

# Montgomery County Fire and Rescue Service Division of Operations Emergency Medical and Integrated Healthcare Services

Office of Medical Oversight Clinical Practice Guideline

# Vasopressor Infusions CPG Attachment A: Epinephrine

<u>Epinephrine</u> is a versatile and effective medication for various indications as it is a non-specific catecholamine with large Beta-1 (cardiac output), Beta-2 (bronchodilation), and moderate Alpha-1 (vasoconstriction) effects. It is particularly effective in the treatment of anaphylaxis, bradycardia, and it is indicated for pediatric shock patients.

Indication: Adult Anaphylactic Shock

Patient Population: Patients 18 years and older or 50 kg bodyweight or greater

Goals of therapy (consistent with guidelines in the Maryland Medical Protocol Allergic Reaction: Anaphylaxis-Adult):

To maintain a SBP between 90-140 or MAP between 65-90 mmHg

### **General Procedure:**

- 1. Reconstitute 1 mg epinephrine 1:1,000 concentration into 100 mL of diluent.
- 2. The infusion must be administered via IV pump through the largest and most proximal IV/IO access available (IV preferred).
- 3. Initiate the infusion at 10 mcg/min.
- 4. Repeat blood pressures every 2 minutes and titrate the infusion rate in 10 mcg/min increments based on these criteria:
  - a. If SBP/MAP is lower than the goal, increase by 10 mcg/min.
  - b. If SBP/MAP meets the goal, maintain the infusion rate.
  - c. If SBP/MAP is above the goal, decrease by 10 mcg/min.
- 5. The minimum dose is 10 mcg/min.
- 6. The maximum dose is 50 mcg/min.

**Indication:** Adult Bradycardia

Patient Population: Patients 18 years and older

Goals of therapy (consistent with guidelines in the Maryland Medical Protocol Adult Bradycardia Algorithm):

To maintain a pulse between 60-100 beats per minute



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## **General Procedure:**

- 1. Reconstitute 1 mg epinephrine 1:1,000 concentration into 100 mL of diluent.
- 2. Place the patient on continuous ECG monitoring and consider placement of defibrillator pads.
- 3. The infusion must be administered via IV pump through the largest and most proximal IV/IO access available (IV preferred).
- 4. Initiate the infusion at 2 mcg/min.
- 5. Monitor the heart rate using ECG and manual palpation every 2 minutes.
  - a. If the rate is below 60 bpm, increase by 2 mcg/min.
  - b. If the rate is between 60-100 bpm, maintain the infusion rate.
  - c. If the rate is above 100 bpm, decrease by 2 mcg/min.
- 6. The minimum dose is 2 mcg/min.
- 7. The maximum dose is 10 mcg/min.

### Indication: Pediatric shock

**Patient Population:** Patients under 18 years old and <50 kg. For patients under 18 and >50 kg use adult dosing starting at 10 mcg/min.

# Goals of therapy (consistent with guidelines in the Maryland Medical Protocol Shock: Hypoperfusion-Pediatric):

- Patients Under 10 years of age: SBP 70 + (2 x Age) to 120 + (2 x Age) OR SBP order by pediatric base station
- Patients 10-17 years of age: SBP 90-140 mmHg

## **General Procedure:**

- 1. Reconstitute 1 mg epinephrine 1:1,000 concentration into 100 mL of diluent.
- 2. The infusion must be administered via IV pump through the largest and most proximal IV/IO access available (IV preferred).
- Initiate the infusion at 0.1 mcg/kg/min.
- 4. Repeat blood pressures every 2 minutes and titrate the infusion rate in 0.1 mcg/kg/min increments based on these criteria:
  - a. If SBP is lower than the goal, increase by 0.1 mcg/kg/min.
  - b. If SBP meets the goal, maintain the infusion rate.
  - c. If SBP is above the goal, decrease by 0.1 mcg/kg/min.
- 5. The minimum dose is 0.1 mcg/kg/min.
- 6. The maximum dose is 0.5 mcg/kg/min.