

MD 355 FLASH Phase 2 Study Results

Briefing to the Montgomery County Council Transportation and Environment Committee



July 25, 2019

Agenda







Project Overview



- Identify the recommended alternative for BRT on MD 355
 - Bethesda to Clarksburg (22 miles)
- Supporting Documents
 - Countywide Transit Corridors Functional Master Plan (2013)
 - City of Rockville Bus Rapid Transit Town Center Integration Study (2015)
 - City of Gaithersburg MD 355 Bus Rapid Transit Study (2015)
 - MD 355 Conceptual Alternatives Report (2017)
 - Various small area master plans and other studies





Project Purpose



The purpose of the project is to provide a new transit service with greater travel speed and frequency along MD 355 between Bethesda and Clarksburg that will help accomplish the following:

- Enhance transit **connectivity** and multimodal **integration**
- Improve bus mobility
- Address current and future bus ridership demands
- Attract **new** riders and provide improved service for **existing** riders
- Support approved Master Planned growth
- Improve transit access to major employment and activity centers
- Achieve Master Planned non-auto driver modal share
- Provide a sustainable and costeffective transit service
- Improve safety for all





MD 355 BRT Project Process

We are here









Briefings and Community Input







Project Design Segments

	Segment	Geographic Description				
	7	Clarksburg to Middlebrook Road				
	6	Middlebrook Road to MD 124				
Gaithersburg	5	MD 124 to Summit Avenue				
	4	Summit Avenue to College Parkway				
Rockville	3	College Parkway to Dodge Street				
	2	Dodge Street to Grosvenor Metrorail				
	1	Grosvenor Metrorail to Bethesda Metrorail				



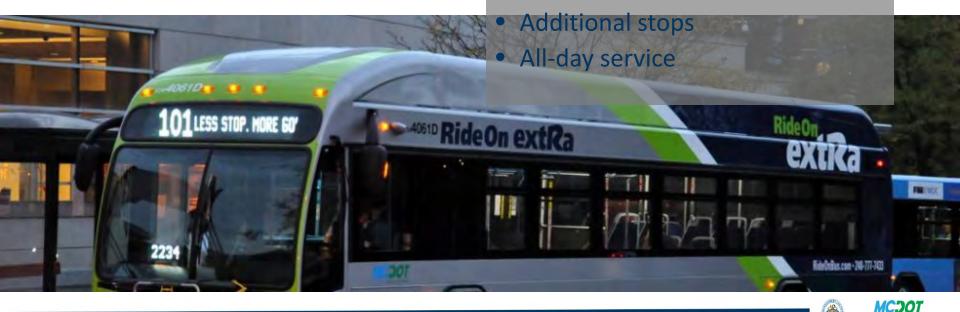


• Ride On extRa service, including Transit Signal Priority (TSP), implemented in October 2017

Transportation Systems Management (TSM) Alternative

FIDS

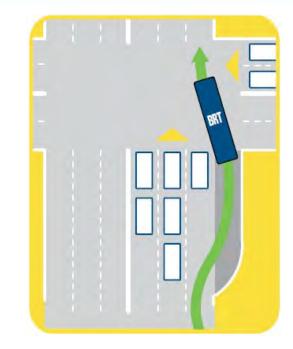
- Ride On extRa service extended to Bethesda to Clarksburg
- Extension of TSP





Queue Jump and Mixed Traffic Alternative (A)

- FLASH in mixed traffic
- Queue jumps (20)
- Additional TSP
- Upgraded stations
 - Off-board fare collection
 - Level boarding
- FLASH vehicles and branding

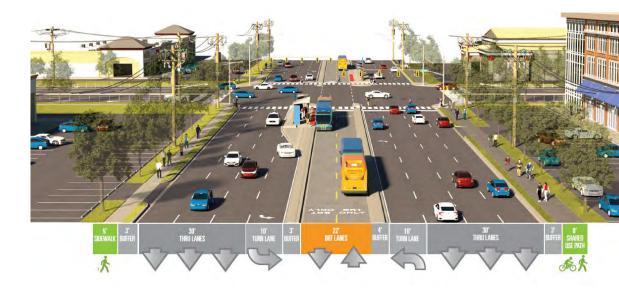






Median Alternative (B)

- FLASH in dedicated Median lanes where feasible
- Additional TSP
- Upgraded stations
 - Off-board fare collection
 - Level boarding
- FLASH vehicles and branding



Segment 1: BRT in mixed traffic

Segment 3: BRT in single, southbound median lane

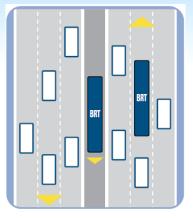
Segment 5: BRT in single, reversible median lane

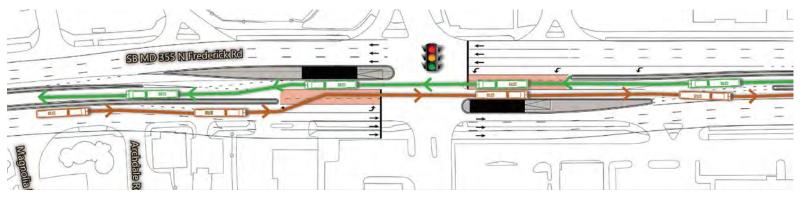




Median Alternative *Modified* (B Modified)

- FLASH in dedicated Median lanes where *feasible*
 - Single, reversible, peak direction dedicated lane north of Rockville (Segments 4-6)



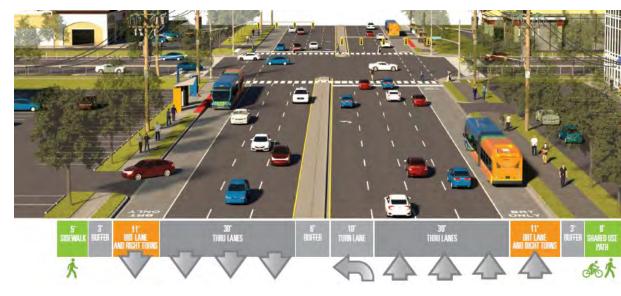






Curb Alternative (C)

- FLASH in dedicated Curb lanes where feasible
- Queue jumps
- Additional TSP
- Upgraded stations
 - Off-board fare collection
 - Level boarding
- FLASH vehicles and branding



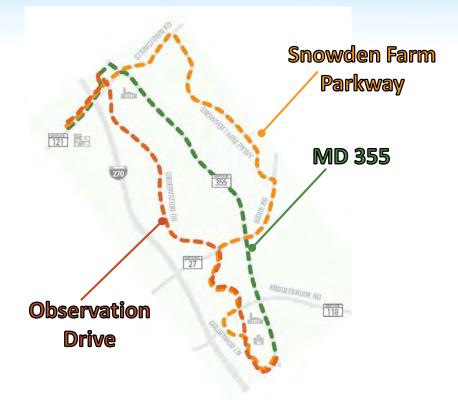
Segment 1: BRT in peak-direction curb lane Segment 3: BRT in single, southbound curb lane Segment 5: BRT in mixed traffic





MD 355 BRT Alignments

- Three different alignments studied for Segment 7 (Middlebrook Rd. to Clarksburg)
 - MD 355
 - Assumes future widening by MDOT SHA
 - Observation Drive
 - Assumes future extension by MCDOT
 - Snowden Farm Parkway
 - Only alignment that does not require extension or widening
 - Current "center" of Clarksburg









BRT Operations on **10** minutes MD 355

5 minutes

- There are four route patterns
 - Clarksburg to Montgomery College Rockville
 - Germantown to Montgomery College -Rockville
 - Lakeforest Transit Center to **Grosvenor Metro**
 - Montgomery College Rockville to Bethesda
- Each service pattern would operate every 10 minutes

10 minutes





STATION SCREENING PROCESS

Potential Stations

Multiple studies have identified potential locations.

Level 1 Screening

Does this location have the elements of a successful station?



Level 2 Screening

Would a station fit in this location and where should it be be sited?



STUDIES

- •Countywide Transit Corridor Functional Master Plan
- City of Gaithersburg MD 355 BRT Study
- Rockville BRT Town Center
 Integration Study
- MD 355 BRT Phase I Study

STAKEHOLDER SUGGESTIONS

- Corridor Advisory Committees
- Open Houses
- Agency Comments

RIDERSHIP

 Existing bus ridership and forecasted BRT ridership

LAND USE

• Existing land use and master planned development

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE CONNECTIONS

• Proximity to infrastructure, existing and planned

TRANSIT CONNECTIONS

 Proximity to other services, existing and planned

STREET NETWORK

• Signalization, volumes, crash data, stop spacing

GEOMETRY

 Adequate street design, horizontal curvature, vertical grades

SPACE CONSTRAINTS

• Sufficient roadway width and length for station (right of way)

TYPE OF STATION AND PLACEMENT

Median or curbside, stop spacing

TRANSIT CONNECTIONS

• Ability to accommodate transfers or layovers

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE CONNECTIONS

• Quality of infrastructure, existing and planned

STATION SELECTION



Proposed Station Locations between Middlebrook Rd. and Bethesda Metro



- Gunners Branch Road
- Professional Drive (infill)
 - Watkins Mill Road
 - Lakeforest Transit Center*
 - Lakeforest Boulevard
- Gaithersburg
- Chestnut Street/Walker Avenue (infill)
- Cedar Avenue/Fulks Corner Avenue
- Education Boulevard
- S Westland Drive
 - Shady Grove Metro Station

- Indianola Drive (infill)
- Montgomery College -Rockville
- Dawson Avenue (infill)
- Rockville Rockville Metro Station
 - Mount Vernon Place
 - Edmonston Drive
 - Templeton Place (infill)
 - Halpine Road
 - Bou Avenue
 - White Flint Metro Station

- Security Lane
- Grosvenor Metro Station
- Pooks Hill (infill)
- Cedar Lane (infill)
- Medical Center
- Cordell Avenue
- Bethesda Metro Station (Future Second Entrance)



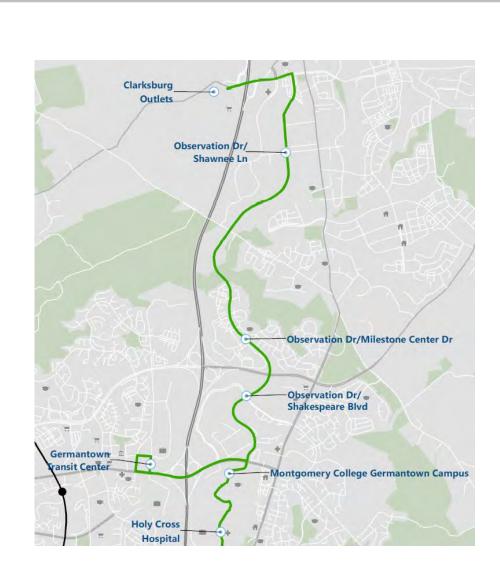
Proposed Station Locations in Segment 7 along MD 355

- Clarksburg Outlets
- Redgrave Place
- Foreman Boulevard
- Milestone Center
- Oxbridge Drive
- Germantown Transit Center



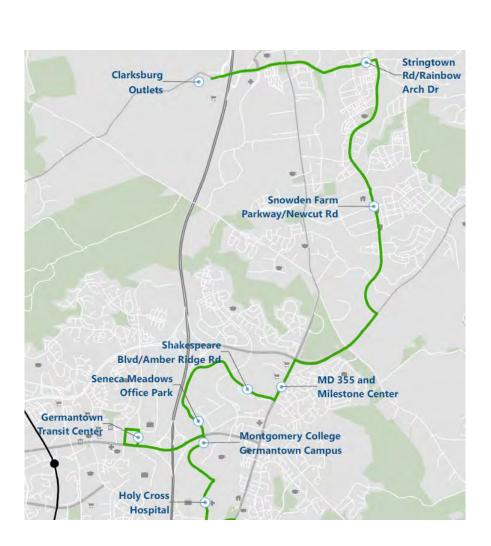
Proposed Station Locations in Segment 7 along Observation Drive

- Clarksburg Outlets
- Observation & Shawnee
- COMSAT (infill)
- Milestone Center Drive
- Milestone P&R
- Montgomery College Germantown
- Holy Cross Hospital
- Germantown Transit Center



Proposed Station Locations in Segment 7 along Snowden Farm Parkway

- Clarksburg Outlets
- Stringtown & Gateway (infill)
- Stringtown & Rainbow Arch
- Snowden Farm & Newcut
- Milestone Center
- Milestone P&R
- Seneca Meadows Office Park
- Montgomery College Germantown
- Holy Cross Hospital
- Germantown Transit Center



How Will The Alternatives Be Evaluated?

PROVIDE AN APPEALING, FUNCTIONAL, AND HIGH QUALITY TRANSIT SERVICE

- Reduce travel times
- Increase service reliability
- Increase ridership
- •Be a user-friendly route
- Complement Metrorail and local bus service

IMPROVE MOBILITY OPPORTUNITIES, ACCESSIBILITY, AND TRANSPORTATION CHOICES FOR ALL

- Improve access to jobs and other destinations
- Minimize traffic impacts and use roadway space efficiently
- Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities
- Improve service and increase transit options for everyone

SUPPORT MASTER PLAN DEVELOPMENT

GOALS

- Improve transit service to existing and planned developments
- Locate stations to support walkability

SUPPORT SUSTAINABLE AND COST-EFFECTIVE TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

FIA

- Minimize environmental, cultural, and property impacts
- •Use practical design to minimize capital and operating costs



Objective – Increase Transit Ridership



- All three build alternatives perform better than the TSM
- The Median alternative is <u>double</u> the No Build
- Minimal impact on Metrorail ridership

Weekday Bus Ridership (2040)



Local Bus BRT



Objective – Increase Transit Ridership



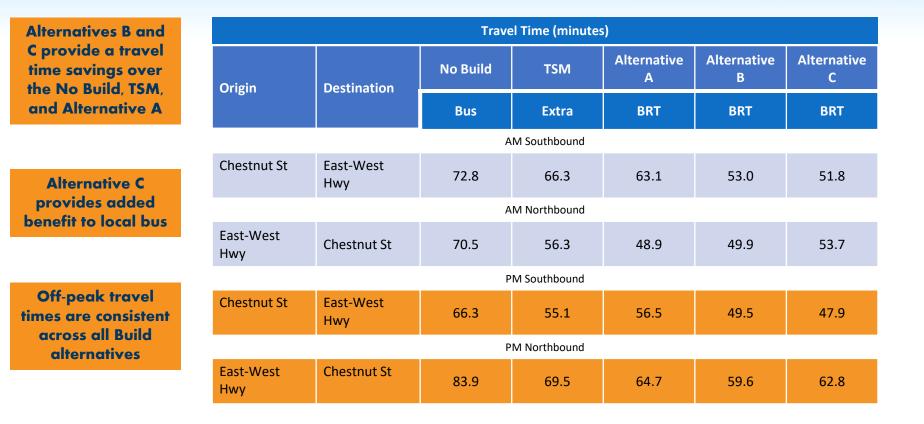
Over 50% of the daily riders occur during the off-peak

Approximately 9,000 new riders

Alternative A	Alternative B	Alternative C
Mixed Traffic	Median	Curb
7,737,600	9,282,000	8,262,800
ANNUAL BRT	= 150.000 Peak Riders	
RIDERSHIP	= 150,000 Off-Peak Riders	



Objective – Make bus trips faster and more competitive







MD 355 Reliability

- Along the MD 355 corridor, Metrobus and Ride On bus both suffer from service reliability
 - Metrobus on-time performance is 77.6% (goal of 79 percent)
 - Ride On on-time performance is 71-74% (goal of 90 percent)
- Reliability can be impacted by many factors
 - Traffic fluctuations
 - Bottlenecks
 - Traffic incidents (crashes, breakdowns, debris)
 - Work zones
 - Weather
 - Special events



Objective – Improve transit quality



Generally Alternative B (median) shows better reliability in "normal" conditions

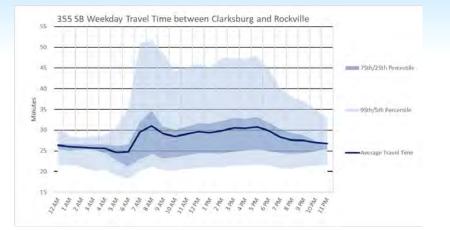
Percent of buses arriving between 7 and 13 minutes after the preceding bus (± 3 minutes headway variability)					
PM Peak Northbound					
	Alternative				
Route Pattern	Alternative	Alternative	Alternative		
	А	В	С		
Grosvenor to Lakeforest	92%	87%	93%		
Montgomery College to Germantown	82%	94%	88%		
Montgomery College to Clarksburg	64%	96%	83%		

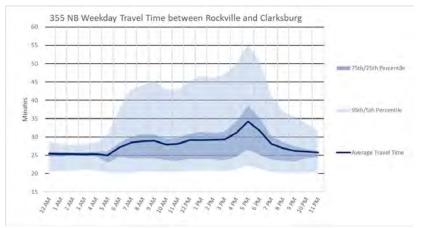
Traffic simulation does not model effects of traffic incidents or other nonrecurring congestion on the alternatives



MD 355 Reliability







Morning and evening commute can require 11 to 21 minutes additional "planning" time to arrive on time

Alternative B should perform more consistently in line with the average travel time due to its physical separation from traffic



Source: Inrix data for 2018

Objective – Make bus trips faster and more competitive



These figures <u>do</u> <u>not</u> account for nonrecurring congestion which would result in slower Auto travel time compared to Alternative B

Travel Time (minutes)						
Origin	Destination	No Build	TSM	Alternative A	Alternative B	Alternative C
		Auto	Extra	BRT	BRT	BRT
AM Southbound						
Middlebrook Rd	Tuckerman Ln	47.0	74.2	73.3	60.1	58.9
AM Northbound						
Tuckerman Ln	Middlebrook Rd	35.4	68.2	60.7	60.5	59.7
PM Southbound						
Middlebrook Rd	Tuckerman Ln	42.7	68.4	67.0	58.1	56.8
PM Northbound						
Tuckerman Ln	Middlebrook Rd	56.9	80.5	74.8	63.5	69.1



FIA



Objective – Improve access

- All Build Alternatives increase accessibility to high frequency transit for key demographic groups along the corridor
- Improvements in travel speed result in greater access (travelshed) for transit users coming from the corridor as well as traveling to the corridor







Objective – Balance the mobility needs of all users



- Most alternatives show an **increase** in miles of LOS E/F
 - Increases associated with changes such as TSP, queue jumps, and phase changes
- Average person delay only increases a small amount (half a minute or less) compared to the No Build for each alternative
- AM Peak Intersection LOS remains relatively unchanged compared to the No Build except for Alternative B
- PM Peak intersection LOS degrades for Alternatives B and C
 - Total intersection delay 个 between 4-6 minutes across 77 intersections
- All Alternatives experienced some localized reductions in delay
- Further refinement may address impacts



Objective – Minimize environmental impacts

- Build alternatives results in greater reductions in CO₂ equivalent emissions
- Build alternatives have no impact on Streams of Forests
- Build alternatives have minimal (less than 1 acre) impact on Wetlands, Parks, and Floodplains
- Additional assessment required to determine impacts on Architectural and Archeological sites





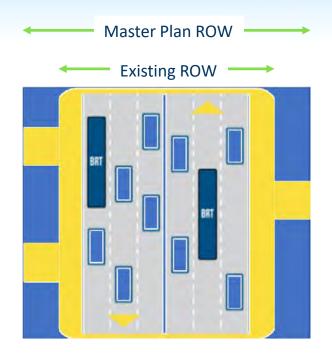






Objective – Minimize impacts FLAS to private and public property

- The conceptual design fits within the Master Plan right of way
 - Much of this right of way is not currently available
- As properties come before the up for development/redevelopment the Master Plan ROW can be acquired
 - Relying on this process to acquire all the ROW could take decades







Objective – Minimize impacts FLAS to private and public property

- Conceptual design has sought to reduce the right of way needs as much as possible at this early stage of design
 - Reducing buffers, where necessary
 - Reducing lane widths
 - Including retaining walls
- Work will continue to reduce right of way needs as design advances

- All alternatives require some degree of right of way beyond what currently exists in *certain* locations
- Most of the right of way needs are partial and along the roadway frontage of properties along MD 355
 - Alternative B 61 acres
 - Alternative B Modified 54 acres
 - Alternative C 39 acres
 - Alternative A 13 acres
 - TSM less than 1 acre



Objective – Minimize the cost FLA of transportation services



- BRT alternatives have a range of costs based on the infrastructure investment and the location along the corridor
- Costs are comparably low to other major regional transportation projects
 - MD 355 BRT \$7M to \$36M per mile
 - Purple Line \$163M per mile
 - Silver Line \$248M per mile
 - 1495/1270 Managed Lanes \$200M per mile



Objective – Minimize the cost FLA of transportation services



- Annualized Cost per Rider supports the Build alternatives
- Alternatives B and C produce higher benefits (travel time savings and ridership)
- Right of way costs are a major contributor
 - Master plan right of way not available in most areas
 - Design efforts will continue to reduce right of way needs
 - Efforts will continue to work with development proposals to dedicate the appropriate right of way which can reduce project costs





Objective – Minimize the cost FLASH of transportation services

Estimated Capital Costs						
Segment	Length (miles)	TSM	Alternative A	Alternative B	Alternative B <i>Mod.</i>	Alternative C
1 – Bethesda	3.31	\$0.7M	\$18M	\$19M	\$19M	\$37M
2 – White Flint	4.15	\$0.9M	\$50M	\$346M	\$346M	\$190M
3 – Rockville	1.76	\$0.2M	\$11M	\$92M	\$92M	\$65M
4 – Shady Grove	3.18	\$0.3M	\$26M	\$170M	\$141M	\$123M
5 – Gaithersburg	3.14	\$0.5M	\$9M	\$86M	\$80M	\$10M
6 – Germantown	2.26	\$1M	\$9M	\$121M	\$91M	\$59M
7 - Clarksburg	Varies	\$2M	\$19M	\$15M	\$15M	\$13M
Vehicles	N/A	\$10M	\$43M	\$37M	\$37M	\$37M
Total		\$15.6M	\$185M	\$886M	\$821M	\$534M



Objective – Minimize the cost FLAS of transportation services



* Annual BRT Riders are Ride On extRa riders in the TSM alternative



MD355 BRT Phase 2 Public Outreach

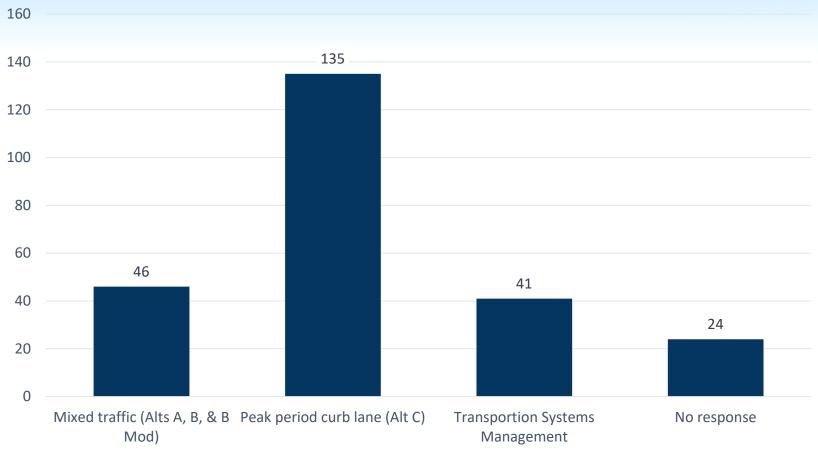


- Corridor Advisory Committee meetings (9)
- Stakeholder meetings with Rockville, Gaithersburg, M-NCPPC, MDOT, and WMATA (15)
- Briefings to the Mayor & Council of Rockville & Gaithersburg (3)
- Briefings to other interested groups (22)
- Open Houses (229 total attendees)
- Virtual Open House (71 visits)
- Community Survey (246 responses)



Which alternative do you prefer in Segment 1? (Bethesda Metro – Grosvenor Metro)





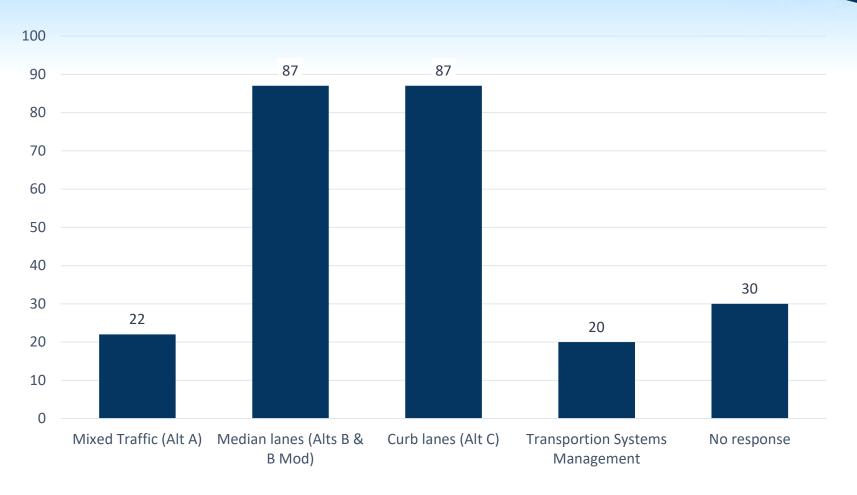
Additional comments: There should be dedicated lanes in this segment



Which alternative do you prefer in Segment 2?



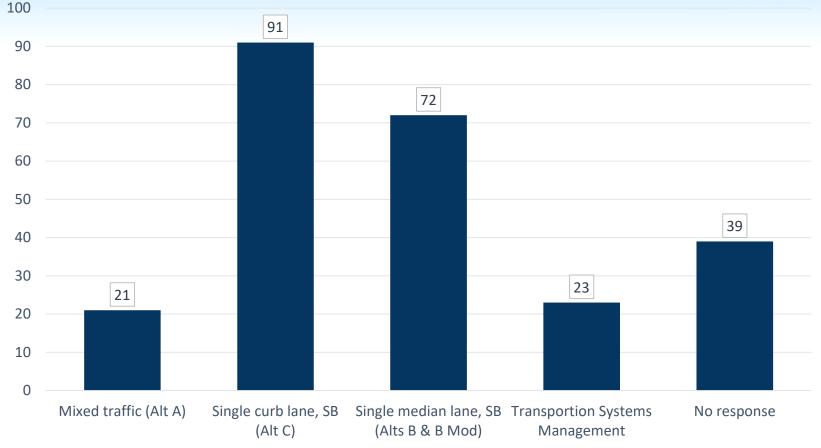
(Grosvenor Metro to Dodge Street)





Which alternative do you prefer in Segment 3? (Dodge Street to College Parkway)



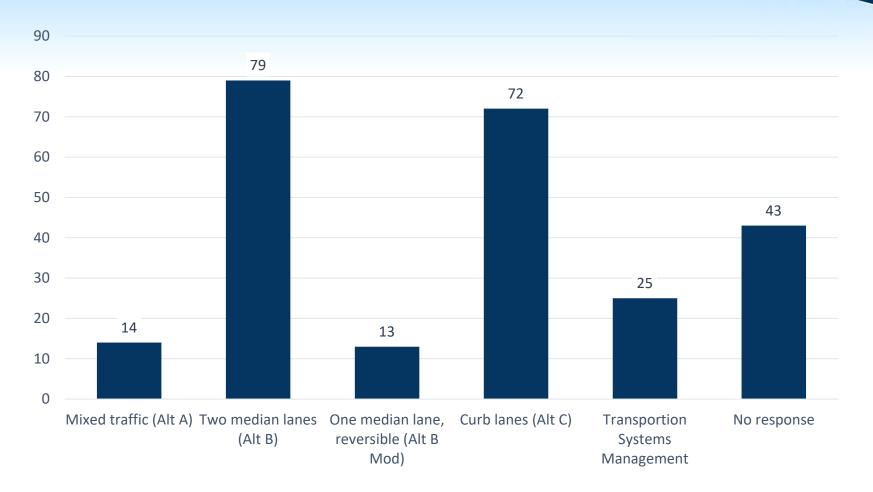


Additional comments: Would be good to have dedicated lanes in both directions

Which alternative do you prefer in Segments 4 and 6?

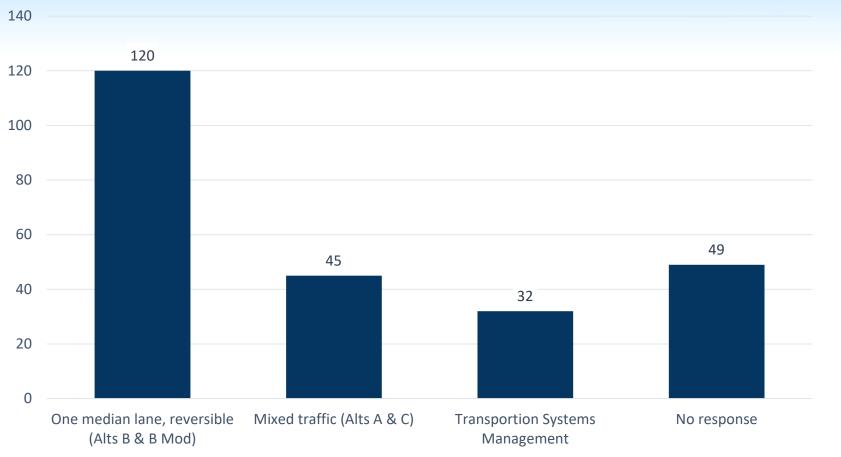


(College Parkway to Summit Avenue & MD 124 to Middlebrook Road)





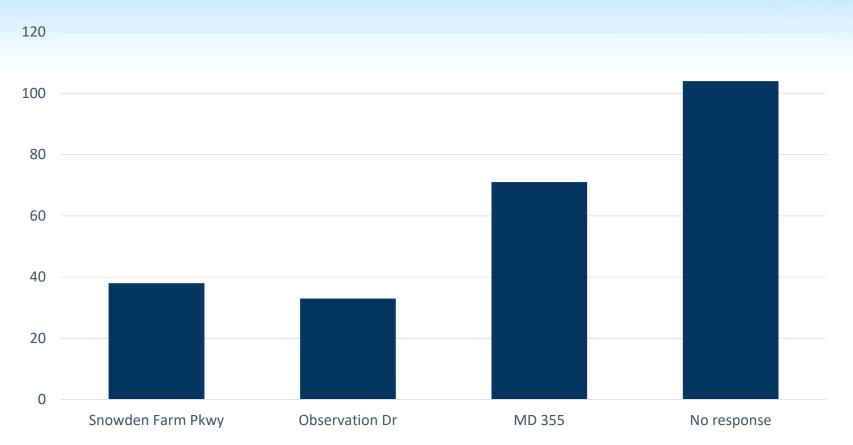
Which alternative do you prefer in Segment 5? (Summit Avenue to MD 124)



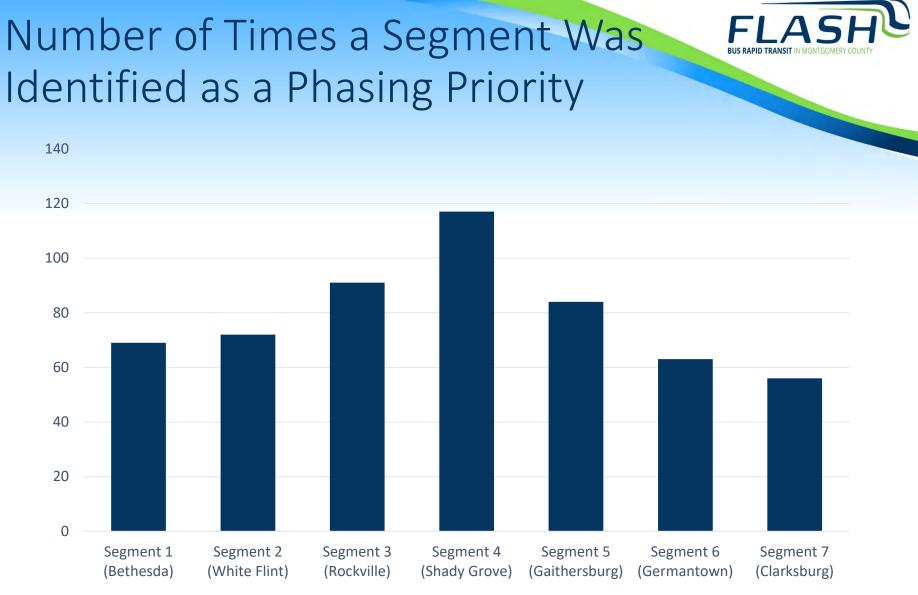
Additional comments: Would be good to have dedicated lanes in both directions



Which route would you like the BRT to take in the Clarksburg area?

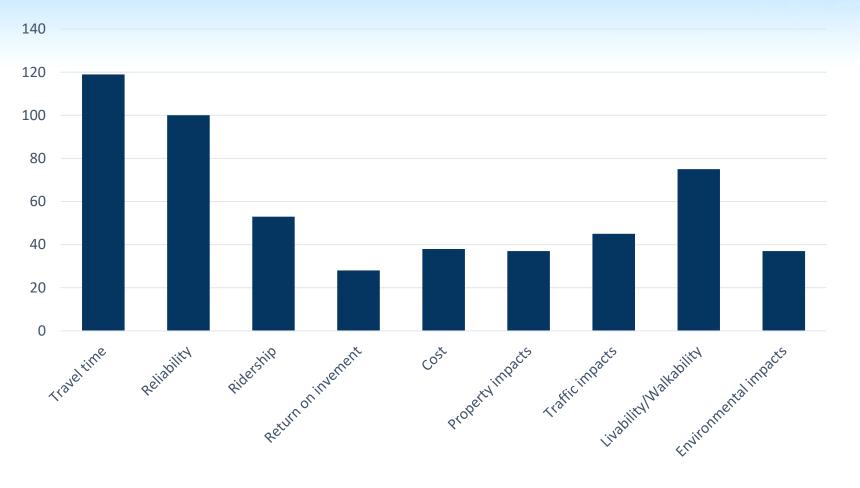


Additional comments: Route should be selected based on where people are, and BRT should be in dedicated lanes



Additional comments: Focus on the north, there is a lack of transit options and the south already had Metrorail

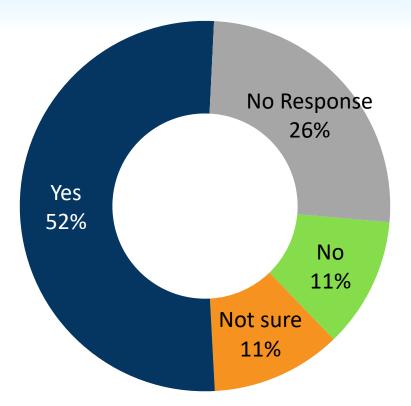
In thinking about BRT on MD 355, which factors matter most to you? (Select your top three priorities)





Do you think BRT on MD 355 would have a positive impact on your community?









Other Community Feedback

- Numerous emails/letters from the Crest of Wickford community regarding ROW needs, not opposed to the project
- Project needs dedicated lanes
- Concerns voiced about property/business and traffic impacts
- Various comments about overlap with Metro in the south, "makes sense in the north" and service is needed in the north
- Comments from the White Flint "community" that BRT is needed to achieve the vision
- Can we look at repurposing lanes to minimize impacts?
- Comments supporting BRT as a part of addressing the climate goals and supporting smart growth





Planning Board Feedback

- 1. Advance Alternative B, Median Transitway
- 2. Consider increasing two-lane median transitways, especially south of Shady Grove Metro & include dedicated transit lanes in Bethesda
- Advance preliminary engineering for the Veirs Mill Road BRT & MD 355 BRT concurrently
- Prioritize construction of Veirs Mill Rd BRT and MD 355 BRT from Clarksburg to Rockville Metro (with spur to Germantown) & consider finer grained phasing south of Rockville
- 5. Proceed with the Snowden Farm Parkway alignment in Segment 7



Planning Board Feedback continued



- 6. Concur with the recommended station locations and phasing
- 7. Conduct additional traffic evaluation and mitigation to determine feasibility of converting general purpose traffic lanes to transit only lanes
- 8. Develop and implement interim improvements to Rockville Pike in White Flint to spur redevelopment and property dedication
- 9. Identify a transit service plan for BRT along MD 355 that integrates local bus service



City of Rockville Feedback



- Mayor and Council support Alternative B
- Urge the County to fund the next phase of design in the FY20 budget year
- Encourage allocation of funds to implement Veirs Mill Road BRT in the FY20 budget year
- If ROW needs are too great north of College Parkway, would support reduction to a single lane



City of Gaithersburg Feedback



- Mayor and Council support Alternative C
- Urge the County to fund the next phase of design in the FY20 budget year





Questions

