescue service personnel.¹ If enacted, the Bill would make the following changes to the retirement plans:

- Adjust the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) provided to certain Group G members.
- Increase the pension amount for Group G members.
- Modify the sick leave benefit credit to correct an oversight in previous legislation submitted to the Council.²

To estimate the Bill's fiscal impact to the Montgomery County Employee's Retirement System, GRS performed an actuarial analysis, which is summarized in the Office of Management and Budget's Fiscal Impact Statement. The actuarial analysis

¹ <u>Summary Description for Sworn Fire Personnel in Retirement Group G</u>.

² Introduction Staff Report for Expedited Bill 21-23.

determined that the COLA adjustment and pension increase would have a fiscal impact; the change to the sick leave credit would not. See **Table 1** for the annual and total fiscal impacts over the next six fiscal years.³

Retirement Change	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	Total
COLA Adjustment	\$605,046	\$1,246,394	\$1,283,785	\$1,322,299	\$1,361,968	\$1,361,968	\$7,181,460
Pension Increase	\$1,995,524	\$2,055,390	\$2,117,051	\$2,180,563	\$2,245,980	\$2,245,980	\$12,840,488
Total	\$2,600,570	\$3,301,784	\$3,400,836	\$3,502,862	\$3,607,948	\$3,607,948	\$20,021,948

Table 1. Estimated Fiscal Impacts of Expedited Bill 21-23

Data Source: Office of Management and Budget

The Council President introduced Expedited Bill 21-23 on behalf of the County Executive on April 11, 2023.

INFORMATION SOURCES, METHODOLOGIES, AND ASSUMPTIONS

Per Section 2-81B of the Montgomery County Code, the purpose of this Economic Impact Statement is to assess, both, the impacts of Expedited Bill 21-23 on residents and private organizations in terms of the Council's priority economic indicators and whether the Bill would have a net positive or negative impact on overall economic conditions in the County.⁴

In this statement, OLO estimates how much of the pension increase likely would go to resident and nonresident households. The amount that would likely go to nonresident households represents the magnitude of the capital outflow.

Because OLO does not know how County revenues used to fund the pension increases would otherwise be used in the absence of enacting the Bill, OLO limits the scope of the analysis to the economic impacts of increased pension payments. That is, this analysis does <u>not</u> account for the economic impacts of alternative government spending in the amount of the capital outflow.

The analysis here draws on the following sources of information:

- OMB's Fiscal Impact Statement for Expedited Bill 21-23; and
- Data on the residence of active and retired MCFRS employees provided by the Office of Human Resources (OHR).

VARIABLES

The primary variables that would affect the economic impacts of enacting Expedited Bill 21-23 are the following:

- total annual pension payments; and
- place of residence.

2

⁴ Montgomery County Code, <u>Sec. 2-81B</u>.

IMPACTS

WORKFORCE = TAXATION POLICY = PROPERTY VALUES = INCOMES = OPERATING COSTS = PRIVATE SECTOR CAPITAL INVESTMENT = ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT = COMPETITIVENESS

Residents

OLO anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 would have overall negative impacts on County residents in terms of the Council's priority economic indicators.

Resident MCFRS Employees

The Bill would primarily benefit current and future MCFRS employees. By adjusting COLA and increasing the pension amount for certain Group G members, MCFRS personnel who participate in the Montgomery County Employees' Retirement System would receive an increase in the actuarial value of income during their future retirement.

Importantly, the Bill's impacts to County residents (as well as businesses) largely would depend on how many affected MCFRS employees *reside within the County*. Data provided by the Office of Human Resources (OHR) on the residence of *active* and *retired* County employees as of May 2022 indicate that far fewer MCFRS employees who would reside within the County during retirement would benefit from the pension increase than those who would reside outside the County. As shown in **Table 2**, 19% of active MCFRS personnel reside in the County. MCFRS personnel are an extreme outlier in this way, as 60% of non-MCFRS employees reside in the County.

Given the region's comparatively high rates of senior net migration losses due largely to lack of affordability,⁵ it is unsurprising that fewer current pension recipients reside locally than active MCFRS employees. In fact, 15% of retired MCFRS employees and beneficiaries (e.g., surviving spouse) who participate in the Employee's Retirement System currently live in the County. See **Table 2**.

Thus, OLO anticipates the pension increases would positively impact a minor segment of County residents.

	Montgomery, MD	Other Jurisdictions
Active MCFRS Employees	242	1,004
	19%	81%
Retired MCFRS Employees and Beneficiaries	76	516
	15%	85%

Table 2. Place of Residence for Active and Retired MCFRS Employees as of May 2022

Data Source: Office of Human Resources

3

⁵ See, for example, Ostrowski, "<u>Best and Worst States for Retirement 2022</u>"; and Frey, "<u>How migration of millennials and seniors has</u> <u>shifted</u>."

Capital Outflow

While County-based MCFRS retirees would benefit from the Bill, OLO believes its overall economic impact on residents would be negative because it likely would result in a significant capital outflow in the form of government revenue flowing out of the County to nonresident households.

Table 3 presents estimates of the amount of County contributions that would go towards resident and nonresident pension earnings, based on the Bill's estimated fiscal impact estimates and rates of residence among retired MCFRS employees. (See Tables 1 and 2.) As shown below, OLO estimates that the pension increase would be \$3 million for residents and \$17 million for nonresidents over the next six fiscal years.

	County	Residents	Nonresidents	
	Contributions	15%	85%	Difference
FY2024	\$2,600,570	\$390,086	\$2,210,485	(\$1,820,399)
FY2025	\$3,301,784	\$495 <i>,</i> 268	\$2,806,516	(\$2,311,249)
FY2026	\$3,400,836	\$510,125	\$2,890,711	(\$2,380,585)
FY2027	\$3,502,862	\$525,429	\$2,977,433	(\$2,452,003)
FY2028	\$3,607,948	\$541,192	\$3,066,756	(\$2,525,564)
FY2029	\$3,607,948	\$541,192	\$3,066,756	(\$2,525,564)
Six-Year Total	\$20,021,948	\$3,003,292	\$17,018,656	(\$14,015,364)

Table 3. County Contributions by Residence

Data Sources: Office of Management and Budget; Office of Human Resources

In sum, the Bill would increase pension earnings for certain MCFRS retirees who would reside in the County during retirement. However, given the magnitude of the capital outflow, the Bill would result in forgone economic activity that would negatively impact residents in terms of the Council's priority economic indicators.

Businesses, Non-Profits, Other Private Organizations

OLO anticipates enacting Expedited Bill 21-23 would have mixed, yet overall negative, impacts on private organizations in the County. Higher pension payments to residents likely would increase household spending on goods and services, benefiting certain County-based businesses. However, as indicated in **Table 3**, the Bill would result in significant capital outflows, which would result in forgone economic activity that would negatively impact private organizations in terms of the Council's priority economic indicators.

Net Impact

In sum, based on the low rates of County residence among currently retired and active MCFRS employees, Expedited Bill 21-23 likely would generate significant capital outflows in the form of government revenue used to fund pension increases for the majority of retired MCFRS employees who would reside outside the County. Capital outflows would result in forgone economic activity that would negatively impact residents and private organizations in terms of the Council's

Montgomery County (MD) Council

priority economic indicators. Moreover, if rates of County residence among MCFRS retirees continue, capital outflows caused by the change in the pension plan would occur indefinitely. OLO sees no indication current residence patterns among MCFRS employees and retirees will drastically change. Therefore, OLO believes the negative impacts of the Bill would be significant in the long term.

DISCUSSION ITEMS

Not applicable

WORKS CITED

Montgomery County Code. Sec. 2-81B, Economic Impact Statements.

- Montgomery Council. Introduction Staff Report for Expedited Bill 21-23, Fire and Rescue Services Credited Service for Group G Members. Introduced on April 11, 2023.
- <u>Summary Description for Sworn Fire Personnel in Retirement Group G</u>. August 2021. Montgomery County Employee Retirement Plans.

CAVEATS

Two caveats to the economic analysis performed here should be noted. First, predicting the economic impacts of legislation is a challenging analytical endeavor due to data limitations, the multitude of causes of economic outcomes, economic shocks, uncertainty, and other factors. Second, the analysis performed here is intended to *inform* the legislative process, not determine whether the Council should enact legislation. Thus, any conclusion made in this statement does <u>not</u> represent OLO's endorsement of, or objection to, the Bill under consideration.

AUTHOR

Stephen Roblin (OLO) prepared this report.

Climate Assessment

Office of Legislative Oversight

ExpeditedFire and Rescue Services – Credited Service forBill 21-23:Group G Members

SUMMARY

The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Expedited Bill 21-23 will have no impact on the County's contribution to addressing climate change as it is proposing changes to retirement plans for certain County employees.

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE OF EXPEDITED BILL 21-23

The goal of Expedited Bill 21-23 is to implement provisions in the Collective Bargaining Agreement that were negotiated between the County Executive and the Montgomery County Career Fire Fighter Association, International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 1664, AFL-CIO (IAFF). The Bill seeks to do so by making changes to the County Code regarding retirement plans for Group G members who participate in the Montgomery County Employees' Retirement System. Eligible Group G members include personnel within the Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Services (MCFRS), namely full-time and career part-time paid firefighters, fire officers, and rescue service personnel.¹ If enacted, the Bill would make the following changes to the retirement plans:

- Adjust the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) provided to certain Group G members.
- Increase the pension amount for Group G members.
- Modify the sick leave benefit credit to correct an oversight in previous legislation submitted to the Council.²

The proposed changes would increase County expenditures by approximately \$2.6 million in FY24, increasing annually to \$3.6 million by FY29. Revenues would not be impacted.

Expedited Bill 21-23, Fire and Rescue Services – Credited Service for Group G Members was introduced by the Council President on behalf of the County Executive on April 11, 2023.

ANTICIPATED IMPACTS

As Expedited Bill 21-23 proposes changes to retirement plans for certain County employees, OLO anticipates it will have no impact on the County's contribution to addressing climate change, including the reduction and/or sequestration of greenhouse gas emissions, community resilience, and adaptative capacity.

RECOMMENDED AMENDMENTS

The Climate Assessment Act requires OLO to offer recommendations, such as amendments or other measures to mitigate any anticipated negative climate impacts.³ OLO does not offer recommendations or amendments as Expedited Bill 21-23 is likely to have no impact on the County's contribution to addressing climate change, including the reduction and/or sequestration of greenhouse gas emissions, community resilience, and adaptative capacity.

CAVEATS

OLO notes two caveats to this climate assessment. First, predicting the impacts of legislation upon climate change is a challenging analytical endeavor due to data limitations, uncertainty, and the broad, global nature of climate change. Second, the analysis performed here is intended to inform the legislative process, not determine whether the Council should enact legislation. Thus, any conclusion made in this statement does not represent OLO's endorsement of, or objection to, the bill under consideration.

PURPOSE OF CLIMATE ASSESSMENTS

The purpose of the Climate Assessments is to evaluate the anticipated impact of legislation on the County's contribution to addressing climate change. These climate assessments will provide the Council with a more thorough understanding of the potential climate impacts and implications of proposed legislation, at the County level. The scope of the Climate Assessments is limited to the County's contribution to addressing climate change, specifically upon the County's contribution to greenhouse gas emissions and how actions suggested by legislation could help improve the County's adaptative capacity to climate change, and therefore, increase community resilience.

While co-benefits such as health and cost savings may be discussed, the focus is on how proposed County bills may impact GHG emissions and community resilience.

CONTRIBUTIONS

OLO staffer Kaitlyn Simmons drafted this assessment.

¹ <u>Summary Description for Sworn Fire Personnel in Retirement Group G</u>.

² Introduction Staff Report for Expedited Bill 21-23.

³ Bill 3-22, Legislative Branch – Climate Assessments – Required, Montgomery County Council, Effective date October 24, 2022